The New-York Times.

VOL. XVI......NO. 4744. NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1866. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

Advices to Dec. 7 by Ocean Telegraph.

Excitement Among the Irish Population in England.

Final Preparations for the Evacuation of Rome.

Rumored Retirement of M. Moustier from the French Cabinet.

Probable Intervention in the Affairs of Candia.

France to Remonstrate Against Greek Intrigues in the East.

THE FENIANS.

Fenian Organizations in England.

LONDON, Friday, Dec. 7—Morning.

The *Post* demands of the Government a rigid investigation into the Fenian organizations in England.

The Military Depots in Liverpool placed under Guard.

LIVERPOOL, Friday, Dec. 7.

All the depots of arms in this city have been placed under armed guards. The excited state of feeling among the Irish population renders these precautions necessary.

The Fenians in Ireland—Proceedings of the Orangemen.

DUBLIN, Friday, Dec. 7.

The purposes and proceedings of the Fenians in this island monopolise the attention of the Irish Government.

The Grand Lodge of Orangemen have held a meeting and issued an earnest call for all the members of their Order to support the Government in its endeavors to keep the peace.

ROME.

The French Officers Take Formal Leave of the Pope.

ROME, Friday, Dec. 7.

The officers of the French regiments which have not yet left this city took formal leave of the Pope at the Vatican yesterday.

The Pope and the Fenians.

LONDON, Friday, Dec. 7.

The official journal of Rome denies that the Pope ever told the United States Minister here that it would be better for the Canadas to be annexed to the United States than fall into the hands of the Fenians.

FRANCE.

Rumored Change in the French Cabinet.

PARIS, Friday, Dec. 7.

There is a rumor current that Moustier will soon resign his position in the Cabinet of the Emperor.

The French Transports Ready to Sail for Mexico.

PARIS, Friday, Dec. 7.

The large fleet of French war-vessels and transports is now ready to sail for Mexico.

HUNGARY.

The Address to the Emperor of Austria.

PESTH, Friday, Dec. 7.

The Hungarian Diet has agreed to the address to the Emperor of Austria, proposed by M. Deak, the leader of the Hungarian party.

CANDIA.

Rumors of Intervention by Russia, France and England.

LONDON, Friday, Dec. 7.

There is a rumor circulating to-day on the Continent that the Czar of Russia has invited France and England to take some measures by which the three Governments may arrive at a mutual understanding in regard to affairs in the Island of Candia.

France Addresses a Remonstrance to the Greek Government.

PARIS, Friday' Dec. 7—P. M.

It is said that France will send a note couched in strong terms to the Government at Athens to put a stop to its intrigues in the East, and especially in the Island of Candia.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

London Money Market.

OPENING PRICES.

LONDON, Friday, Dec. 7.

United States Five-twenties, under the fall of gold in New-York, open firm this morning at 71. The issue of 1865 is also held firm at 69¾@69⅞.

Railroad shares are but little changed. Illinois Central shares are a little firmer, with sales at 77¼.

LONDON, Friday, Dec. 7—Noon.

The Money Market is quiet and steady. Consols maintain the quotations of yesterday, and are quoted for money at 88¼, ex-dividend, and at 88⅜ for account.

The following are the opening rates of United States securities.

Erie Shares	47
Illinois Central	77¼
United States Five-Twenties	71

CLOSING PRICES.

LONDON, Friday, Dec. 7—Evening.

Consols closed this afternoon at 88¼ for money.

American Securities closed to-day at the following quotations:

United States Five-twenties	71
Illinois Central Shares	77¼
Erie Railway Shares	46½

Liverpool Markets.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL, Friday, Dec. 7.

The Cotton market closes generally unchanged, on the week, though some authorities quote a slight decline, and place Middling Uplands at 13⅞d.@14d. The business of the week ending last (Thursday) evening is stated to be 65,000 bales, while that for to-day is estimated at 10,000.

LIVERPOOL, Friday, Dec. 7—Noon.

The sales of Cotton for the week, as reported by the Broker's Circular, have aggregated 66,000 bales. The market has been generally dull and quiet. To-day, however, a decline of ⅛d. is noted, and the opening prices of Middling Uplands are 13¾d. The sales to-day promise to reach 10,000 bales.

OTHER MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, Friday, Dec. 7.

At the Corn market to-day a very small business was done, and prices generally ruled steady.

Spirits of Turpentine again show a slight decline on American.

Provisions exhibit no new feature. The demand for all descriptions is moderate, and prices remain nominally the same.

LATEST MARKET REPORTS.

LIVERPOOL, Friday, Dec. 7—Evening.

The Breadstuffs market closed flat. Corn was last quoted at 39s. 3d.

The Provision market has been inactive all day, and closed dull.

OUR PARIS CORRESPONDENCE.

Uneasiness About the Mexican Policy of the United States—The Emperor and the Prince Napoleon—The Rupture Between the Emperor and Mr. Drouyn De Lhuys—Curious Incident at a Theatre.

PARIS, Tuesday, Nov. 20, 1866.

The same uneasiness continues as to what next year is to bring forth. One day we have the assertion that Russia is arming and calling home all her officers, the next day our semi-official papers deny it, and so we do not know what to believe. Russia is such a sealed book for the rest of Europe that newspapers may publish what they please about her and there is no one to contradict it. You may in fact know more in America about what Russia is doing, or going to do, than we do. But we see constantly in the Government papers that "France must be ready for all eventualities," and that "if France would consult her own safety she must increase her army and her army budget." The spirit of war is abroad among the Governments, more than among the people, and as Europe was never governed by a more absolute and self-willed lot of sovereigns than at present, the signs of the times all point to war.

The public are looking for the renomination of the Prince Napoleon to the post of President of the Exhibition. The Prince is now at Compiegne with the Emperor, and a good understanding seems once more to reign in the Imperial family. How the reconciliation was brought about no one knows. It was generally believed that the Prince would never cede the point till the Emperor had made an apology as public as the offence had been. But the Prince was probably made to admit that an Emperor could not apologize in public, and so he consented to a private apology. Of course this is mere surmise. The essential point is that the reconciliation has taken place, and that we are likely to have the Prince back in a place where he is much needed, and where everybody wants to see him.

The rupture between the Emperor and M. Drouyn de Lhuys appears to have been widened lately and rendered probably definitive. The real cause of this able Minister's abrupt evacuation of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs appears to be this: After the close of the war M. Drouyn de Lhuys, of course, not without the consent of the Emperor, made a demand on M. de Bismarck for a rectification of frontiers—that is, he demanded the little but important territory of Sarrelouis and something more of less importance. The Count de Bismarck instructed his Minister at Paris, the Count de Goltz, to go to M. Drouyn de Lhuys and tell him that it was impossible to accord what he had asked. When this message was delivered M. Drouyn de Lhuys, speaking for himself, and, as he believed, for the Emperor also, reaffirmed his demand in a more peremptory and positive manner. Count de Goltz, of course, again refused, and leaving the Foreign office, went straight to the Tuileries to see the Emperor in person. He was fortunate enough to obtain an interview, and in a long, argumentative discussion, he convinced the Emperor that Prussia could not, under the circumstances, concede the point, without losing all the moral ground she had gained in Germany. The Emperor yielded, and when M. Drouyn de Lhuys heard of it, he said he would no longer hold a position in which he was discomfited thus behind his back, and resigned at once. Later on, when the French Ambassador at Berlin, M. Benedetti, received the Order of the Eagle from the King of Prussia, M. Drouyn de Lhuys, who by this time, the reader will see, is a strong Anti-Prussian, declared that "the French Ambassador had received the Prussian Eagle for having lowered the Eagle of France!"—a remark which seems to have been carried to the Emperor, and to have served as a finishing stroke to the rupture between the parties.

A curious incident, for Paris, happened the other evening at the Italian opera, during the performance of "Crispino," in which Adelina Patti has had such an immense success. Just as the curtain was going up for the second act, high words of dispute between two gentlemen were heard in the orchestra stalls, the two gentlemen were seen to go out together, and as soon as they arrived in the lobby, the discharge of a pistol was heard. The curtain was lowered, and the greatest confusion prevailed for a moment in the house. The parties were taken before a magistrate, and there it was found that the one who had fired the pistol, and fortunately done no harm, was a Mexican, and the other a gentleman from Havre, in France. They had quarreled about the artistic merits of La Patti, and the Mexican, to "give force to his argument," had used his revolver. After explaining the case to the magistrate, the Mexican said: "I have told your Excellency the whole truth about it, and now, if your Excellency pleases, I will retire." "His Excellency" was not a little astounded at this proposition, and informed the Mexican that "what you call, in America, *enforcing an argument*, we call, in France, an *attempt at assassination*, and that under such circumstances we send people to prison." The Mexican did not seize the distinction, and went off between two *gens d'armes* quite as much astonished at the Squire as the Squire was at him.

MALAKOFF.

CANADA.

Meeting of the Executive Council—Geological Specimens for the Paris Exhibition.

OTTAWA, C. W., Friday, Dec. 7.

Hon. Messrs. Campbell, Cockburn and Chapais left for Montreal last evening. The Executive Council will meet in that city.

It is understood that the Governor-General will be present at the meeting.

The weather for the past two days has been pleasant. All our steamers are going into Winter quarters.

MONTREAL, Friday, Dec. 7.

About ten tons of specimens from the Geological Department are to be sent this week to the Paris Exhibition, Drs. Hunter and Richardson in charge.

Sir William Logan will attend the Exhibition. Great efforts are being made to procure the best specimens of minerals, &c., that Canada can produce.

The Bank of Montreal, upon closing its Chicago Agency, is to make arrangements to afford the necessary facilities for the transaction of Canadian business there.

How John H. Surratt's Whereabouts were Discovered—He is Reported as Implicating Jefferson Davis in the Assassination of President Lincoln.

MONTREAL, Friday, Dec. 7.

The *Herald* publishes extracts from letters written by a citizen of Montreal, who served in the American army, and afterward was in the Papal service. When in the South, he became acquainted with John H. Surratt, whom he identified in Italy, serving in the Zouaves. This person informed the American Ambassador at Rome, who sent for instructions to Mr. Seward. In conversation, Surratt is reported to have said that the assassination of President Lincoln was planned at Richmond, and with the assent of Jeff. Davis. This informant against Surratt is now on his way to Washington.

Respite Granted the Condemned Fenians Until March 13—Movements of the Governor-General—Seventeen Thousand Rifles for the Fenians—Attempted Arson at Toronto—Accidentally Shot.

TORONTO, Friday, Dec. 7.

In the matter of the condemned Fenians the Sheriff to-day received instructions from Government to make no preparation for the execution, inasmuch as a respite is granted until the 13th of March next.

QUEBEC, C. E., Friday, Dec. 7.

Lord Monck and Sir Narcisse Belleau left last evening for Montreal.

The harbor is still open. Snowing fast.

MONTREAL, Friday, Dec. 7.

To-day's *Transcript* learns from a reliable source that from fifteen to seventeen thousand rifles were sold in this city on Fenian account, within a few days. Destination unknown.

TORONTO, Friday, Dec. 7.

Last night an attempt was made to blow up Beard's foundery, by placing a lighted lantern under a large barrel of coal oil, where it was found this morning, burnt out, the barrel being badly charred. The failure of the attempt was caused by the improper manner of placing the lampwick.

SWEETSBURGH, Friday, Dec. 7.

The military stationed here, having no Fenians to encounter, find difficulty in killing time. Some of them were fooling with their weapons in the barrack rooms this morning, when a Sergeant, not knowing that a charge had been left in his revolver, discharged it at a private named Watson. The ball hit Watson below the chin and lodged in his under jaw. It has since been extracted, and no danger is apprehended.

The volunteers had Spencer breech-loaders served out to them to-day, and were out drilling with them.

The Court was occupied all day with a larceny case.

Parliament Prorogued—Importation of Arms—The Executive Council in Session.

OTTAWA, Friday, Dec. 7.

The official *Gazette* contains a proclamation for the proroguing Parliament until Jan. 19.

The Commissioners of Customs publishes a circular setting forth that the time for the free admission of fire-arms having expired Nov. 30, the prohibition revives the arms and ammunition imported from foreign countries, and are to be detained and reported to the Department. A discount on the American invoices for the coming week is declared to be twenty-seven per cent.

MONTREAL, Friday, Dec. 7.

The Governor-General arrived this morning. The Executive Council convened at noon and sat five hours. His Excellency was present during the entire sitting. A large amount of departmental and other business was transacted.

Mr. Devlin's application for copies of documents required by the United States Government had not come up.

The Governor leaves for England on Tuesday, and as there are a great many important things to be discussed, a sitting on Sunday may be necessitated.

WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Friday, Dec. 7.

CONGRESS AND THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

The telegram to the effect that the Ways and Means Committee of the House were engaged in the framing of two important financial measures was rather premature. The Committee have not, as yet, taken up any measure for consideration, nor has any been proposed in definite shape.

A distinguished member of the Ways and Means was in conversation with the Secretary of the Treasury this morning, as was also a prominent member of the Senate Finance Committee, and the presumption is that the question of finance was under consideration. There can be no doubt, at least it is felt so here in financial circles, but that a majority of the Finance Committee of the Senate, and of the Ways and Means of the House, are disposed to side with Mr. McCulloch in such measures as he may be inclined to propose. Whether Congress will adopt them, however, is another matter.

RESPITE GRANTED THE FENIAN CONVICTS.

In the cases of the Fenian convicts in Canada who are sentenced to be executed on the 13th of December instant, and whose application for new trials have been refused, the Secretary of State thought it proper to ask an explanation of the purposes of the Canadian authorities. In reply, Sir Frederick Bruce writes that the sentence will not be carried into effect on that day, but will be reserved for further consideration.

ACTION OF THE ALABAMA LEGISLATURE ON THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

Your special correspondent at Montgomery, Ala., telegraphs to this Bureau the final action of the Alabama Legislature on the Constitutional Amendment, as follows: "The Legislature to-day rejected the Constitutional Amendment. The vote in the Senate was 27 to 2; in the House, 69 to 8. The Legislature adjourned to the 15th of January. Before adjournment notice was given in the House of a motion to reconsider the vote by which the Amendment was rejected."

THE QUESTION OF ADMITTING COLORADO AND NEBRASKA.

The Republican Senatorial caucus to-day had under consideration during their caucus the propositions to admit Colorado and Nebraska, and listened to arguments of the Senators elect of those States. Gov. Evans, of Colorado, submitted a petition from his constituents, urgently praying for admission, which will be formally presented in the Senate next Monday. The caucus was but slimly attended, owing to the absence of Senators from the city, and no final action was reached. No other matters of importance were considered.

THE VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE AND THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

Your special correspondent at Richmond telegraphs on the same subject the following action of the Virginia Legislature:

RICHMOND, Friday, Dec. 7.

In the State Senate, to-day, an effort was made to have the part of the Governor's Message treating of the Constitutional Amendment referred to a special committee, but the proposition was defeated by a vote of 14 to 10, and by the same vote the matter was referred to the Committee on Federal Relations. Their action is held as evidence that the Legislature does not intend any present action on the Amendment, but postponing it to the latter part of the session, will await developments at Washington.

THE SOUTHERN LOYALISTS' ASSOCIATION.

The Southern Loyalists' Association met to-night for consultation regarding the condition of the South and the duty of Congress. All the lately rebellious States were represented except Arkansas and North Carolina. Several different schemes of reconstruction were presented, and the discussion elicited by them shows that there is great difference of opinion among the members regarding some branches of the question. They expressed themselves unanimously in favor of universal suffrage applied to colored men and loyal whites; also the opinion that Congress would fail to do its duty if it hesitated to declare the existing State Governments in the South nullities, and demanding of Congress that it shall establish new Governments through the old Union men of the South. The Territorial theory being advanced, met considerable favor, and will probably be the basis of a bill recommended to Congress by the Association. Among other propositions submitted, was one providing that Congress shall appoint a Commission to prepare a Constitution for each of the Southern States, which, after approval by Congress, should be submitted to the people of the States. The general drift of the meeting seemed to be toward a new programme throughout, and a repudiation of all that has been done in the past.

VALUABLE IMPROVEMENTS IN REFINING GOLD AND SILVER.

In the annual report of the Director of the Mint, a complimentary reference is made to certain important improvements in the mode of parting gold and silver metal, and introduced by Andrew Mason, Esq., melter and refiner in the New-York Assay Office. The improvements are to be introduced into all the branch mints. These are of general interest to the refining establishment. It consists, first, in so adjusting the melts for granulation that the pure gold, instead of gold bullion, shall constitute one-third of the mixed metal, and secondly, in boiling the gold in strong sulphuric acid, after one treatment in nitric acid. The one charge of nitric acid is to be made larger than the first in the old process, but twenty per cent. less than the amount in both, while the consumption of fuel is greatly reduced, and much disagreeable labor removed. It is estimated that the saving in one year's business would amount to $70,000, rating the cost of mining in California at fifty per cent. greater than in New-York.

INDIANS TO BE SENT TO THE PARIS EXHIBITION.

It has been definitely settled that a large delegation from the Northwest tribes of Indians are to be sent as a contribution from the United States to the Exposition at Paris. The Indian Bureau and Col. Rowland, the Commissioner of the Northwestern States and Territories, have extended every facility in their collection. Mr. Henry C. Jarrett will take the management of the party. They will carry with them their various costumes, wigwams, war and agricultural implements, and will form the only contribution from the inland States to the tenth group within the limits of the Exposition. They will leave New-York about the 10th of March. The Imperial Commission has made the most urgent request, through Commissioner Beckwith, to our Government, that there should be such a presentation of our aborigines.

THE CASE OF CHARLES DUNHAM, INDICTED FOR PERJURY.

To-day Mr. H. C. Gooding filed the following demurrer to the indictment against Sanford Conover, *alias* Charles Dunham, for perjury in connection with the Lincoln assassination, "And the said Sanford Conover, *alias* Charles A. Dunham here, and having heard the said indictment read, saith that the first and second counts of the said indictment, and the matter therein contained, the manner and form as they above state and set forth, are not sufficient in law, and that he is not bound by the law, and that he is ready to verify; whereupon the said Sandford Conover prays judgments of the said Courts, and that he may be dismissed and discharged from the said premises in the said counts specified. It is possible that his demurrer will be argued in a few days.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE PARIS EXHIBITION.

The Cereal and Mineral representations of the States and Territories lying between the lakes and the Pacific, for the Paris Exposition, will be very complete. Wisconsin and Minnesota will furnish wheat which will fully equal the grains of Odessa. Idaho and Montana will supply full specimens of their precious metals. This representation has been secured through the efforts of Col. Rowland, the Commissioner to Paris of all the Northwestern States and Territories, who reached here this morning from an extended trip through the country he is to represent. This display of wealth is intended to produce a marked effect upon capital abroad, and a direct influence upon the emigrating masses of Europe.

SHORTENING OF THE RAILROAD TIME BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND NEW-ORLEANS.

The Presidents of the various railroad lines from Washington to New-Orleans, *via* Lynchburgh, Chattanooga and Grand Junction, have met in this city and perfected a schedule which shortens the time from New-York to New Orleans ninety-two miles. The great Southern mail will be ordered upon the line at once. The new schedule commences on Sunday next. After the first of January there will be two trains daily over the line.

THE MILITARY ROAD BETWEEN LAKE SUPERIOR AND GREEN BAY.

Under date of Nov. 19, 1866, the Governor of Wisconsin certified to the Secretary of the Interior, that twenty miles of the military wagon road from Fort Wilkins, Copper Harbor, Mich., to Fort Howard, Green Bay, Wis., for which a grant of land was made to the States by the act of March 3, 1863, to aid in its construction, has been completed, as required by law.

APPOINTMENTS AND REMOVALS.

A large number of Congressmen have gone out of town in consequence of the adjournment over until Monday next. Nevertheless, the White House and the departments have been pretty well besieged to-day. Many of them are looking after appointments in their respective districts, or rather the causes of removals made during the recess of Congress.

NATIONAL BANKS AS UNITED STATES DEPOSITARIES.

Numerous applications are being received every week by the Secretary of the Treasury from National Banks to be appointed United States depositaries. Mr. McCulloch refuses to designate any more of such agencies, as there are already as many Government depositaries as the public interest requires.

SALE OF PUBLIC LANDS.

Returns received at the General Land Office, from the local offices at Iowa and Michigan, show that 12,855 acres of the public lands were disposed of during October, 453 acres of which were taken for settlements under the Homestead Law. The sales for cash amounted to $13,196.

NAVAL.

Commander John Rodgers will leave Washington to-morrow to enter upon his duties as Commandant of the Boston Navy-yard.

THE REPORTED MOVEMENT OF GEN. SEDGWICK ACROSS THE RIO GRANDE.

No official information has been received at the headquarters of the army up to noon to-day of Gen. Sedgwick's crossing at Matamoras.

MARINE DISASTER.

Loss of the Steamship Suwanee—Further Particulars.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Friday, Dec. 7.

The steamship *Suwanee*, from New-York bound to Brazos de Santiago, with a cargo of arms and ammunition for the Republic of Mexico, foundered at sea on the morning of the 4th off Frying Pan Shoals. The Captain, passengers and crew took to the lifeboats a few minutes before the ship went down.

The following are the names of the saved:

J. W. Catherine, Captain, wife and two children; A. P. Smith, Second Assistant Engineer; James N. White, First Steward; W. N. Brooks and John Smith, seamen; James Gill and James Murphy, firemen; James Shay, coal passer, and another of the crew name unknown; Dr. Hadden, of Jersey City, Joseph Ferrier, Mexican Merchant, and Frank Badger, passengers. The following are missing: Robert Pickens, First Officer; Charles F. Fay, Second Officer; Henry Waplee, First Engineer; W. H. Crawford First Assistant Engineer; Henry Beastton, Second Steward; Wm. Brown and John Norman, seamen; George Kirke, oiler; Thomas Martin, coal passer; Hugh Simpson, fireman; F. R. Schultz, supercargo, and two cooks and two seamen, names unknown.

The *Suwanee* was owned by Messrs. Simons & Cary, of Philadelphia, and Elijah H. Catitell, of New-Jersey.

The steamship *C. W. Lord* encountered the same gale, on the morning of the 4th, and lay in a dangerous position for some time, while repairing her sails and steering-gear, but reached port without material damage.

Additional Account—Full Particulars—The Captain's Boat, Containing Fifteen Persons, Not Yet Heard From.

AUGUSTA, Friday, Dec. 7.

The following statement of the *Suwanee* disaster was furnished by the supercargo, Fred. Schultz:

The steamship *Suwanee*, Capt. J. W. Catharine, left New-York on the 27th November, bound to Brazos Santiago, with a heavy freight, the vessel being loaded down, with her guards under water. The weather was moderate until after passing Absecomb Light, when the wind set in fresh from the south and west, with a head sea. While standing down for Cape Henlopen, bound for Delaware Breakwater, the steamer struck on a shoal off Hersford Inlet. Finding it impossible to get her off without lightening, we threw overboard about 300 cases of heavy goods, when she floated. We then ran for the Breakwater and anchored. After taking in some freight, we put to sea on the 30th, with a strong westerly wind. Nothing occurred up to the night of the 3d of December. When off South Carolina coast, and running down for Cape Romain Light, a heavy gale set in from the south and east, the wind and sea increasing until at midnight it blew a hurricane. The ship labored heavily, and frequently fell off in the trough of the sea, and taking in water over her hurricane-deck. From this time up to 5 A. M., the water gained rapidly. The steam and hand-pumps were kept going, and efforts made to lighten her by throwing over the cargo. At 5 A. M. the water was within twelve inches of the fires, and the firemen up to their waists in water, trying to keep the fires going. At 6 o'clock, finding the ship must go down, we got out the boats and launched them safely, although the sea was running very heavy. All the ship's crew left her in safety, and about an hour after we saw her go down. After leaving, the boats, three in number, steered to north and west, the Captain's boat, containing 15 passengers, being ahead; the other two boats, in charge of the chief mate and first engineer, keeping company. About 9 A. M. we lost sight of the Captain's boat, and having no compass in either of our boats, we shaped our course by the sun, trying to make land. About meridian we made a sail to the eastward, and the first mate made a signal of distress, and both boats kept away for the friendly ship. It proved to be the brig *Potomac*, of Bucksport, Me., J. L. Snow, master, sixty hours from Charleston for Georgetown, S. C. Capt. Snow took us on board and did everything in his power to meet our necessities, none of us having anything but the clothes we wore. He landed us at Georgetown, S. C., and, under the providence of God, we are indebted to him for our lives. We are under a lasting obligation also to Capt. Davis, of the steamer *Fannie*, for a free passage to this port and his kindness to us while on board.

The following is a list of the ship's company:

In the Captain's Boat—J. W. Catharine, wife and two children; A. Smith, Second Assistant Engineer; William Hill, oiler; John Gill, fireman; J. Murphy, coalheaver; Thos. Shay, carpenter; Dr. Hadley, passenger; Senor Blank, passenger to Mexico; W. H. Brooks, seaman; Gilbert Smith, seaman; James Wise, steward; —— Frank, landsman—fifteen in all who have not been heard from.

Mate's Boat—Saved—Robert Pickins, first mate; Charles Fry, second mate; Janus Cultur, ship's cook; W. Brown, seaman; Thomas Duffy, mess-boy; Thomas Martin, coal-heaver; J. W. Adams, second cook.

Engineer's Boat—Saved—Henry Maples, Chief Engineer; W. H. Crawford, First Assistant Engineer; J. Fred. Schultz, Supercargo; George Kirk, oiler; Hugh Simpson, fireman; Thomas McGloughton, fireman; John Norman, seaman; Henry Berston, mess-boy.

FRANCE AND MEXICO.

M. Moustier's Reply to the Dispatch of Secretary Seward—The Intentions of France.

WASHINGTON, Friday, Dec. 7.

Mr. Bigelow's reply to Mr. Seward's cipher dispatch was received on Tuesday morning, and this is the whole of it, nearly:

"In answer to a verbal communication, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, M. Moustier, writes me today that France has not changed her resolution, but that upon military considerations she has deemed it expedient to substitute one comprehensive evacuation for an evacuation in separate parts. All of our troops will leave Mexico in the month of March."

PENNSYLVANIA.

A Member of Congress Held in Custody.

PITTSBURGH, Friday, Dec. 7.

Advices from Franklin, Pennsylvania, says: Hon. C. V. Culver, held in custody here by civil law, was brought before Judge Frankey yesterday on a writ of *habeas corpus*, and asked to be discharged on the grounds that he was a member of the Thirty-ninth Congress from the Twentieth Congressional District, Pennsylvania.

After able arguments by counsel on both sides, Judge Frankey decided to-day that the member of Congress was not entitled to his privilege when held such an offence as the honorable gentleman was charged with.

THE TERRITORIES.

More Indian Murders—One Hundred and Fifty Soldiers Killed—The Hostile Indians said to be Marching on Fort Kearney—Communication Cut Off.

ST. LOUIS, Friday, Dec. 7.

Letters received from Montana relate a terrible state of things among the small number of troops stationed at the different posts, from Virginia City to Forts Smith and Kearney. A letter from Fort Smith says: From this point down to the Platte River the road is a graveyard. About 150 men have been killed as far as known. We have had no intelligence from Fort Kearney for many days, and fear that communication is cut off. The Crow Indians report about 1,500 lodges of hostile Indians moving toward this post for the purpose of capturing it.

OHIO.

The German Reformed Church.

DAYTON, Ohio, Friday, Dec. 7.

The General Synod of the German Reformed Church adjourned *sine die* last evening. The question upon the adoption of the majority report, recommending the optional use of the Revised Liturgy, was carried in the affirmative by a vote of 64 to 56.

GEORGIA.

Passage of the Stay Law.

SAVANNAH, Friday, Dec. 7.

The bill passed by the House, known as the "Stay" Law, and which postpones the first payment of debts until January, 1868, was passed by the Senate of this State yesterday.

THE NATIONAL DEBT.

The Monthly Treasury Report—Total Debt, $2,684,995,875 44.

WASHINGTON, Friday, Dec. 7.

The following is a statement of the debt of the United States on the first of December, 1866:

DEBT BEARING COIN INTEREST.

Five per cent. bonds	$198,091,350 00
Six per cent. bonds of 1867 and 1868	15,837,941 80
Six per cent. bonds of 1881	283,740,000 00
Six per cent. 5-20 bonds	861,649,300 00
Navy Pension Fund	11,750,000 00
Total	$1,371,068,591 80
DEBT BEARING CURRENCY INTEREST.	
Six per cent. bonds	$10,302,000 00
Three years compound interest notes	147,387,140 00
Three years seven-thirty notes	699,933,750 00
Total	857,622,890 00
Matured debt not presented for payment	22,605,794 71
Debt bearing no interest—United States notes	385,441,849 00
Fractional currency	28,620,249 93
Gold certificates of deposit	19,636,500 00
Total	433,698,598 93
Total debt	$2,684,995,875 44
Amount in the Treasury in coin	95,168,816 15
Amount in the Treasury in currency	40,195,821 07
Total	$135,364,637 22
Amount of debt less cash in the Treasury	$2,549,631,238 22

The foregoing is a correct statement of the public debt as appears from the books and Treasurer's returns in the Department on the 1st of December, 1866.

HUGH McCULLOCH,
Secretary of the Treasury.

The Associated Press.

THE NEW-ENGLAND PAPERS.

BOSTON, Friday, Dec. 7.

The Press of Boston is firm in its purpose to maintain its relations with the New-York Associated Press.

The same is true of New-England generally.

In the opinion of our editors, the practical working of the Association since the recent change in its management has improved a hundred per cent.

NEW-ENGLAND ASSOCIATED PRESS.

HARTFORD, Friday, Dec. 7.

The New-England Way Press Association, through their Executive Committee, at a meeting at the Allyn House in this city, voted unanimously to continue their arrangement with the New-York and Boston Associated Press.

The Fishkill Oil Case.

FISHKILL, Friday, Dec. 7.

The testimony in the Fishkill oil case ended this evening at 6 o'clock. All that was given this afternoon bore heavily against the character and veracity of the Swamp Angel. The summing up will commence to-morrow morning, immediately upon the opening of the Court, Mr. Fullerton taking the attention of the Court first.

The crowd in attendance was fully as large as on previous days.

It is thought the time to be occupied in summing up will consume six hours.

Naval Intelligence.

NORFOLK, Va., Friday, Dec. 7.

The United States gunboat *Chicopee*, Commander Wm. F. Spicer, from Charleston 3d inst., has arrived at Norfolk Navy-yard. She encountered a heavy southwest gale south of Hatteras, and her hull is badly strained.

The flagship *Rhode Island*, Admiral Palmer, arrived at Charleston, and would shortly sail for other Southern ports, to inspect vessels of the squadron.

Off Hatteras the *Chicopee* spoke the New-York steamer bound for Charleston.

Pigeon Match.

SUSPENSION BRIDGE, Friday, Dec. 7.

A trap shooting match took place here to-day between Messrs. Brownson and Witner, of the Niagara Falls Club, for 50 birds. Witner won, killing 41 birds to Brownson's 32.

Illness of Anna E. Dickenson.

CHICAGO, Friday, Dec. 7.

Miss Anna E. Dickinson is lying very ill at Rockford, and will be obliged to cancel all her Western engagements for this season. She will return to Philadelphia as soon as she has sufficiently recovered.

Burning of the New-Orleans Theatre.

NEW-ORLEANS, Friday, Dec. 7.

The beautiful and spacious Theatre of New-Orleans was totally destroyed by fire this morning.

Railroad Disaster.

LOUISVILLE, Friday, Dec. 7.

The tender attached to the engine of a passenger train on the Memphis, Clarksville and Louisville Railroad ran off the track this morning eight miles south of Clarksville, tearing up the track and precipitating two cars down an embankment fifteen feet, killing the express messenger and injuring a number of passengers in the second car.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Seizures of Whisky—The Eight Hour Labor System Agitated in the Woollen Mills—Murder Cases—Suicide.

BOSTON, Friday, Dec. 7.

There has been considerable excitement throughout the Eastern section of the State to-day in consequence of numerous seizures of liquor by the State constables. There seems to have been a preconcerted arrangement among the officials to come down upon the dealers to-day. In Boston no less than half a dozen places have been visited and the whole stock seized and emptied into the streets. In East Cambridge there was also a large amount destroyed, as well as in Somerville and other neighboring towns. In the town of Gloucester every known dealer was visited and his stock seized, and in some instances the officers forced open the doors with crowbars to gain admittance. There was great excitement among the citizens, and not a little indignation at the enforcement of such a radical law, that forbids a man to carry on a business for which he is licensed by the United States.

The proprietors of the cotton and woolen mills in New-England are seriously agitating the matter of a reduction of the hours of labor to eight per day. The reason is the high price of stock and the dullness of the market.

In the Supreme Judicial Court to-day the trial of Frank W. Rounds for the murder of Adolph Prager, assigned for Monday next, was postponed till next February. The case of McAvenna, for the murder of a woman in Adams-street, and Elizabeth Small, for the murder of her daughter's illegitimate child, will come up next Monday, that of McAvnna being first in order.

Charles L. Hastings, a son of Francis Hastings, of Weston, a well-known citizen, committed suicide by shooting yesterday. Disappointment in love and business is the alleged cause. He formerly belonged in Waltham.

A new theatre, to be superior to any now existing here, is to be erected early next Spring. It will be located in the southerly portion of the city.

The new Continental Theatre, recently erected by Morris Brothers, (the minstrels,) has been sold to a Mr. Perrin.

Organization of a Company of Fenians in Boston.

BOSTON, Friday, Dec. 7.

The Fenians are operating quietly but effectively in Boston. A company of nearly one hundred men has been raised within three or four days for service in Ireland, and they will leave at an early day. All reports that arms and men have heretofore been forwarded from Boston, are about as true as the rumor that Stephens was seen in the city one day last week. Meetings were held here yesterday and this evening, at which considerable money was raised to arm and defray the expenses of the company which has been raised.

VERMONT.

Railroad Accident Near White River Junction—Fireman Killed and Engineer Seriously Injured.

BURLINGTON, Vt., Friday, Dec. 7.

On Thursday afternoon the up mail train on the Vermont Central Railroad ran off the track four miles below White River Junction, precipitating the engine down an embankment a distance of fifteen feet, completely overturning it.

The fireman and engineer were caught under the coal-cab, crushing the former's arm and the latter's leg, and burning and scalding them. The fireman has since died, and the engineer lies in a very precarious condition, but it is thought will recover. None of the passengers were hurt beyond being badly jarred. The accident was caused by the spreading of a rail.

Fenian Meeting at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, Dec. 7.

A very enthusiastic meeting of the Roberts-wing Fenians was held this evening. Gen. Spear and George Archdeacon were the speakers. The wildest delight was manifested by the entire audience. An Englishman was found in the room taking notes, and, being suspected as being a British spy, caused much excitement among the audience, and, but for the protection afforded by the speakers, he would have suffered severely.

VIRGINIA.

The Legislature—No Development of Political Plans—The Constitutional Amendment—No Probability of its Adoption—Feeling Among the People.

From Our Own Correspondent.

RICHMOND, Wednesday, Dec. 5, 1866.

The third day of the session of the Legislature has passed, and there has as yet been no indication of the temper in which the body has reassembled. Elected in October, 1865, by the whole body of the people of the State, it is composed in large part of the class that is expected to accomplish the political regeneration of the South—the class that opposed secession until secession was an accomplished fact, and then, as the phrase is, went with their State. And notwithstanding the invective heaped upon the Legislature last Winter by the Radicals, both within and without the State, it cannot be denied that while they disappointed some just and reasonable expectation at their first session, they more than fulfilled others, and while their refusal to elect distinctive Union men to the various offices within their gift was loudly trumped as an evidence of unrepentant treason, the wise and liberal code of laws by which they placed the negro on a civil equality with the whites, was certainly most conclusive evidence that they had accepted the full results of defeat as then asserted and understood by the dominant party at the North.

These same men are again together, and officially confronted with the Constitutional Amendment, the Governor, in his message, having presented the matter for their consideration, with a most unmistakable declaration of what, in his opinion, they ought to do. Will they accept his advice? Will they ratify the Amendment? I can see no indication of any such purpose. I know of not even a half dozen in the two Houses who favor such a course; but at the same time, I must say that I have been much surprised by the manner in which the Governor's recommendations on the subject have been received. While, as a matter of course, there has been almost universal dissent expressed both in the Press and among the citizens, it has been much less decided, and the Governor much more tenderly handled than I expected. True, the dissent is strong enough, as not a paper or a man of influence has hinted at the possibility of the Legislature doing anything else than reject the Amendment; but, at the same time, the feeling is such that were Congress solemnly to declare the Amendment the final basis of pacification, and some strong man among them who would be affected by the Amendment—such as Mr. Baldwin, the Speaker of the House—to come forward actively in its support, there would be every probability of a revulsion of sentiment. But Congress will not do anything of the sort, the Samson here will not be found, and there is no chance of the Amendment obtaining even a respectable minority vote.

As yet, however, there has been no action in either House upon the Governor's recommendation; but these indications of the feeling pervading the body are as surely and easily gathered outside the Capitol as in it. Upon the part of the few who sustain the Governor's opinions there was some thought of attempting to have this portion of the Message referred to a joint Special Committee; but even this has now been abandoned, and no other course has been suggested to obtain a discussion of the matter, which appears to be all that the friends of the measure, in their most sanguine moments, hope to secure. If a full and animated debate on the Amendment could be had it would be most beneficial, no matter how few were recorded under the yeas on the final vote, as, in the first place, it would serve to rouse the people from their lethargy, and set them to considering their political future—a thing they have too much neglected for the last few months.

The reassembling of Congress, and the very decided steps already taken by the Radical Party in the House, have, indeed, provoked some expression of opinion from all ranks—the people as well as the leaders. The repeal of the 13th section of the law of 1862, clothing the President with the power of granting amnesty and pardon, has awakened not so much of indignation as surprise, and the prevailing sentiment appears to be that Mr. Johnson should give a Roland for this Oliver, by keeping the bill in his pocket until the expiration of the constitutional limit, meantime issuing a proclamation of universal amnesty. The objection to this course, that it would be a gross violation of the manifest will of a Congress just sustained by a great majority at the North, and would thereby lead the President into fresh difficulties, does not appear to have occurred to those holding to this belief. To this I may add that there does not appear to be any apprehension that Congress will proceed to such extreme measures as confiscation or the territorializing of the States, or that if it is attempted that the President will allow it to be carried into effect. On the contrary, the dominant impression is that things will drift as they are until that time, here believed to be not far distant, when there shall be a revolution in Northern opinion, and the Conservatives (so-called) again enter upon the control of the Federal Government, and in that "good time coming" they expect not only to be relieved from test oaths and penal laws, but to be admitted into a share of the National Government. There is no thought or purpose anywhere of more than this; no idea lodged in any sane mind that slaves are to be paid for, or Confederate debts assumed, or slavery reëstablished either in its original or in a modified form, or the theory of a State sovereignty, which was the corner-stone of the rebellion, any longer tolerated. Even this, the idol of Southern politics, they are ready themselves to overturn provided that its destruction shall bring peace and stability. Indeed, they carry this feeling too far; and I have heard men of recognized position and influence say that they were ready for any kind of consolidation, ready to hail any one as Emperor, provided only that the destruction of the Republic, the consolidated empire, should bring the troubles of the country to a final end. They do not permit themselves to see any possibility of these troubles ending in the republic of Wendell Phillips of impartial freedom, and the present generation never will. While claiming universal amnesty as a right, they scout the Greeley corollary of universal suffrage. On this latter point there is almost entire unanimity. There are men in Virginia who were steadfast active Unionists during the entire war, who are the most bitter opponents of negro suffrage in the State; indeed it will be remembered that John Minor Botts repudiated the measure at Philadelphia and since, and thus left it without a single advocate in the State who ever had any status in its politics. Negro suffrage, I am entirely sure, will not in the present generation be adopted as a panacea for political ills by any portion of the people of Virginia, and I might add, that those called in the common parlance "rebels," are every whit as likely to do it as those styled Unionists.

These general ideas to which I have adverted being held in common all over the State, the spirit which will control the Legislature can be easily conjectured. They will meddle as little as possible with the Federal relations of the State, and confining their attention to the financial affairs and to measures for its material development, will endeavor to get through the session as quickly as may be, and going back to their constituents, both will await the developments of the future.

E. C.

Telegram to the Pope—Answer of the Pontiff.

From the Baltimore Catholic Mirror.

As our readers are aware, the prelates lately assembled in council sent a cordial greeting to His Holiness through the Atlantic telegraph. The wording of the telegram was as follows. It left Baltimore on the 9th of October, and reached Rome the same afternoon, in about 15 minutes, making allowance for difference of time.

"Seven Archbishops and forty Bishops, met in council, unanimously salute your Holiness, wishing you long life, with the preservation of all the ancient and sacred rights of the Holy See."

This dispatch carried joy and consolation to the afflicted heart of the Pontiff, as appears from the following letter, addressed by his direction to our Most Rev. Archbishop by Cardinal Barnabo, dated Oct. 24:

"The telegram which the Bishops of the States of the American Union, assembled in council, had the happy thought to address to the Holy Father, proved to be of great comfort and consolation to his Holiness; and so highly did he appreciate its spirit, that he ordered it to be immediately published in the official journal of Rome, for the edification of his Roman people and of the faithful at large.

His Holiness looks with interest for the acts and decrees of the Plenary Council, which he expects to receive in due time, and from which he hopes a new impulse and continued increase to religion in the United States will result. He has, however, directed me to express directly to your amplitude, and through you to all your colleagues, his great pleasure, and to request you to thank them for the interest they have taken and still take in defending the Holy See and in vindicating its contested rights. Moreover, his Holiness has learned with satisfaction that the Papal loan is succeeding, also, through the coöperation of the American Episcopate. He thanks them particularly for this, and nourishes the hope that such coöperation will not cease, and that thence a prosperous result may be obtained. In the meantime, I pray the Lord that He long preserve and prosper you.

ROME, from the Propaganda, Oct. 24, 1866.

ALEXANDER CARDINAL BARNABO,
Secretary.

To the Most Rev. Martin John Spalding,
Archbishop of Baltimore."

Crystal Lake.

The following is a part of a letter addressed by a lady correspondent to a friend in New-York—from the far West:

NEVADA, Co., Cal., Friday, Nov. 9, 1866.

My Dear Mrs. H.: Here we are on the top of the Sierra Nevada Mountains, quartered for the night by the side of one of the most beautiful lakes you ever saw; embosomed among the highest peaks of rocks all covered with snow, the reflection of which, in the bottom of the lake, makes one of the most beautiful pictures imaginable; and I only regret that I have not the power to put it upon canvas, or even to give you a description that will convey to your mind my idea of its beauty.

It is filled with mountain trout, from which we have just made a most sumptuous dinner. We will remain until morning, when we drive eighteen miles to the railroad, and will be in San Francisco to-morrow. Just to think of a beautiful lake, and a railroad seven thousand feet up in the air and ten thousand Chinamen working like bees right in sight on the side of the mountain, digging a bed for the railroad, and hundreds of horses and mules going by, packed with all sorts of things for their supply, even to houses, (for no wagon can go where they are,) and you can then faintly imagine our position here. We have had the most delightful trip from Salt Lake that can possibly be conceived of—nothing but one uninterrupted scene of pleasure and novelty.

Mr. H. says he never came over so comfortably before. No rain or snow and no dust, and only cold enough to make the weather perfectly enchanting. If you and S. were only with us our happiness would be complete; and there is no reason why you should not have come, for really it is nothing but a pleasure trip, giving no more fatigue than a drive around Central Park. There is not paper enough in this country for me to give you a description of my entire trip, and therefore I must wait until I see you, when I will try to give it in detail. Kiss S. and all the little ones, and also little P., and I will do it better if I can when I get a chance. B. H. sends love. God bless you. Goodby.

S. A. S.

Fire in Dover-street.

Near midnight a fire broke out in a three-story building at the corner of Dover and Pearl streets, occupied chiefly as a lodging-house. The firemen soon got the mastery and saved most of the building. The first-floor front was the well-known old Franklin Cottage, kept by Edward Meyer. He also had the first and second floors for lodgings. His loss is about $1,500; insured in the Germania. Micheal Tierney occupied a part of the house for lodgings. His loss is about $1,000. The building was owned by Jacob F. Oakley, and his loss may be $1,500.

The Governor of Arkansas has issued his proclamation announcing Friday, the 22d of February next, as the time for holding an election for Lieutenant Governor, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of C. C. Bliss.

A movement is on foot in Kentucky to unite the Union and Johnson men of the Legislature upon Ex-Gov. James L. Robinson for United States Senator, in order to defeat the rebels.

CANADA.

Ritualism in the Church—Lord Monck and the Lamirande Case—Death of Lieut.-Col. Heward—Parliamentary Vacancies—The Fenian Trials and Rumors—The Grand Trunk—Oil Matters.

From Our Own Correspondent.

TORONTO, Monday, Dec. 3, 1866.

The weak nerves of that somewhat staid and sensitive section of the community known by the designation of churchmen have received a rude shock by an exposure made in the Synod r cently held at Kingston, respecting certain Romish forms said to have been practised in some parts of the Ontario Diocese of the Episcopal Church. The existence of ritualistic tendencies is no secret, although but little known to the general public. Certain of the clergy have long been accused of tractarianism—among them Professor WHITTAKER, of Trinity College, whom it was attempted, a short time since, to elect Coadjutor Bishop of the Toronto Diocese—but few seemed to have any idea that ritualism was making any progress, until Dr. PATTON undertook to introduce a resolution on the subject, the other day. The motion gave rise to a warm discussion, in the course of which it was revealed that one clergyman had actually officiated at a marriage attired in a white silk gown, and that another had defended the doctrine of absolution. A third clergyman had published a book called *The Priest's Prayer Book*, in which the doctrine of confession, plenary absolution and prayers for the dead are maintained. The book was produced, so that there could be no mistake about it. The Bishop, however, did not see the matter in a serious light; he stated that no such facts as related had been represented to him; and, in a sort of apologetic manner, he declared that he had no sympathy with *extreme* ritualism, which amounts to an admission that he approves of Romish practices to a certain extent. The majority of the clergy attending the Synod favored the Bishop's views, and set light by the matter, from which it is clearly apparent that there is no wish to put an end to ritualism in the Church here. That the alleged practices are very extensive no one believes, but the very fact of their existence should be enough to induce the Bishop and clergy, if opposed to them, to interfere and prevent the growth of doctrines which are subversive of the principles of the Protestant faith. Mr. PATTON's resolution, aiming at this end, was adopted in a modified form. It is greatly to be feared that the spread of ritualism is receiving encouragement at the hands of those who should do their utmost to suppress it. Now, however, that the fact of Romish ceremonials being practiced in the Episcopal Church has been made known, good may result from it, as further persistence in such practices will undoubtedly lead to important secessions from the ranks of the churchmen.

THE GOVERNOR.

His Excellency the Governor stands a fair chance of being withdrawn from the Province, for it is now understood that his explanations with reference to the Lamirande case are altogether unsatisfactory. He was only too anxious to put the blame upon his ministers and finally upon the Solicitor-General East, M. LANGEVIN; but the facts show that he acted hurriedly, indiscreetly, and consequently wrongfully in the matter, by giving up a fugitive whose case was not reached by the Extradition Treaty. The Governor's recall is said to have been decided upon. At any rate, Gen. Sir JOHN MICHEL will be immediately sworn in administrator of the Government, to take Lord MONCK's place, that official being about to take his departure for England.

DEATH OF A NOTED CHARACTER.

Lieut.-Col. HEWARD, of Montreal, who died a few days since, was a prominent character at one time. He was one of the parties arrested for burning the Parliament buildings in Montreal, but he really had nothing to do with that affair. In company with several others, he took objection to the course pursued by the Government in passing the Rebellion Losses Bill, and was active in arousing the people to a sense of the injustice which he considered had been imposed upon them by that measure, and was among those who convened a meeting in the Champ de Mars, and denounced Government in no fitting terms, but he was not in the Parliament buildings when they took fire. Mr. HEWARD, too, had a hand in the Gavazzi riots, that is, he sustained the preacher, but was nevertheless, thrown into prison in connection with the affair.

NO PARLIAMENTARY VACANCIES TO BE FILLED.

The vacancy in Drummond and Athabaska, caused by the death of Mr. DORION, is not to be filled until the elections under confederation take place. It is understood that no vacancies whatever will be filled. An act was passed last session prolonging the term of the Legislative Councilors whose seats became vacant this Fall. The act was reserved for the sanction of Her Majesty, and recently received it; consequently no Council elections have been held, although twelve seats became vacant. This was a considerable stretch, but in view of the fact that a new Parliament will be called next Spring, under a new Constitution, the course is not an unreasonable one. If, however, it should be insisted by the electors of Drummond and Athabaska that a new election should be held now, the Speaker of the Assembly has no option but to comply with the request.

THE FENIAN TRIALS.

The decision of the Bench of Judges in the case of the appeals in favor of SLAVIN and others, recently argued in the Court of Common Pleas, is different from what was expected, and contrary to general expectation. It was confidently hoped that the new trials would be granted, but now it is said that a reprieve of a few months will be given instead. This seems to be done with the object of permitting time for the discussion of the subject in England, as there is little question that the fate of the prisoners will ultimately be decided there. It is well that there was no truth in the reported outbreak in Ireland, for the demand of the people of this Province for the lives of the condemned Fenians would have been irresistible in case of further Fenian troubles. The current of public opinion would be easily stemmed, but for the present there is no fear, and the desire prevails that justice should be tempered with mercy. No commission has been, or will be, issued for another Court to try the remaining prisoners, as the regular Court of Assize will sit again early next month. It is not probable either, that terms will be made with the prisoners, as they are certain to have the trials; some of them may escape conviction, for it is no easy matter to convict in such cases. There is no ground for hope that a general amnesty will be granted, as the country will not be satisfied without at least the formality of a trial; should they be leniently dealt with afterward, that is another thing. The recent reports about the concentration of armed Fenians in Vermont and at Buffalo have given cause for much indignation, as it is thought that they might at least keep quiet and not assume a threatening attitude so long as the fate of the condemned is pending.

COMBINATION AGAINST THE GRAND TRUNK.

It has been discovered that an attempt was made about a year ago to get up a combination to purchase Grand Trunk Railway Stock in Scotland, with the ultimate object of getting possession of the line. The stock-jobbing arrangement did not succeed, however, although a large amount of stock was got hold of by the parties concerned in the combination. The cause of its failure was the Fenian raid, and had the combination of speculators succeeded there is no telling what would have been the result of such an operation. The discovery has been made through the bankruptcy of one of the parties. The Grand Trunk has never been a profitable concern, for the reason that it is almost hopelessly sunk in debt. It cost an enormous amount of money, the Victoria Bridge at Montreal alone absorbing about $7,000,000. What with buying up branches, bribing and mismanagement, the concern became so involved that the Government had to come to its relief. That indebtedness is secured by a second mortgage, there being a very remote prospect of the first ever being paid. This Scotch combination would have broken down the concern, and it would have passed into other hands. Mr. BRYDGES, the present manager, has greatly improved the position of the enterprise, still it is very far from satisfactory. Mr. WATKIN, M. P., the President, who resides in England, is doing all in his power to render himself and the line popular, but the bad name it has borne so long is hard to get rid of, and not all the ability of Messrs. BRYDGES and WATKIN will suffice to accomplish such an end.

A CANAL VS. A MARSH.

A charter having been granted for the construction of a ship-canal to connect Lake Huron with Lake Ontario at this point, the project is now under way, and stands a fair chance of being carried out to completion. In the meantime, howev r, a company have got possession of Holland Marsh, with the object of draining the same and reclaiming the land, which they have purchased from the Government at a nominal price. The proposed canal is to run through this marsh, and its projectors are therefore greatly incensed at the idea of the Government allowing such a thing to be done; as if it knew or cared anything about the matter. Of course either the canal or the draining of the marsh will have to be abandoned, if matters are as the friends of the canal represent them.

THE COAL OIL BUSINESS.

There has been some improvement in the coal oil district, and it is thought that business is gradually reviving. Some excellent strikes have lately been made in Dawn and at Petrolia. The yield at the latter place is on the increase, although not long since well-sinking there was almost entirely abandoned. It is now the most flourishing part of the Canadian oil regions. The price of oil has fallen very low, and large stocks are held by dealers, the expectation being that prices will be still lower. W. G.

PROVIDENCE PECULIARITIES.

Inventions—New Machinery—Progress of American Ingenuity and Development of Native Talent.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Tuesday, Dec. 4, 1866.

Of all the wretched, dirty little holes in the world, the pleasant City of Providence is the wretchedest and the dirtiest on a rainy day. This is a rainy day. The Heavens are lowered and the shower-bath is intense; the people hurry along the streets like very wet and drowning rats, and the puddles gather at the corners. There is literally no redeeming feature at such times, unless it be the incessant clatter, clatter, clatter of the wonderful machinery that crowds the business part of the city, turns out products rare in beauty and marvelous in cheapness, making fortunes for the old men, and setting traps of laziness and folly for the young. To the energy and general goaheaditiveness of a born Yankee I have been indebted to-day to a peep at some of the mysteries that are hidden behind the almost omnipresent sign of "No Admission" that stares the stranger full in the face from every corner and every door. I have seen that wondrous wooden-screw factory whose original stock, once worth $500 a share, rose by jumps to $20,000 a share, paying its fortunate owners ten clean per cent. every month in the year; I have seen an immense establishment where jewelry of all sorts and kinds is turned out by the bushel, where gold chains are made by an intelligent machine, whose never-ceasing click-clock makes links so perfect and joints so close as to defy the competition of the cleverest workmen or the most delicate manipulator; but these and others are more familiar to us all than the two others which interested me most, and which will doubtless interest the ladies and all the other good people who may turn to the TIMES for matters not bearing, thank Heaven, on politics or elections.

The first to which I will allude, and of course in the most unprofessional and inexpert manner, is

AN EYELET MACHINE,

by which those mysterious little jots of metal that assist womankind in the close fastening of their corsets, their boots and the binding of the hooped skirt, are turned out at the rate of three hundred a minute. I presume there are several hundred different parts to the machine, each with a scientific and technical name; but I don't imagine that will interest your readers, and if it would candor compels me to say that I couldn't give them. There are two processes, of which the following will give a popular idea: The stock or metal of which the eyelets are made looks like a thin sheet of brass, coming to the hand of the operator in huge rolls six inches wide. A roll of this is placed on a holder, the end is fastened to a nipper, a power starts the wheel on which the nipper is fastened, and the sheet of brass is drawn from its coil over a set of knives, which cut it into six or seven strips of a required width, and when the entire sheet is cut up the six or seven strips, scores of feet in length, are ready in coils or rolls for the succeeding operation. A roll is then placed on the standard of another machine, and fed into a crevice which passes a point at which works in and out like a piston a punch with a cutting edge, fitting into a receiver opposite also with a cutting edge. This tells the whole story; for as the strip of metal passes along the crevice it encounters the incisive edge of the punch, and in less time than it has taken me to write it three hundred of these necessary and beautiful specimens of skill and ingenuity are rattling in the pan. The machine is simple as the alphabet, and works like a charm. The product is of the best and is in very general use. I was surprised to learn that the number of these eyelets used in this country alone, and nearly all imported, is not far from 20,000,000,000. It is surprising indeed that such a field as this demand, opens to native ingenuity and industry should not have been long ago occupied exclusively by American brain.

But perhaps the most interesting of the factories through which my wearied limbs conveyed my dilapidated head was that where the

ELECTRO-PLATED WARE

and solid silver is turned out by the Gorham Manufacturing Company, where five or six hundred skilled and crafty artisans daily manipulate three tons of unadulterated silver metal, where artists design, artists execute and capital congregates and cares for brain and *esprit* from the four quarters of the globe. The silver treasures of the olden time have been told in verse and song, sacred and profane, and the wealth of Europe has in times gone by been well indicated by the family plate which was transmitted from father to son for generations; but until the secret archives of the Internal Revenue brought to light the truth, little was known of the extent to which this hoarding of silver was indulged in here. Thousands and thousands of ounces are owned by families in the North and East, who were not known to have more than the traditional tea set and silver spoons. The vaults of every bank in the City, the hiding places of our larger jewelry establishments, and the safes in private houses disclose an immense amount of this material, which, though representing vast sums of actual wealth, are of no earthly service to any one but the tax-gatherer. I spent three hours in looking hastily at the establishment of the Gorhamites, where the artificers in metal were making the pure ware. From the spacious studio of the artistic designer, wherein are stored books of rare value and curious import, busts of antique and modern make, fantastic shapes from nature and from art, bronze models and suggestions in plaster, drawings in pencil or ink, on paper or wood, photographs, pictures, all in fact that go to make the home of an artist delightful and instructive; through the vast furnace-room, where immense bars of solid silver melted and mingled with the shining dollars, whose last rattle expires as its integrity dissolves; through the various departments of molding, stamping, cutting, chasing, embossing, engraving, polishing, burnishing, finishing and packing—through all these, down to the very counting-room, where business begins, and art and I leave the subject. So far as I could observe, there is nothing peculiarly novel in the pure silver manufacturing department, except in the machinery, most of which was designed by the Company, and made recently and expressly for its own convenience; but of that branch of the business which appeals more directly to the people of the country, and which has grown with a growth beyond their control, and entirely beyond encouragement or assistance—the electro-plating process—I will write briefly. We are all familiar with bogus watches, imitation jewelry, wooden nutmegs and make-believe plate—so familiar, indeed, as to be disgusted with anything that savors of the genus "imitation;" but while it is possible for dishonesty to make an ounce of silver cover two or three acres of ware, it is equally possible for experience to develop that, in the course of a generation, honesty is the best policy. The base metal is what is known as German or nickel silver, designed and fashioned by the same artists, and with the same regard to appearance and durability as the ordinary silver. After this ware has passed through the several processes of molding, cutting, shaping, engraving, chasing, annealing and finishing, it is taken to the electro-plater, who first dips it in a solution of nitric acid, by which process it is thoroughly cleansed of any impurities and made ready for its bath of silver. It is then dipped into a large tank filled with a composition of cyanite of potassium and chloride of silver, the electric current is turned on and the deposit of silver immediately begins. The deposit is rapid, and in order that the average strength of the solution may be kept up, several bars of pure silver are lowered into it, from which the solution is continually regenerated. It is necessary to have some test, of course, by which the electro-plater may guide his work, and this is effected by a series of weighings. For instance, a thirty-inch salver of German or nickel silver is weighed before it is placed in the solution; the orders are to give it a certain weight of plate; after it has been in the bath a certain number of hours it is taken out and reweighed, and when the exact *status* is reached it is taken out. The consequence is that from a baby's little cup to a millionaire's mighty salver the exact value is known, predetermined, stamped and can be sworn to. The brief compass of a little will not permit of more than a glance at the suites of rooms holding from ten to forty men each—sculptors, chemists, modellers in wax, wood, bronze and metal, engineers, carpenters, embossers and carvers; but I want to say something about the wondrous machinery, invented by I don't know whom, that works so like perfection. Deep down in the earth are driven immense piles of wood and many of them; on top of these rests a solid mass of granite seven feet thick, on which again are placed bed-pieces of iron seven feet high, weighing from seven to twelve tons each; and upon these ponderous bases work the several stamps, which weigh from two to five tons each, with which a cannon ball can be crushed with ease or an egg cracked with perfect safety to the finger. There are machines which bend a straight and solid bar of metal in a second into gracefully modeled forks, spoons, knives for fish, fruit or fowl; machines that are well known as "The Elephants" for power, but might with propriety be termed artists in delicate working; machines that take a flat piece of metal and build up from it, by a series of hammerings, a long roll, which being cut in two is turned into rings for napkins; machines that grasp with wiry fingers an offered strip of ware, and never leave or forsake it until at the other end it drops a knife, a fork, a spoon or a cup; machines that have the apparent intelligence of man and the tireless activity of nature—powerful as the wind, manageable as a lamb.

What the people of Providence will do next I cannot undertake to predict. The city is honeycombed to-day with the secret retreats of genius. Everything is made there, from the threaded screw to the golden chain; from the salver fit for the banquet of the gods to the tiny cup of our littlest baby; from vases of rarest and most artistic mold to bowls of metal that rival in size the drinking vessels of the ancients; pins, eyelets, silver plate, wooden screws, jewelry of every sort and kind—everything that would grace a fair or serve a world.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

GIGANTIC FRAUDS DISCOVERED.

A Bogus Firm Commence Business on Imaginary Capital, and Obtain Large Quantities of Goods—Their Invoices Shipped to Other Cities and Sold at Auction—Leading New-York Merchants Extensively Swindled—Arrest of the Accused and their Examination.

During the early part of last month Mr. LOUIS P. GRIFFITH, of the firm of GRIFFITH & KUBERLY, No. 52 Leonard-street, appeared before Justice HOGAN, at the Tombs Police Court, and informed the magistrate that he had been swindled out of one hundred and nine dozen printed handkerchiefs, of the aggregate value of $383 82. The persons whom he accused of thus defrauding his firm were ELLERY C. FOLGER, PERCY W. TIBBS, (forming the pretended firm of FOLGER & TIBBS,) W. C. WILLIAMS, SETH H. KLINCK and L. G. KLINCK, who, it appears, have been extensively engaged in obtaining large invoices of goods from New-York wholesale houses, on a promise to pay cash on delivery, which promise they failed to fulfill, and disposed of the goods so obtained at auction, in this City, at Baltimore and Cincinnati, said sales being made at great sacrifices. The magistrate being convinced, by the several statements of Mr. GRIFFITH and others, that a gigantic fraud had been perpetrated, and was no doubt still in progress, concluded to receive the complaint, and directed that the necessary affidavits be drawn up. The following is that of Mr. GRIFFITH:

Louis P. Griffith, being duly sworn, deposes as follows: On the 28th day of September last one W. C. Williams came to my place of business, at No. 52 Leonard-street, in the City of New-York, such business being carried on under the name of Griffith & Kuberly, and composed of Eugene Kuberly and this deponent, and stated to deponent that he represented a firm styled Folger & Tibbs, who had just commenced business and were very responsible, having a paid in cash capital of $40,000, and were, if necessary, able to double that amount; that their place of business was at No. 54 Leonard-street, this City; that they desired to purchase goods from this deponent's firm, and that they were able and would pay for any goods that they (or he, the said Williams, for them) might purchase; that subsequently to last-mentioned date this deponent saw Ellery C. Folger and Percy W. Tibbs, and they said that they, the said Folger & Tibbs, individually represented the foregoing representations of said Williams; that they were responsible; had a cash capital of $40,000, &c.; that said Ellery C. Folger and Percy W. Tibbs also represented themselves as composing said firm of Folger & Tibbs; that relying solely upon the foregoing representations, and believing the same to be true, this deponent, on behalf of his said firm, and on the 7th day of November, 1866, did sell to Ellery C. Folger, for said Folger & Tibbs, 109 8-12 dozen French printed handkerchiefs, of the value of $383 82, for which said Folger & Tibbs promised to pay cash therefor; that since the sale and delivery of said merchandise this deponent has been informed, and from the following facts and surroundings in the matter, this deponent verily believes and therefore charges that all the representations made by said Williams as the pretended representative of Folger & Tibbs, and by Folger and Tibbs individually, are, and were at the time the same were made, false and fraudulent, and made with the felonious intent to cheat and defraud this deponent and his said firm out of the before-mentioned property, and were well known to said Williams, Folger and Tibbs to be false and fraudulent when the same were made; that this deponent has been informed by the following business men, to wit: H. B. Claflin & Co., Harding & Colby, Albert R. Dewett & Co., Paine, Berry & Co., Chapin & Davison, Frederick L. Joanrochis & Co., Kendall, Cleveland & Opdyke, McCune, Scott & Cooper, M. Moss, O. Rusch & Co., Wyman, Boyd & Co., and others, that they and each of them had business dealings with said alleged firm of Folger & Tibbs, and that representations similar to those made to this deponent were made to them, said business houses and merchants, by said Folger & Tibbs, and the said Folger & Tibbs obtained by such representations goods from such various business houses and merchants to the amount of one hundred thousand ($100,000) dollars; that this deponent has been informed that said Folger & Tibbs obtained goods of the value of $10,000 from Paine, Berry & Co., of this City, and that the goods so obtained by said Folger & Tibbs were never opened, but that the same were immediately sent to auction-houses in this City, for and on their account to be sold, and which goods were recovered by said Paine, Berry & Co.; that this deponent has been informed by Joseph Heller, of No. 9 College-place; that he saw goods brought to the store of said Folger & Tibbs and taken off the cart; and, without being opened, the same being in boxes, were again put in a cart and taken to Jersey City; the said goods were marked by one James P. Goggin and sent per Adams Express Company to Baltimore, as the deponent has been informed, the same were recovered by said James P. Goggin; that this deponent is also informed that said Goggin received other goods from said Folger & Tibbs, and sent the same to auction houses in Baltimore, where the same were sold at sacrifices; that deponent is also informed that goods were likewise obtained, recovered and shipped without unpacking to L. G. Klinck, Cincinnati, Ohio, who this deponent is also informed sent said goods to auction houses, where the same were sold at sacrifices; that on the 12th of November, 1866, one Seth H. Klinck appeared in said store and pretended that he purchased from Folger & Tibbs, on the evening previous, to wit, Sunday, Nov. 11, 1866, the entire stock and business of said Folger & Tibbs, and upon being asked, stated that he was from Wayne County, and that before he bought from said Folger & Tibbs he had never seen them, and that he knew nothing about them; that deponent is informed by Edward Lagendorf, of corner of Church and Franklin streets, that he saw said pretended books of account of said alleged firm of Folger & Tibbs, and that there appears no regular entries of any purchases or sales of goods, nor entry of capital, &c., and that the same are not kept in a business-like manner, and that the same are and were but a show to deceive; that deponent has, from the foregoing facts and circumstances, been convinced, and therefore charges that the representations made by said Folger & Tibbs were false and fraudulent, and with felonious intent to cheat and defraud; and that said W. C. Williams, James B. Goggin, Seth H. Klinck and L. G. Klinck are and were acting in complicity with said Folger & Tibbs, in order to cheat and defraud this deponent's firm as aforesaid; and that by means of such false and fraudulent representations and complicity as aforesaid, said Folger, Tibbs, Williams, Goggin, Seth H. Klinck and L. G. Klinck did cheat and defraud this deponent's firm as aforesaid; and this deponent therefore prays that a warrant may issue, that said Folger Tibbs, Williams, Goggin, S. H. Klinck and L. G. Klinck be apprehended and dealt with according to law.

At the same time that this affidavit was made, Mr. CHARLES E. BOGERT, paying-teller of the Central National Bank, No. 320 Broadway, made another affidavit, in which he charged W. C. WILLIAMS with forgery, stating that on or about the 10th day of October, 1866, WILLIAMS appeared at his Bank, and presented a check for $3,000, drawn to the order of SMITH & Co., and purported to have been made by CURTIS & Co., per WM. V. CURTIS, attorney. The check, when so presented, was indorsed "Smith & Co." WILLIAMS then represented that "Smith & Co." did business in Catharine-street, when the paying-teller, believing the signature and check to be genuine, cashed the same. He was subsequently informed by SAMPSON H SMITH that the indorsement on the check was a base forgery. BOGERT accordingly charged WILLIAMS with uttering the forged check as aforesaid, with felonious attempt to cheat and defraud.

In support of this affidavit of Mr. BOGERT a supplementary one was also made by SAMPSON H. SMITH, wherein he deposed that he was a member of the firm of SMITH & Co., of Catharine-street; he had examined the signature appearing upon the check presented by WILLIAMS and paid by the teller, and he pronounced it to be a forgery, it having been written without the consent or knowledge of the firm.

Upon these affidavits Justice HOGAN issued his warrant for the arrest of all the persons accused therein. Since that time Detective TILLEY, of the Third Precinct, has been on the track of the accused, and succeeded on Thursday evening in arresting SETH H. KLINCK, JAMES B. GOGGIN and W. C. WILLIAMS. The prisoners were yesterday morning arraigned before the Magistrate, who ordered their arrest. The prisoners seemed surprised at their arrest, and greatly astonished at the formidable array of charges preferred against them, making scarcely any defence. They were all remanded for examination, the hearing being at first set down for 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon, but owing to the press of business on the hands of Assistant District-Attorney GUNNING S. BEDFORD, and the absence of District-Attorney HALL, the examination was further postponed until 10:30 o'clock this morning, when the case will no doubt be definitely disposed of. The Police are still in search of the other persons—FOLGER, TIBBS and L. G. KLINCK—who are made confederates in the scheme.

THE ALLEGED WHISKY FRAUDS.

The Burning Fluid Case Continued—Testimony of Messrs. D. McGoen and J. Mackan, J. McCullough, G. P. Glass, B. Fernbach, B. A. McDonald and Others.

The examination in the burning fluid case, the United States *vs.* Messrs. ANGUS, ROWE, BOEHN and SCHWABINS, was continued yesterday morning, at 10:45 A. M., in Brooklyn, before Commissioner NEWTON.

Mr. DITTENHOEFER offered in evidence the license of the Franklin-avenue distillery. The defence then called Mr. MCGOEN, who was sworn.

TESTIMONY OF DOMINICK M'GOEN.

I attend the still in the Franklin-avenue distillery; saw the stuff as it came out of the still; that stuff was called burning fluid; it had the smell and taste of turpentine. (Witness tasted and smelled the substances in the lamps, and said it was the same kind of stuff.) There was not a drop of whisky run out.

Cross-examined—Used to make whisky in the still; there was no alteration in the still.

TESTIMONY OF JOHN MACKAN.

Mr. Mackan was sworn—Was employed in the Franklin-avenue distillery; the stuff that came out of the still was burning fluid; it tasted and smelled of turpentine. (Witness examined lamps and said they contained the same material as that manufactured at the distillery.)

Cross-examined—Used to make whisky there; made this stuff same as whisky; have seen the mash; was never charged to know as little as possible; there was no alteration in the still, but it was put through the same as whisky; the proprietor and foreman told me to call it burning fluid; got $18 per week, and am a common hand.

TESTIMONY OF JAMES M'CULLOUGH.

Mr. McCullough was sworn: Was employed in the Franklin-avenue distillery; barrelled up the stuff; took it from the whisky tanks; it smelled and tasted like turpentine. [Witness smelled and tasted the substance in the lamps, and said it was the same material.]

Cross-examined—Believe I worked for Mr. Rowe; Messrs. Angus, Boehn and Glass were in and out there; got $3 per day after the firm came in last Summer; it was sometime in July or August; do not know there was a general increase about that time; believe there was.

TESTIMONY OF G. P. GLASS.

Mr. Glass was sworn: It would cost 75 cents a gallon to make burning fluid by a process of distillation.

Cross-examined—The tax on alcohol is about $4; if burning fluid is made out of alcohol 75 per cent. and the rest turpentine, the tax on burning fluid would be $3 a gallon in the market; burning fluid can be made at 75 cents a gallon without the government tax; whisky would cost about the same; think by rectification good whisky could be produced at 45 cents a gallon.

TESTIMONY OF BERTRAND FERNBACH.

Mr. Fernbach was sworn: Since 1861 been a scientific and manufacturing chemist; what is called burning-fluid is a mixture of alcohol and spirits of turpentine; good burning-fluid must contain from 20 to 25 per cent. of turpentine; as an article of commerce it is optional how much turpentine is put in; upon the quantity of turpentine will depend the brilliancy of the light; so far as the alcohol and turpentine are refined by distillation, so much the better the light; if the distilled burning-fluid contain less turpentine than the mixed, it may burn as well as the mixed liquor; burning-fluid is designed to illuminate; any article composed of turpentine and alcohol, provided it be an illuminating light, will be a burning-fluid; during distillation considerable quantities can be lost in the process; one can only find how much the article contains, but cannot find out how much was used in the process of manufacture.

Cross-examined—Camphene is spirits of turpentine dissolved in benzine; the oil of turpentine comes from the distillation of rosin; by redistilling turpentine a purer spirits is obtained, as the impurities are abstracted out of it; never distilled much, but know the process; less refined turpentine is necessary than crude.

Redirect examination—There is more fusil oil in highwines than in alcohol; [witness examined lights, and says it comes from turpentine and alcohol, and is burning fluid;] fusil oil in highwines, [mixed with turpentine, will make a better illuminator than fusil oil alone.

TESTIMONY OF BENJ. A. M'DONALD.

Witness was duly sworn: Understand distilling theoretically, and was specially detailed to make an examination of distilleries.

DISTILLATION DESCRIBED.

Distillation commences with the mashing of grain in boiling water four or five hours; then it passes into beer-tubs and ferments by the presence of yeast; at the end of three or four hours it is ready to pass through the still; from that comes the high wine known to commerce, which is run into a receiver and barreled; it would cost about 50 cents a gallon to manufacture an article of burning fluid; to mix turpentine and alcohol in the old-fashioned way it would cost $4 a gallon, but kerosene has in a great measure taken its place, because cheaper. [Witness examined specimens of the alleged whisky, and calls it burning fluid as known in commerce.] Witness then testified he had made burning fluid for his own use containing 20 per cent. of turpentine.

The Court then took a recess of half an hour, at the end of which time the examination was resumed.

Wm. C. Tallman sworn: Am a merchant; have bought and sold burning fluid. [Witness examined substance in small lamps and called it burning fluid.] Whisky, distilled spirits, or alcohol would not be called burning fluid in commerce; burning fluid is a mixture of turpentine and alcohol; there are different qualities of burning fluid; some fluids will give stronger lights than others; have seen an article like that, and no better, sold in the market; have seen better and worse; the test of burning fluid is the light it gives.

Cross-examined—Do not think the brilliancy of the fluid depends upon the quantity of the turpentine, it depends upon a combination of alcohol and turpentine; have made burning fluid and put about fifteen per cent. of turpentine in, which made a strong burning fluid; have used as low as ten; have known fluid which had less than ten, because the light was not so brilliant; I merely mixed it; did not distil it; think the fluid in the market was one-fourth less in brilliancy than mine.

Joseph H. Cunningham recalled: The substance in those lamps is burning fluid, in the commercial sense; the test of burning fluid is its illuminating power; the eye is used to test it; if the article gives good light, it makes no difference how much turpentine it contains; we sold fusil oil for the lighting of Providence, Conn.; turpentine mixed with fusil oil is better than fusil oil alone; in alcohol fusil oil is extracted; other articles are used as burning fluid, such as naptha, fusil oil; a merchant would mean, when calling for burning fluid, a mixture of alcohol and turpentine. [Witness examined a bottle of fluid, and called it burning fluid; also two large lamps, and said one was alcohol and the other highwines.]

Cross-examined—The best fluid, with a single tube, would give but an inferior light; the light depends upon the carbon it contained, whether it is composed of camphine or other substance; naphtha is used some eight or ten years in burning fluids; can judge better by the light than by the smell how much turpentine the substance contains; it looks as if it had ten per cent. turpentine; the other lamp might be eight per cent.; by the process of mingling highwines are not as good as alcohol; it is the carbon in turpentine that gives the illuminating power.

Adjourned to this morning at 10 o'clock.

THE FRANKLIN-AVENUE DISTILLERY.

A motion was made yesterday in the United States Circuit Court, Brooklyn, before Judge BENEDICT, by the distillery seized in Franklin-avenue, to bond it, in other words, to have it released from the custody of the government by giving a bond. District Attorney TRACEY objected on the ground that the person claiming it was not the owner, but excepted to the claim. The question whether the party (Mr. ROWE) was the owner, or has any interest in the property, must now be tried by the Court before it can be determined whether he has the right.

THE BROADWAY STOCK ROBBERY.

Charles D. Cady, the Clerk, Arraigned Before Justice Hogan—Affidavit of Mr. Riker—The Prisoner Held to Await Further Investigations—His Antecedents.

Yesterday morning Detective FARLEY appeared before Justice HOGAN, at the Tombs Police Court, having in his custody CHARLES D. CADY, the young man who stands charged with the larceny of a large amount of stock certificates from the safe of his employers, Messrs. RIKER & Co., of No. 80 Broadway, as was fully reported in yesterday's TIMES. The prisoner was in a state of great and unusual excitement, he suffering from a severe attack of *delirium tremens*, the result of a sudden check to recent dissipation. When arraigned before the magistrate, Mr. NATHAN W. RIKER, the senior member of the defrauded firm, made the following affidavit against the prisoner:

Nathan W. Riker, of No. 80 Broadway, being duly sworn, deposes and says: That on the 30th day of November, 1866, 500 shares of the Atlantic and Pacific Gold and Silver Mining Company of Nevada Territory, certificates numbered as follows: 427, 222, 223, 341, 346, 264 and 295, and of the value of $3,000; 3,550 shares of the Holman Gold Company of New-York, certificates numbered as follows: 624, 625, 581, 486, 630, 631, 633, 634 and 349, and of the value of $775; 600 shares of the Bates and Baxter Gold Company of New-York, certificates numbered as follows: 53, 77, 436, 437, 439 and 433, and of the value of $1,200; 400 shares of the Quartz Hill Gold Mining Company of Nevada District, Colorado Territory, certificates numbered as follows: 1,381, 1,884, 2,003, 1,982, and of the value of $1,200; 6,000 shares of Keystone Silver Mining Company of the City of New-York, certificates numbered as follows: 424, 916, 914, 700, 984, 983, 950, 949, and of the value of $480, amounting in all to $6,655, the property of M. F. Hodges, but in deponent's custody and care as broker; and that this deponent has probable cause to suspect and does suspect that the said property was feloniously taken and carried away by Charles D. Cady, (now here:) that said Cady confessed to this deponent that he had stolen the same from this deponent.

It being stated by the complainant and the Police that they had good reason for believing that other stock certificates, not enumerated in the above complaint, had been stolen or abstracted from the safe of the firm, the magistrate granted a temporary commitment and remanded the prisoner for further examination, to allow of search being made for the stock certificates and monies alleged to be yet missing.

The prisoner is 26 years of age, a native of Providence, R. I., and resided in this City. He was educated at Brown's University, Providence, R. I., and appears to have been addicted to excessive dissipation and frequent and reckless gambling, by which means he managed to spend considerable sums of money. He was also supporting two or three frail women, whose extravagant wants and tastes he sought to gratify by appropriating property not his own. It now appears that Mr. RIKER had been frequently informed of the actions of young CADY in gambling, drinking, &c., but he refused to believe all such statements, owing to the high and irreproachable recommendations brought by CADY when he entered the employ of the firm.

During the preliminary examination yesterday, CADY confessed that he had some time ago endeavored to induce the errand boy of the firm to take a large number of certificates which he had himself abstracted from the office safe, and sell them in open market, offering to pay the boy $100 for his trouble. The messenger's refusal, however, had prevented the consummation of the crime at that time. Both Mr. RIKER and the prisoner agreed in stating that CADY had had frequent opportunity to rob the safe of still larger amounts than the one he now stands charged with.

BILLIARDS.

McDevitt Challenges Goldthwait to Play for $5,000—Exhibition in Jersey City.

JOHN MCDEVITT, of this City, has challenged his late opponent, WILLIAM GOLDTHWAIT, of Boston, to play the regular game, 1,500 points up, according to the standard regulations, for a stake of $2,500 a side. On Wednesday last MCDEVITT deposited $1,250, thus making the match half forfeit.

On Thursday evening, Joseph Dion, champion of America, John McDevitt, Pierre Carme, Michael Phelan, Prof. Lake, Edward Cahill and a dozen other billiard notabilities visited [illegible] Hotel, Jersey City, and formally reopened the billiard-room, which has been refitted with six new standard American tables. CARME and CAHILL played a push-barred game of 189 points, the former winning easily. DION and MCDEVITT followed in a game of 250 points, which DION, making, as his best, a run of 101, won by 42. After CARME had executed his fancy shots, the company adjourned to an upper room, when a substantial collation was served, Mr. E. D. TAYLOR presiding. JOHN TAYLOR, the celebrated pigeon-shooter, and half proprietor of the hotel, though absent, was toasted, as were Messrs. PHELAN, CARME, COLLENDER, E. D. TAYLOR, and DION. The latter gentleman left this city for Montreal yesterday. During his stay here an attempt was made to pit him against CARME at the four-ball game, pushing shots barred. CARME desired a second-sized carom table. DION was willing to descend from the standard size of table, and would consent to omit the push shot, but he insisted upon having a table with four pockets. CARME is the only first-class player in this country who uses a carom table, and the only one who practices upon a table of the second size.

The table designed for the Great Exposition is on exhibition at the manufactory of PHELAN & COLLENDER. Compared with this one, the best tables previously turned out by these celebrated makers appear altogether lacking in style and finish. This model table goes to Paris early in January next, and it is perfectly safe to predict that it will never be allowed to return, unless in possession of some enterprising American.

THE CASE OF REV. G. T. WILLIAMS.

The Preliminary Examination Continued at the Jefferson Market Police Court—Important Decision of Justice Dodge—Further Adjournment of the Case.

The announcement in the City journals of yesterday that the case of Rev. G. T. WILLIAMS, the alleged pickpocket, would be continued before Justice DODGE yesterday afternoon at the Jefferson Market Police Court, drew together an immense concourse of people, principally ladies, who soon filled the examination room, and thronged the passageways leading to the same. As the hour of commencement approached it was discovered that as many more people were waiting outside the building, unable to gain admittance. Meanwhile the atmosphere in the crowded examination room became almost unbearable, and respiration was next to impossible. It was therefore deemed advisable to adjourn the Court proper, and conduct the proceedings in this case in the main room. At 3 o'clock, after this most desirable change had been effected, there were not less than 1,000 persons crowded into the apartment, and the proceedings commenced.

Justice DODGE, upon taking his seat, said:

The Court, on yesterday, adjourned till this afternoon for the purpose of expressing its views relative to a motion of counsel for the defence, which raised a novel and important question, viz., whether a Committing Magistrate, as such, can admit testimony on the part of the accused, establishing good character, during a preliminary investigation. The Court is of the opinion that the views expressed by Mr. BEDFORD, as regards the inadmissibility of such evidence, are correct; but this being a most extraordinary and peculiar case, I have deemed it but proper, from the very commencement of the investigation up to yesterday afternoon, when the counsel raised the question of character, to allow great latitude in the investigation of this case. I therefore, after mature reflection, am willing to allow the accused to offer affidavits of character which may be annexed to the record.

Mr. PRYOR on behalf of the accused, objected to the decision of the Court. His client, rather than leave the presence of his Honor with a single shadow of doubt as to his innocence, would go to prison or walk to the stake. He asked no favors, and would accept none, and desired that the Court would render a pure, straight forward decision, either for or against admitting the testimony of character, upon purely legal grounds, and then he (Counsel) would be perfectly satisfied with the ruling.

Mr. BEDFORD, on behalf of the prosecution, replied briefly to opposing counsel, regretting the position he had assumed, and expressing the desire on his part, to deal liberally and generously. It was perfectly fair, he said, that affidavits of character should be admitted on the part of the defence at this time, since the Court had consented to allow it, and then the prosecution could present counter-affidavits. Of course, these would be simply attached to the record for the private use of Justice DODGE, and for no other purpose.

A lengthy discussion upon the matter of counter-affidavits, was then indulged in by counsel, which ended in Mr. BEDFORD's offer to withdraw the application for the privilege.

The proceedings were then adjourned until Monday, the 17th inst., at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Meantime Mr. PRYOR is to file the affidavits of his witnesses with Justice DODGE.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Nominations of Croton Aqueduct Commissioners—The Street Commissionership—Public Statutes.

The Board of Aldermen met at 2 P. M. yesterday, Mr. PRICE in the Chair.

The following communication was received from the Mayor:

MAYOR'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, Dec. 7, 1866.

To the Hon. the Board of Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN—I respectfully nominate the following persons for chief officers of the Croton Aqueduct Board, viz:

For President—JOHN J. BRADLEY, in place of THOS. STEPHENS, whose term of office has expired.

For Engineer—ALFRED W. CRAVEN, (reappointed.)

For Assistant Commissioner—NATHANIEL JARVIS, Jr., in place of ROBERT L. DARRAGH, whose term of office has expired.

JOHN T. HOFFMAN, Mayor.

On motion of Mr. RYERS it was laid over.

Mr. RYERS moved to take up the Mayor's communication nominating Mr. EMANUEL B. HART for Street Commissioner, and to reject the nomination.

Mr. VARNUM said he should like to have a man nominated for Street Commissioner who was not a politician. Mr. HART had been connected with politics for a great many years past. He hoped the Mayor would nominate a man that they knew less of than they did of Mr. HART.

The nomination was rejected by a vote of 9 to 6.

Mr. GEDNEY called up the report of the Committee in favor of setting apart a space at the junction of Sixth-avenue and Broadway for the erection thereon, by public subscription, of life-size statues of FULTON and MORSE.

Mr. VARNUM objected to the report. If adopted they would soon be called upon to erect statues on every vacant piece of ground. He saw by the report that the Mayor was to receive the subscriptions. He could not see the good of bringing the Mayor into the matter.

Mr. GEDNEY said the subscribers wanted to have their money safe, and therefore the Mayor had been named as Treasurer.

Mr. SHANNON said if safety was the object the members of the Committee should be allowed to take care of the money. It would be quite safe then.

The report was adopted.

The Board then adjourned to 3 P. M. to-day.

OUR FERRIES.

The Ferry-boat Idaho Disaster—Investigation by the Board of Health.

In accordance with a resolution adopted by the Board of Health at a recent meeting, Sanitary Superintendent Dr. DALTON yesterday morning commenced an investigation at his office into the causes leading to the burning of the ferry-boat *Idaho*. It will be remembered that this boat was burned a short time since while crossing from New-York to Williamsburgh. There were but few passengers on board at the time, and these were all saved, although some of them were forced to jump into the river. There were present yesterday morning several of the members of the New-York and Brooklyn Ferry Company, to which the *Idaho* belonged, R. H. HUNTLEY, Esq., counsel for the Company, R. B. EATON, Esq., counsel for the Board of Health, and several other gentlemen.

Mr. EATON stated the object of the investigation. He said that the impression had long prevailed in the public mind that the ferry-boats running accross our rivers were not properly provided with the means of saving life, and that a proper regard to the safety of passengers was not had by these companies. He also said that the impression also prevailed that the Board of Health had power to compel the ferry companies to adopt proper precautions, and he was in receipt of a letter from a gentleman residing in Brooklyn, who said he thought the Board should inspect and regulate all the ferry-boats. The gentleman said that the authority of the Board did not extend so far as that, but, under the twenty-second section of the act, the Board was empowered to inspect all vessels, as to their safety and sanitary condition. If these were found unsatisfactory the Board undoubtedly had a right to prosecute in case of accident resulting from such neglect. He said this investigation could not be considered as a legal examination, and the Board had no authority to compel the attendance of the Company or of witnesses, but the Board felt that it owed it to the public to ascertain, if possible, the causes which led to a disaster which, at another hour of the day, might have resulted in a frightful loss of life. If there was any neglect or carelessness on the part of the Company it is right and proper for the public to know it, and if this investigation shows such negligence it may form the basis of a legal prosecution.

Mr. EATON said that the Company was invited to participate in the investigation, and he was glad to see that it was represented by its stockholders and by counsel, and that it had manifested its readiness to supply all information in its power.

Mr. HUNTLEY said it appears that this investigation is in the nature of a preliminary examination before a magistrate, and upon your report the Board of Health will decide whether or not a prosecution of the Company will be entered upon. I am authorized to state that the Company will furnish every facility in its power for a full and searching investigation. The whole public, as well as the Board of Health, is interested in this matter. Hundreds of thousands of people cross the river upon these ferries, and they have a right to know whether or not the companies adopt proper means to secure their safety. The public looks to this investigation to develop facts in regard not only to this company, but others also. Therefore, in conducting this investigation, it is essential that *facts* should be dealt with. The public does not want a repetition of mere rumors, but will look to your report for truthful and satisfying statements in regard to our ferry-boats—not only in regard to the *Idaho*, but all other boats. This end may be secured, it is better for you and for us to come here prepared for a protracted investigation. I do not wish it understood that because counsel appears here for the Company, that it is for the purpose of taking advantage of any technicality, for I shall make no objection to any line of inquiry that may be adopted, and will do everything in my power to to assist in making such inquiry thorough. I appear for the purpose of facilitating the transaction of the business, and am glad to see that the Board is represented by counsel also. The public will be better satisfied to know that the whole matter has been sifted by gentlemen whose business it is to conduct such matters. The Company is here this morning ready to go on, and has brought up some of its employes who were engaged upon the *Idaho*. But for myself, I regret to say that I have to fulfill a previous engagement, and shall not be able to attend this morning. I would therefore ask that the matter be postponed to another day.

Mr. CROSS, one of the stockholders of the Company, said that the Company courted the investigation, and was ready to go on. He was sorry the counsel could not be present, but if it was thought best to proceed, he was ready.

Mr. EATON said that the only objection to an adjournment was, that several witnesses were in attendance in behalf of the people, and it was something of a hardship to ask them to leave their business and come another day.

After some discussion the witnesses volunteered to attend on Monday, and the further hearing was postponed until 3 o'clock P. M. of that day.

Dr. DALTON requested that any person who can give any testimony in reference to this disaster, who was on the *Idaho* at the time she was burnt, or who knows how she was equipped, to come forward and testify in the interest of the public.

The investigation will doubtless be a lengthy one, and will probably be extended to all the ferries. Whoever has complaints to make in reference to any of the ferry-boats, will be doing a public service by volunteering his testimony.

Statistics of Emigration.

The following table, prepared by the Commissioners of Emigration, shows the number of passengers brought by sailing and steam vessels, and the comparative mortality and births on the voyage, for November, 1866:

STEAMSHIPS.

Port of Sailing.	No. of Vessels.	Cabin Passengers.	Steerage Passengers.	Births.	Deaths.
Bremen	3	538	1,544	1	1
Glasgow	3	85	764	..	..
Havre	4	859	489	..	52
Hamburg	4	391	2,325	6	6
London, via Havre	2	91	844	..	1
London	..	..	..	..	..
Liverpool	19	1,129	6,337	2	1
Rotterdam	..	..	..	..	..
Wales	..	..	..	..	..
Total	35	3,073	12,303	9	61
Total to Oct. 31, from Jan. 1, 1866	341	22,979	137,962	74	753
Total from Jan. 1 to Dec. 1, 1866	376	26,052	150,265	83	814

SAILING VESSELS.

Port of Sailing.	No. of Vessels.	Cabin Passengers.	Steerage Passengers.	Births.	Deaths.
Bremen	9	51	2,512	7	22
Glasgow	..	..	..	..	..
Havre	3	..	639	..	39
Hamburg	4	5	1,132	2	89
London, via Havre	..	..	..	..	..
London	2	3	192	..	4
Liverpool	8	1	975	..	4
Rotterdam	4	12	102	..	2
Wales	1	..	8	..	..
Total	31	72	5,560	9	160
Total to Oct. 31, from Jan. 1, 1866	302	540	67,196	144	663
Total from Jan. 1 to Dec. 1, 1866	333	612	72,756	153	823

TOTAL.

Port of Sailing.	No. of Vessels.	Cabin Passengers.	Steerage Passengers.	Births.	Deaths.
Bremen	12	589	4,056	8	23
Glasgow	3	85	764	..	..
Havre	7	839	1,128	..	91
Hamburg	8	396	3,457	8	95
London, via Havre	2	91	844	..	1
London	2	3	192	..	4
Liverpool	27	1,130	7,312	2	5
Rotterdam	4	12	102	..	2
Wales	1	..	8	..	..
Total	66	3,145	17,863	18	221
Total to Oct. 31, from Jan. 1, 1866	643	23,519	205,158	218	1416
Total from Jan. 1 to Dec. 1, 1866	709	26,664	223,021	236	1637

Board of City Canvassers.

This Board met, pursuant to adjournment, yesterday, and commenced the canvass of the returns from the Third and Eighth Aldermanic Districts. Many of the returns were found to be incorrect, and several are still missing.

The following communication was handed in, read, and referred to a Special Committee of Five, after which the Board adjourned to this morning:

NEW-YORK, Dec. 6, 1866.

To the Board of City Canvassers of the City of New-York:

GENTLEMEN: Please take notice that I protest against the counting of any ballots for the office of Comptroller of the City of New-York indorsed with the words "For Comptroller of the City of New-York," or of any ballots not indorsed with the words "City and County Number Six," and demand that you keep a record of the indorsement of the ballots counted.

Yours, very respectfully,
MICHAEL CONNOLLY.

POLICE COURTS.

The Tombs—Before Justice Hogan.

ACCUSED OF BURGLARY.

During the night of the 16th ult., the store of ADOLPH OBRIG, No. 60 Duane-street, was entered by burglars, by means of false keys, when about $200 worth of goods were carried off. Acting upon certain information received on Monday last, Detective WOOLDRIDGE, of the Sixth Precinct, and Officer JACKSON, of the Fourteenth, arrested JOHN CLARK, *alias* "Bourbon John," whom they believed to have had a hand in the burglary. The accused was secured at his residence, on the corner of Stanton and Orchard streets, when a portion of the stolen goods was discovered in his possession. Yesterday afternoon, the prisoner, who is well known to the Police, was arraigned before the Court and remanded for examination. Why the accused was not brought up before did not appear.

Jefferson Market—Before Justice Ledwith.

VIOLATED CONFIDENCE.

If the sworn testimony in this case be true, JOSEPH MURPHY is in a decided "fix," from which, perhaps, escape, except through Sing Sing Prison, will be impossible. He is charged with burglariously entering the liquor-store kept by MICHAEL O'REILLY at No. 78 Third-avenue, and stealing from a wardrobe in the back room a quantity of clothing valued at $300, with which he escaped. It is probable that the matter would have ended here, had it not been for MURPHY's imprudence in sharing the secret with another, who revealed it to the police. Hence his arrest. He was committed for examination in default of bail.

Essex Market—Before Justice Mansfield.

ATTEMPT AT BURLARY.

HENRY JENS, a German grocer, who keeps a store at No. 35 Eldridge-street, yesterday appeared in Court as complainant against a young man named MICHAEL MORROW, whom he charged with having forced open a side door leading into to the store, on the night of Thursday, the 6th inst., with the intention of stealing $800 worth of groceries and liquors. The accused was committed for examination in default of the required bail.

LAW REPORTS.

Validity of Mexican Land Grants within the Border Leagues of the United States—Trespass under Common Law and the Statute of Texas.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

Christy, Plaintiff in Error, vs. *Pridgeon, Administrator, &c.*—This is an appeal from a judgment of the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Texas.

The plaintiff, Christy, brought this action of trespass to try title against the defendant, Pridgeon, for eleven leagues of land situated in Harrison County, Texas. It was admitted that the land in controversy, or that embraced within the boundary of the grant under which plaintiff claims, was, at the date of said grant, and remained within the twenty frontier leagues bordering on the United States line of the north; and the plaintiff will offer no evidence on the trial other than the grant under which he claims, conducing to show the assent or approbation of the National Executive of the Republic of Mexico to the making of the grant. The Court, on this ground, ruled that the plaintiff's grant was illegal and void, and excluded it from the Jury. Thereupon the Jury found for the defendant. And the alleged error in this decision is the question before the Court.

The plaintiff in error claims that the judgment should be reversed without regard to the question whether the title shown by plaintiff was valid. The defendant claims no title, not even possession. The defendant denies the trespass, but by the code of Texas the trespass need not be proved by plaintiff, but is presumed until disproved or disclaimed. This provision was intended to place the case in the same condition as ejectment, under the consent rule of the common law. The statutory presumption of trespass includes the presumption of prior possession trespassed upon. The prior possession of plaintiff is shown, moreover, by the *testimonio* of title from the Alcalde of Nacogdoches to Arciniega, by which he was placed in "formal possession, effective and personal," and by the subsequent conveyances from Arciniega to Hodge, and from Hodge to Christy, read in evidence on the trial. The recital as to possession is *prima facie* evidence of the fact recited. A mere intruder, entering on a person actually seized cannot, when sued, require him to prove title. Prior possession is enough to sustain an action against a trespasser without color of title. There is nothing in the form of the action of trespass in Texas, which renders this settled principle of the common law inapplicable to this case. Hence, even if the sale to Arciniega were invalid, yet the statutory presumption of possession and the recital in the *testimonio* of the delivery of personal possession, entitled plaintiff to a recovery, and therefore the Court erred in withdrawing plaintiff's evidence from the consideration of the Jury. The plaintiff's title being on its face regular and valid, and there being no evidence admissible under the pleadings impugning it, it was error for the Court to withdraw it from the consideration of the Jury. If the consent of the Supreme Executive of Mexico were necessary to the location of a concession in sale to a Mexican in the border leagues, this sale having been made in due form, the assent will be presumed in the absence of any evidence indicating that it was not given. A long argument is submitted on the question whether the fact that the lands were within twenty frontier leagues bordering on the United States line north, affected the title.

The defendant in error contends that the invalidity and nullity of the Mexican grants within the eleven coast and twenty border leagues of Texas, unless the assent of the Supreme Executive of Mexico was affirmatively shown to such grants, were repeatedly and firmly settled by the Supreme Court of Texas in a series of cases.

Thomas Ewing, Jr., for plaintiff in error. Green Adams and Robert Leech for defendant in error.

THURSDAY, Dec. 6.

On motion of Mr. Carlisle, L. B. Wizner, Esq., of California, was admitted an attorney, &c., of this Court.

On motion of Mr. Carpenter, Gen. George B. Smith, of Wisconsin, was admitted an attorney, &c., of this Court.

On motion of Hon. Reverdy Johnson, Thomas R. Bouden, Esq., of Virginia, was admitted an attorney, &c., of this Court.

No. 22—Wm. Christy, plaintiff in error, vs. Wiley W. Pridgeon, administrator, &c.—Cause argued by Mr. Thomas Ewing, Jr., for plaintiff in error, and by Mr. Adams for defendant.

No. 25—Ambrose Lanfear, plaintiff in error, vs. H. L. Huntly.—Argument commenced by Mr. Dick for the plaintiff in error, and continued by Messrs. Janin and Riddle for defendant in error.

UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS.

THURSDAY, Dec. 6.

Theophilus E. Sickles vs. The United States.—Cause reargued by Mr. Norton, Solicitor, and Mr. Kerr, Deputy Solicitor for the United States, and by Mr. McPherson for claimant.

David A. Gilbert vs. The United States.—Cause reargued on demurrer by Mr. Norton, Solicitor, and Mr. Kerr, Deputy Solicitor for the United States, and by Mr. Jolliffe for claimant.

Important Railroad Decision—Rights of Property Owners.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—EASTERN DISTRICT.

Before Judges Nelson and Benedict.

John H. Osborne vs. *The Brooklyn City Railroad Company.*—The bill in this case was filed by John H. Osborne, a citizen of the State of New-Jersey, who avers that he is the owner in fee of certain lots upon Greene-avenue, a public street in the City of Brooklyn, and is also owner in fee of the portion of that avenue in front of his lots to the centre of the street, subject only to the public easement; that the defendants are about laying a city railroad track through said avenue and upon the land of the complainant in that street, without making compensation to the complainant or other lot-owners; and that the laying of such track is without the consent of the majority of the lot-owners and without authority in law; that such use of the street will greatly injure and depreciate the lots upon it, and the aid of this Court, by its writ of injunction, is necessary to prevent irreparable injury.

Upon this bill a motion was made to restrain the defendants from laying any track in Greene-avenue, and after hearing, the injunction was granted by the District Judge—the same to have the effect of a temporary injunction, with liberty to the defendants to move for its dissolution on short notice upon the same or additional papers. Whereupon the defendants, upon additional papers, now move before both Judges for a dissolution of the injunction.

By the Court—Benedict, District Judge.—This case in its present posture raises questions different from those discussed upon the motion for the injunction. The additional papers now read show that the complainant derives title to the lots described in the bill from one of the parties to an action lately pending in the Supreme Court of the State to obtain the same relief here sought; that the deeds to the complainant were executed the day after a similar injunction was dissolved by the Supreme Court in that action, and but three or four days previous to the filing of the bill in this Court. These deeds, with the others produced, also show that the land conveyed to the complainant does not extend to the centre of Greene-avenue, but terminates at the side of the street, and consequently that the complainant is not the owner in fee or otherwise of any portion of the land composing Greene-avenue, but is simply an abutting proprietor.

Upon these facts it is insisted on behalf of the defendants that the motive for the conveyance of the lots to the complainant was manifestly in order to transfer to the national Courts a controversy commenced in the State Courts, and that under such circumstances this Court, notwithstanding the discontinuance of the suit in the State Courts, should decline to exercise jurisdiction.

This objection to the proceedings of the complainant is not well taken. The deeds show a legal title conveyed to the complainant for a valuable consideration, and it is conceded that he is a citizen of New-Jersey. This gives the Court jurisdiction. "The jurisdiction flows from the citizenship of the parties; the right to recover from the sufficiency of the title, and that is a matter purposely to be discussed upon the trial of the merits." (Story, J., Briggs *vs.* French, 2 Lumm, 258.) So long as an actual conveyance has been made, it matters not what may have been the motive which led to it. And the national Courts do not decline jurisdiction, although it be conceded that the plaintiff has taken title for the purpose of enabling resort to be had to these Courts. This precise point was decided by the Supreme Court in Smith *vs.* Kernochan, 7 How.

But it is further insisted that, inasmuch as the compainant is not shown to be owner in fee of any land in the avenue and over which the railroad is to run, he cannot maintain the action in the absence of proof of special damage. Such is unquestionably the law. Assuming that the defendants have no legal authority whatever to lay down their track in Greene-avenue and that their position is that of parties about to erect a public nuisance, which affects the right of every person entitled to use Greene-avenue as a street, that is to say of the whole community, they do not propose to enter upon any land of the complainant, and the damage occasioned by the road to the complainant will not be different in kind or degree from that sustained by every other lot-owner upon the avenue. It is damage resulting from the depreciation of the value of lots abutting on the street by reason of a railroad running through it, in front of, but not over the complainant's land. Now it is well settled that damage, sustained by all the individuals of a large class alike, furnishes no foundation for an action on the part of a single individual of the class. (Lansing *vs.* Smith, 8 Con., 146; Davis *vs.* The Mayor, &c., 14 N. Y. Rep., 528.) It was incumbent, therefore, on the defendant to show some special damage sustained or likely to be sustained by him, differing in kind from that sustained by the neighborhood, to entitle him to ask the interference of the Court in his behalf. No such damage is pretended to exist, and its absence is fatal to the complainant on this motion.

The question so much discussed upon the motion for the injunction whether the grant of the right to lay down and use a railroad track in a public street, for the purpose of transporting passengers about a city in horse cars, is a new burden upon the land on which the rails are laid, for which compensation must be made, appears now to be out of the case, and its discussion is unnecessary here.

For the reasons stated, we are clearly of the opinion that the motion should be granted, and the injunction dissolved.

For the complainant, Mr. Evarts, Mr. Dimmick and Mr. Perry; for defendant, Mr. Murphy, Mr. Jenks and Mr. Glover.

Straw Bonders in Trouble.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE.

Before Commissioner Betts.

James Coddington was yesterday arrested and brought before United States Commissioner BETTS, charged with filling up bonds for persons applying at the office of the Collector of Internal Revenue for licenses, such bonds being worthless. This is one of a new kind of cases likely to engage the attention of the authorities considerably, as persons are known to be in the habit of signing bonds of this kind for certain various considerations in money.

Charles Shove testified: I reside at No. 34 East Twenty-fourth-street, and work at No. 77 Robinson-street; I know defendant; have known him two or three months; have seen this bond (bond shown) before, at either No. 73 or No. 83 Cedar-street, in the Collector's office; first saw it there; in October, I think; cannot tell the exact date; it was in the Collector's office; on the day I first saw that bond I had an interview with Coddington in reference to it, at the corner of Liberty-st.; the conversation I had was more particularly with Archibald; defendant was present and I suppose could have heard it; defendant joined in; we all conversed together; Archibald wanted me to go round and personate him in the execution of a bond; he told me the bond was all right and he wanted me to go round there and personate him, as he didn't want to go around; defendant said it was all right; he said everything was fixed up, but they didn't want to go round there; defendant said the reason they didn't want to go round there was that the Collector had sent for them, and they didn't want to go there for fear he might know them; that was the substance of the conversation; I went around and personated Archibald and came away; I received payment for my services from Archibald, in money amounting to $15; the same day he gave me $10 after I came back, in front of No. 77 Nassau-street; defendant was not present; Remi accompanied me to the Collector's; a man named Andrew went in company; Andrew represented the other surety; I saw Andrew first that day at the conversation with Archibald and defendant; we four met together, and the conversation turned on this job; they told me Archibald and defendant were on a bond together, and they employed me to personate Archibald, and they employed Andrew to personate the other party, which was Coddington, as I understood it; Archibald told me while we were together, and defendant could hear, that his own name was on, and that Coddington was only the name of Harrington; defendant gave a card to Andrew with directions on it—J. Harrington, some residence, I don't remember what; when I was in jail defendant came to see me; I told him what I was there for; he said he would try to get me out; I told him I thought he had sent me there; he said he didn't.

Cross-Examination.—This bond was not present when we had the conversation, nor at any conversation with defendant; I didn't write the name of Archibald to it, nor see it written; did not see any of the names written; I am not a subscribing witness to it; the conversation was in a saloon; heard defendant say that Andrew was to represent him and that I was to represent Archibald; I don't think I should know the man I called Remi, if I was to see him; he was sworn and paid for the license; I made up my mind that Coddington had put me here and I made the affidavit against him; when I get into a scrape I am bound to get out of it if I can; I consider I had committed an offence and I was bound to save myself; I made up my mind that if I made an affidavit against those ahead of me they would have to save me to save themselves.

The case was adjourned till the 15th inst., at 11 o'clock A. M.

Twenty Thousand Dollars Claimed Against a Railroad Company for Personal Injuries—An Important Trial.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—PART III—DEC. 7.

Before Justice Charles Mason and a Jury.

Caroline Rexford vs. The Seventh-avenue Railroad Company.—The trial of this cause was commenced yesterday. It is brought for the purpose of recovering the sum of $20,000 damages against the Seventh-avenue Railroad Company on account of personal injuries alleged to have been sustained by the plaintiff, under the following circumstances: Caroline Rexford is the wife of George C. Rexford, and in June, 1865, they resided at No. 84 Greenwich-avenue, in this City. For some time previous to that date, the lady had been suffering from neuralgia in one or both of her lower limbs, and especially in the right knee-joint. For a time she had been wholly confined to her house, but on the day in question she was able to go a little way on crutches, with the aid of an attendant. Her little daughter, aged about nine years, started with her to go a short distance to the office of her physician, Dr. Ward, whose patient she was at the time. The complaint in the action then goes on to state that on the corner of Twelfth-street the plaintiff hailed a car for the purpose of getting in. The conductor, it is alleged, was at that time on the front platform with the driver, at which place he rang the bell for the car to stop. The little girl got on the car; one of her crutches the plaintiff handed to a gentleman passenger on the rear platform, and the other she retained for the purpose of guiding her in getting on the car. The conductor, from the inside, rang the bell, and the car started just as plaintiff got hold of the iron guard attached to the rear platform. She could neither let go nor get on the car, and hence, as she says, was dragged over the pave for twelve or fifteen feet, and so badly injured in consequence that her physicians found it necessary, three or four months after, to amputate her right leg. It is furthermore claimed that the conductor, being inside the car, where he ought not to have been when he rang the bell, is *prima facie* evidence of negligence, for the consequences of which the Company ought to be held liable.

The testimony on the part of the plaintiff is concluded, and the defence will open on Monday next, at 10 o'clock. One branch of the defence is, that the lady was so diseased prior to the accident that her leg would necessarily have had to be amputated, and that this occurrence did not contribute to that result.

For plaintiff, Messrs. G. T. Jenks, Piper and Foster; for defendants, Ex-Recorder Smith and Robinson & Scribner.

Motion for Discovery of Books, &c.—Important Action Against a Silver Mining Company—How Some Companies are Managed—Decision of the Court.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Sutherland.

Wm. E. Johnston vs. The Consolidated Silver Mining, Reese River, and Union District Company, and Another.—In this case the complaint and affidavits of the plaintiff set forth that he, being the owner of some ten mines in Nevada, valued in the aggregate at $50,000, made a deed to one Thomas F. Gould, whereby, for the nominal sum of $1, the same were conveyed, but with the express understanding that Gould would proceed to New-York and dispose of the same, with other mines then in his hands, and in which he had an interest; and furthermore, that he would secure to the plaintiff the purchase price of the mines, at whatever sum they were sold. That in pursuance of this agreement, Gould came on to New-York, and entered into negotiations with one J. H. Cheever and with others, which negotiations resulted in the formation of the consolidated Silver Mining Company, with a capital stock of $8,000,000; that Gould conveyed the mining property intrusted to him by the plaintiff to be sold to this Company, and that this property, with other mining interests, formed the basis of the full paid stock of the Company. That the larger portion of this stock was set apart by Gould by way of compensation of the property so conveyed, and other portions were set apart to corporators of the Company, for which in fact they paid nothing. The plaintiff further alleges that the Company have sold of their stock enough to realize $500,000; that Gould as Secretary of the Company, is receiving the sum of $10,000 salary; that $12,000 has been fixed at the salary of the President, and that the salaries of the other officers are proportionately large. The plaintiff then goes on to state that Gould and others connected with the Company are seeking to dispose of their stock to *bona fide* purchasers, without making any compensation to him for his mines, which he, Gould, held as trustee for the plaintiff's benefit. He also alleges that he has been in this City since last Spring seeking a settlement, but has been put off from time to time by the promises of Gould, some of which were made in the presence of other officers of the Company, that he, plaintiff, should be paid; that soon before the commencement of this suit, Gould left for Nevada without having made any provision for the payment to the plaintiff of his claim, and that the Company now refuse to recognize any claim which he may have against them.

The affidavits then set forth that the plaintiff made application for permission to inspect the books and papers relating to the transfers from Gould, but that all access was denied, and permission to examine the books, &c., was peremptorily refused. The plaintiff thereupon found it necessary to apply to the Court for an order to compel the discovery of books, &c., in pursuance of the statute. The plaintiff claims to have an interest to the extent of at least $50,000.

The motion was argued by Mr. E. W. Dodge for the plaintiff, who claimed that the action was in the nature of a bill of discovery, and that it was the duty of the Court to aid him in discovering whether, in fact, the Company were privy to the fraud which he alleges has been perpetrated on the plaintiff, and that the only way in which this discovery could be made, was by an examination of the books. They also asked, Mr. Dodge said, for an injunction and the appointment of a receiver.

The Court, after a full argument, rendered the following decision yesterday:

"I think the plaintiff is entitled to an inspection of the books, papers, &c., of the Company. He may have an order to that effect, which must be settled on notice; and after such inspection or discovery, he may renew his motion for an injunction, &c., if he shall be so advised by his counsel. No costs on this motion."

For plaintiff, E. W. Dodge, Esq.; for defendants, Mr. Traphagen.

Further Admissions to the Bar—The Committee on Character to Report.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM—DEC. 7.

Ordered that the Committee on Character heretofore appointed, be continued, and that the cases of those applicants for admission which have not been passed upon by the Committee be referred to them, to be reported on at the adjourned day of this term, on Saturday, Dec. 15, inst.

WM. C. CONNER, Clerk.

Suit for Lawyer's Fees.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART I.—DEC. 7.

Before Justice McCunn.

John B. Ireland vs. Christian S. Delavan.—This was an action to recover $580 for professional services claimed to have been rendered by plaintiff in the attempt to collect sundry claims belonging to defendant. The defence was that plaintiff agreed to take certain claims against Peter Y. Cutler and others, which defendant considered worthless, and endeavor to collect them under a special agreement that he was to have 15 per cent. of the amount collected, and defendant to pay disbursements, but not counsel fees. No money was collected and the bill presented by plaintiff amounted to more than 50 per cent of the claims.

The Jury gave a verdict for the plaintiff for $149 17.

Larned and Warren, for plaintiff; John Oakey, for defendant.

Swindling and False Imprisonment—Bounty Brokers and Stool-pigeons—One of Our Distillery Inspectors and How he Got his Appointment.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—PART I—DEC. 7.

Before Judge Daly and a Jury.

Michael Mulhall vs. Peter Butterby.—Plaintiff in this action charges that on the 13th of October, 1864, while he was in defendant's place of business in Second-avenue, a man claiming to be a United States Provost-Marshal from Newark, N. J., came in and claimed him as his prisoner, exhibiting what appeared to be the legal papers authorizing the arrest, consisting of a requisition from the Governor of New-Jersey on the Governor of New-York, with the signatures of both officials, &c., &c.; that defendant, acting in concert with this bogus Provost-Marshal, pretended to intercede in behalf of plaintiff and finally induced the pretended officer to accept of $100 from plaintiff to let him go, and report him "not to be found;" that plaintiff was persuaded by defendant to pay the $100 rather than be taken a prisoner to New-Jersey, although he had done nothing to warrant the arrest, which as he claims was a conspiracy between defendant and the pretended officer to defraud him out of money; that he was kept a prisoner for a long time, put to great bodily fear, and through the advice of defendant was induced to conceal himself for several days after the pretended arrest to the great injury of his business. For all which he claims damages to the amount of $5,100. This is plaintiff's story as contained in his complaint, to which defendant put in a general denial.

During the trial, however, several interesting facts were developed not contained in the pleadings; among others, that the plaintiff, who is a baker by trade, had speculated in a small way on soldiers' bounties, having realized the snug little sum of $400 by taking a soldier to New-Jersey to be enlisted. The most interesting item, however, came out in the testimony of one Matthew Coyle, a witness introduced by the plaintiff, who testified that he was hired by the defendant, Butterby, to work up the little fraudulent scheme against the defendant; that the pretended Provost-Marshal was a bogus officer, and that the whole thing was got up to swindle Mulhall. He testified that after the $100 was paid to the bogus officer he called on him the same evening and got it back, and paid $70 of the amount to Butterby, keeping $30 for himself. Subsequently he informed plaintiff of the trick that had been played on him, and advised the commencement of a suit against Butterby. On the cross-examination he stated that he was now holding an office under Government, being Inspector of the Eleventh-street Distillery.

This announcement appeared to strike the Court with surprise, and Judge DALY took the liberty of asking the witness how he obtained the situation, informing him at the same time that he was not obliged to answer it unless he chose. The witness said he was recommended for it. The Judge asked who recommended him, and he said Mat. Green.

At the close of the examination of this witness the case was adjourned to Monday next.

N. J. Foster for plaintiff; Mr. Bryan for defendant.

The Breach of Promise and Seduction Case.

The case of Mary Ann Gaffney *vs.* Felix Dougherty for damages for seduction and breach of promise of marriage, reported yesterday in the Superior Court before Judge MONELL, was concluded by a verdict of $740 for the plaintiff.

Court of Oyer and Terminer.

Before Judge Barnard.

MYSTERY SOLVED.

Leonard Fay, indicted for homicide of the degree of murder, pleaded guilty of manslaughter in the fourth degree. He was charged with having caused the death of Frederick Fitzmaxer, by shooting him with a pistol in the head, at about 2 o'clock in the morning of the 11th of September, in front of the house No. 51 Frankfort-street. The testimony given at the Coroner's inquest shortly after the occurrence did nothing to clear up the mystery by which the case was surrounded, excepting the doubt thrown upon Fay by the evidence of Catharine Friend. Remanded for sentence.

A MARINE BUTCHER.

James Harris, indicted for homicide of the degree of murder, pleaded guilty of manslaughter in the fourth degree. The prisoner was a seaman on board the ship *New World*. On the 20th of July there was a quarrel on board the ship as to who had stolen a bottle of whisky belonging to the prisoner. He got one man down and kicked him several times, and Patrick Mullen, boatswain, was at the time standing with his hand on the mainsail, when the prisoner turned suddenly upon him, drew a knife and plunged it in his right breast, turning it round while yet in the wound, at the same time saying, "It was you who did it." He twisted the knife around, drew it out and threw it away, saying he was now satisfied. Deceased died in twenty minutes after he was stabbed.

The prisoner was sentenced to the State Prison for two years.

Decisions.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—DEC. 7.

By Justice Ingraham.

Alfred Field, et al., *vs.* Isaac L. Hunt, et. al.; James Waters *vs.* Lydia S. Waters; Thomas M. Isett *vs.* The City of Muscatine; reference ordered to ascertain the amount due to plaintiff. George W. Low *vs.* Stephen B. Story; motion granted for the first Friday of January. Moritz Besels *vs.* Gottleib Wakerlin; motion granted. Hammond *vs.* The Pacific Mail Steamship Company; temporary injunction modified and transfer of all stock heretofore sold by the Company allowed. Max Herzog *vs.* James N. Gotendorf, &c.; report confirmed and judgment for relief demanded in the complaint granted. Edward S. Saffray, et al., *vs.* Moses Straus; motion granted on payment of costs of defendant's and judgment and $10 for this motion; the judgment to stand as security.

By Judge Barnard.

Henry J. Good *vs.* A. M. De Lavalette; reference ordered to hear and determine.

Court of General Sessions.

Before Recorder Hackett.

A DISHONEST LODGER.

JOHN WHEELER pleaded guilty of an attempt at grand larceny. WHEELER was in the habit of frequenting the supper-rooms of HARMAN F. SCHROEDER, No. 16 Leroy-place, and on the night of the 22d of November asked and received permission to sleep there all night; that next morning Mr. SCHROEDER got up and found that a room had been broken into and money and clothing stolen therefrom to the value of $222, and as WHEELER had gone and left his coat behind, and had taken the coat belonging to another gentleman away with him, of course suspicion fell on him. Accordingly, Mr. SCHROEDER and Policeman PICKETT, of the Eighth Precinct, arrested him at the house No. 93 Greene-street, and found in his possession the missing coat and other articles which had been taken from the room alluded to. The articles were all fully identified. The prisoner was sentenced to the State Prison for two years and six months.

A HORSE THIEF.

William Dooley, indicted for grand larceny, was put on trial. On the 22d day of June he went to the stable of George Shipman, No. 262 Spring-street, and hired a horse, harness and wagon for the day, but did not return at the time stipulated; indeed, did not return at all. He was not seen again until the 13th day of November, the time at which Officer Tully, of the Eighth Precinct, arrested him. When arrested he pleaded that he had hired the property not for himself, but for a man named Rogers, living near Paterson, New-Jersey, who had it in his possession. The value of the property was $700. The jury rendered a verdict of guilty, and the Court sentenced the prisoner to the State Prison for five years.

THEFT OF CARPET STRETCHERS.

Herman Wagner pleaded guilty of an attempt at grand larceny. He stole a case of carpet stretchers and tackers from George F. Nichols, No. 40 Cortlandt-street, on the 8th of October, and when he was arrested, along with Otto Rusch, the property was found his possession, and was subsequently identified. He was remanded for sentence.

A STABBING CASE.

John Wilson pleaded guilty of an assault with a dangerous weapon with intent to do bodily harm. On the 29th of October he stabbed James Flood, of No. 349 Water-street, in the shoulder with a knife. He was remanded for sentence.

Chas. Hart, *alias* Wesley Allen, who forfeited his bail by not responding to his name when called on Monday, was about to be arrested on a bench warrant, but yesterday surrendered himself and demanded trial. The charge against him is stealing a watch and chain from the room of a gentleman at the Hoffman House, last September. His case is set down for next Tuesday.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—Dec. 7, 1866.

80,000	U. S. 6s, '81....C.	113	300	West. U. Tel	46⅛
3,000	U. S. 5s, '74....C. Indorsed	104	100	At. Mail St. C.	103⅝
50,000	U.S.6s,5-20s.C.'65 New Issue	108¾	50	do	103
11,000	do	108⅞	600	Boston W. P.	30⅝
100,000	US.6s,5-20s.C.'64	106¾	700	do	30¾
45,000	Tr. Notes, 7 3-10s. Sec. Ser	105⅝	100	do.....2d call	30½
55,000	do.3d S..Small	105½	200	do	30¼
35,000	do	105¼	200	Pac. Mail S. S. Co.	171½
9,000	Tenn. St. 6s, new	69½	100	N. Y. Central	110⅞
21,000	do	70	500	do	110¾
15,000	N.Car.St.6s...x-c	55	2400	Erie Railroad	71
20,000	N. Car. 6s, N.	55	5	do	70
10,000	Missouri 6s	92¾	500	do.....2d call	71
29,000	do	93	22	N. Y. & N. H. R.	117½
1,000	Mo. 6s, Pacific R. Issue	93	2000	Reading R.	110¾
10,000	O. & M. C.	29	2000	do.....b10	110¾
10,000	do	28⅞	2500	do	110⅝
40,000	do	28¾	100	Mich. Cen.	111
2,000	Mich. So. 2d M.	90	500	M. S. & N. I.	79
10,000	Mich. So.S.F.Bs.	96	1700	do	79
1,000	Chi. & N.W.1stM	89	200	do.....s6	78¼
10,000	Tol.& Wab.2d M.	75	300	do.....s60	78
4,000	C.& R.I.Pa.R.7s.	93¼	100	Cleve. & Pitts	84
2,000	Mich. C. 8s. N.Bs	110	200	do	83¾
5	Bank of America	138	42	Cle. Col. & Cin. R.	109
5	Hanover Bank	112	200	Chi. & N. W	51¾
5	Bk. of Comm'th	111	100	do	51½
100	Canton Co.	45½	1000	do	51⅝
100	do.....2d call	46	200	do	51½
300	Quick. Min.	44	100	do.....2d call	51⅝
100	do	44⅛	400	Chi. & N.W.P	70
100	do.....2d call	44¾	200	do.....s10	70
41	Adams Ex. Co.	75	200	Clev. & Tol	112
200	South Am. Nav. & Marine R.	111	200	do.....2d call	112
200	do.....b30	111½	100	do	112⅛
100	Mariposa Min.	12¾	100	Chic. & R. I	103⅜
100	do	12⅞	300	do	103½
800	Mar. Pref.	31	100	do.....2d call	103⅛
100	do	30⅞	400	P., Ft.W.& C.	104⅝
500	do.....s3	31	100	Alt. & T. H.	38
			100	do	37⅞
			400	do	37½
			100	Mil. & St. P. Pr	68
			100	Chic. & G. E	35

1 O'CLOCK BOARD.

10,000	U.S.6s.5-20s.C.'65	107½	35,000	Mo. State 6s	93½
15,000	do	107	100	Mich. S. & N. I.	79⅝
7,000	Tenn. St. 6s. N.	70	2000	do	79½
200	Mar. Min.	12¾	600	Chic. & N. W	51½
50	do	12½	100	do.....s60	50
100	N. Y. Cen	110½	500	do.....s30	50½
200	do	110¼	200	P., F. W. & C	104¾
600	Erie Railroad	71½	100	do	104⅞
500	do	71¼			

2½ O'CLOCK BOARD.

$1,500	U.S.6s,5-20s.C.64	106¾	100	Boston W. P....b30	30½
50,000	U.S.6s,5-20s,C.'65 New Issue	108⅞	100	Mich. Cen. R.	112
2,000	Tr. Notes.7 3-10s. First Ser	105⅛	100	do	111¼
10,000	do.....3d Ser.	105⅛	100	do	111½
2,500	do	105⅝	100	do	111
19,000	Mo.6s, Pacific R. Issue	93⅛	300	do.....2d call	110⅞
13,000	Missouri 6s	93¼	100	do	110½
200	Mar. Min. Pref	31½	1500	Reading R.	110½
36	West. U. Tel. Rus. Extension	97⅞	500	Mich. S. & N. I	79⅞
200	New-York Cen	110⅞	500	Clev. & Pitts R	84½
100	Erie R.	71½	200	Chic. & N. W. P	70⅞
800	do	71⅝	200	Cleve. & Tol.	112½
200	do.....b30	71⅞	500	Chic. & R. I.	103⅝
			300	P. F. W. & C.	105
			100	do.....s10	105
			200	do.....s30	104⅞

OPEN BOARD—10 A. M.

400	Mariposa Pref	30⅛	400	Chi. & N. W	51⅛
200	do.....c	30⅝	300	do.....c	51½
200	do	30⅝	500	do	51⅝
200	N. Y. Cen	111⅛	400	do	51⅜
100	Erie R.....s3	71⅜	300	do.....s3	51⅜
800	M. So. & N. I	79⅝	500	do.....b3	51⅝
600	do.....b3	79⅝	200	do.....b3	51⅞
400	do.....s3	79¼	200	do.....s3	51¾
100	do.....b10	79⅝	300	Chi. & N. W. P	70¼
500	do.....c	79⅝	200	do.....s3	70⅛
500	do.....s10	79¼	300	do	70⅛
100	do.....b10	79⅝	500	do.....b3	70¼
200	Reading R.	110⅞	200	do.....b10	70¼
200	do.....c	110⅞	200	do.....c	70⅛
100	Clev. & Pitts	84	200	do.....s30	70
200	do	84½	200	P., F. W. & C....x-d	104⅞
100	Chi. R. I. & P....s3	103⅜			

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

100	Boston W. P.	30⅝	800	Mich. S. & N. I.	79⅝
200	do	30⅝	200	do.....s3	79⅝
100	do.....b10	30⅝	100	do.....c	79½
100	do.....s5	30⅝	200	do.....b3	79¾
200	Mar. Min. Pr.	31	200	Clev. & Pitts....s3	84½
100	do.....s3	31	600	Cleve. & Tol	112½
100	do.....b3	31⅛	200	do.....b10	112⅞
5	N. Y. Cen	108⅜	200	do	112⅜
100	do	110⅜	700	Ch., R. I. & P	103⅜
800	Erie R.	71⅜	200	do.....c	103⅜
300	do.....s3	71¼	300	Chic. & N. W.	51⅛
100	do.....b10	71⅞	100	do.....b3	51⅛
400	do.....s3	71⅞	100	do.....s3	51⅜
500	do.....c	71⅛	100	do.....s15	51⅞
300	do.....b3	71⅜	400	Chic. & N.W. Pr	70⅝
2800	Reading R.	110⅛	200	P.,F.W. & C....x-d	104⅞
600	do.....b3	110⅜	100	do.....b10	105
200	do.....s15	110⅜	100	do.....b3	105
200	do.....c	110½	100	do.....c	104⅞

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

200	Bos. Water P.	30⅛	200	Reading R.	110⅞
300	do	30⅛	400	Clev. & P. R.	84⅛
200	do	30	400	Cleve. & Tol. R	112⅜
100	Butler Coal Co	17	200	Chi. R. I. & P.	103⅞
100	Mariposa Pr.	31⅜	200	do.....b10	103⅜
300	do	31¾	400	Chi. & N. W.	52
200	do.....b3	31⅜	200	Chic. & N. W. P	70⅝
300	N. Y. Cen	110⅞	100	do.....s10	70⅝
300	Erie Railroad	71⅞	1200	do	70⅝
600	do.....b3	71⅜	600	do.....s60	70
300	do.....s3	71⅞	200	P.,Ft.W. & C....x-d	105⅛
400	M. S. & N. I	80⅛	100	do.....s15	105⅛
800	do	80⅛			

FRIDAY, Dec. 7—P. M.

The Gold Room was weaker than yesterday, and sales were made at 138⅞@139@138½ ℔ cent. in the forenoon. The market has a very moderate support from the demand for Exchange on Europe. The large Importers are not disposed to hasten remittances since the price of Gold fell below 140 ℔ cent. Some of them confidently look for a further decline in Gold, and others calculate upon a very free supply of Cotton bills in the course of a week or two. The rate on London to-day was not over 109¼ ℔ cent. on actual sales, and some considerable business was done on Paris at f.5.20@f.5.18¾. Short sight on London 109¾@110 ℔ cent. Outside the leading drawers, the supply of Bills was only moderate.

There is no alteration in the course of the Money Market, which has been steady in rates—6@7 ℔ cent. to the brokers throughout the week, and business between borrower and lender for a day or two past quite moderate. The leading borrowers on Miscellaneous Collateral have full half their loans running at 6 ℔ cent. At Bank the rate is generally quoted 7 ℔ cent., while the lower figure is accepted by outside lenders. The private banking firms connected with the Continent of Europe have large sums placed at 6 ℔ cent. The Public Funds continue to attract a full investment demand, and the great dealers on Wall-street report a much larger daily business than is indicated by the printed sales of the Stock Exchange. The price for 5-20s of 1862 comes higher from London.

On the Stock Exchange the Railway speculation was rather dull through the early part of the day, the additional bearish sales being directed against Reading, Michigan Southern and Erie. But for Erie the demand at 71 ℔ cent. was about equal to the offering up to the 1 o'clock Boards, when the stock advanced to 71⅜ ℔ cent., and sold later in the day at 71⅞ ℔ cent. New-York Central was also firmer than yesterday, and both classes of Northwest, especially the Common, in good demand. The Border State Bonds were ¼@½ ℔ cent. over yesterday's advance in Missouris, the market taking the Bonds in large parcels at 93@93⅛@93¼ ℔ cent. Not much done in Tennessees. The Miscellaneous shares generally steady. Pacific Mail improved to 171½.

After regular 'Change hours Exchange on London and Paris for to-morrow's steamers was quoted as closing firmer for standard bills; London, 109¼@109⅜ for 60 days, and 110@110¼ short sight; Paris, 60 days f.5.18¾@f.5.16¼.

The Stock Brokers reported the prevailing rate for money, at call, as 6 ℔ cent., though 7 ℔ cent. was paid by some of them early in the day. Gold left off 138⅝@138¾, or about ⅛ ℔ cent. lower than on Thursday night.

There was a firmer temper to the Railway speculation at and after the Second Boards, and at 5 o'clock in the Long Room the following quotations were made as compared with last night:

	Thurs.	Frid.		Thurs.	Frid.
U. S. 10-40s	100⅞	100⅞	Northwest	51⅜	52
U. S. 5-20s	108⅜	108⅜	N. West Pref	70⅛	70⅛
U. S. 7.30s	105⅜	105⅜	Rock Island	103⅛	103⅜
N. Y. Central	110⅞	110⅞	Fort Wayne	104⅞	105⅛
Erie	71⅛	71⅜	Cumb'land Coal	69	68½
Hudson	120⅛	120⅛	Quicksilver	45	44⅛
Reading	111⅛	110⅝	W. U. Telegraph	45⅛	46⅛
Mich. Southern	79¾	79⅝	Mariposa Pref	30⅞	31⅛
Illinois Central	117⅞	117⅛	Ohio Certificates	29⅛	29⅛
Pittsburgh	83⅞	84⅛	American Gold	138⅝	138⅜
Tennessee 6s	70	70	Bills on London	109⅝	109⅝

The following bids were made for the City Bank Shares:

Merchants'	114	Bank of N. America	112
Mechanics'	118	Hanover	112
America	138	Metropolitan	130½
Phenix	108	East River	100
Tradesmen's	143¼	Market	112
Butchers & Drovers	127	Nassau	104
National	107½	Continental	100
Merchants' Exch'ge	114	Commonwealth	111
Seventh Ward	117	Impt'rs. & Traders	115
State of New York	106	Park	150
Ocean	103	Central National	111
American Exchange	114	Fourth National	110
Pacific	160	Tenth National	107
Bank of the Republic	115	Oriental	130

And the following for the Railway mortgages:

N. Y. Cen 6s. 1883	94	Del. L. & W. 2d M.	100
N. Y. Cen. 6s.. R Est	92	Tol. & Wab. 2d M.	75
N. Y. Cen. 6s. Sub'n	92	Gt. Western. 1st M. '68.	95
N. Y. Cen. 7s. '76	106	Gt. Western 2d M., '93.	71½
N. Y. Cen. 7s. con. 76	108	Gal. & Chi. ex	99
N. Y. Cen. 7s. 65-76	109	Gal. & Chic. 2d M.	100
Erie 1st mort. 1876	101	Chi. & R.I. 1st mort.	102½
Erie 7s. 2d mort. 1879	100	Pitts., Ft.W.&Ch.1st M.	100
Erie 7s. 3d mort. 1883	97½	Pitts., Ft.W&Ch. 2d M.	96½
Erie 7s, 4th mort. 1880	92½	Cleve. & P. 2d M.	95
Buff. N.Y & E.1stM. '77	95	Cleve. & P. 3d Con.	90½
Hud. R. 7s. 1st M. 1869	102	Cleve. & P. 4th mort.	74
Hud. R. 7s.2d M. s.f. '85	105	Miss & Mo. l. g. 1st M	60
Hud. R. 7s. 3d M. 1875	96	Chic. & Alton. S. F.	98½
Harlem 1st M. '69-'72	100	Chi. & Al. income	93½
Harlem 3d mort. '68	98	Atlan'c & G. W. 1st M.	80
Mich.C.nw.1st M.8s. '82	110	Dub. & Sioux C. 1st M.	82
Chi.,B.&Q.8 ℔ ct.1st M.	111	Peninsula R.R. bonds	81½
Mich. So. 7 ℔ c. 2d M.	90	Mil. & St.Paul 1st M.	92
Mich.S.& N.I.S.F. 7 ℔ c.	96	Mil. & St. Paul 2d M.	80
Alton & T. H. 1st M.	95	Marietta & Cin. 1st M.	85
Chi. & N. W. In't B.	88	Chic. & Mil. 1st M.	91½
Chi. & N. W. Ex'n B.	85	Joliet & Chic. 1st M.	100
Chi. & N. W. 1st M.	88	McGregor West. 1st M.	65
Lack. & West'n Bds.	100½	Chi.& Gt. East'n Inc	35
Del. L. & W. 1st M.	100½	N. Y. & N. H. 6s.	93½

The following are the official earnings of the Chicago and Northwest Road for the month of November, and for the first six months of the current fiscal year of the Company:

	1865. Nov.	1866. Nov.
Passenger	$259,603 16	$262,867 75
Freight	556,821 63	710,294 72
Express	17,588 12	26,023 00
Mail	6,351 41	6,494 41
Total	$840,364 32	$1,005,679 88

June 1 to Nov. 30:

	1865.	1866.
Passenger	$1,756,631 95	$1,529,935 48
Freight	3,408,451 15	4,017,014 91
Express	93,244 23	106,291 42
Mail	37,714 17	47,558 12
Miscellaneous	30,839 29	37,164 03
Total	$5,326,280 79	$5,737,963 96

The *Journal of Commerce* makes the following notice of the Oriental Line of the Pacific Mail Company:

"The steamship *Celestial City*, of 4,000 tons, the second vessel for the new line to China and Japan, will be launched from WM. H. WEBB's shipyard, foot of Sixth-street, East River, at 9:30 o'clock to-morrow morning. Her consort, the *Great Republic*, is receiving her machinery as fast as possible at the iron works in this City. An increased interest in this enterprise is felt with the approach of Dec. 11, when the steamship *Henry Chauncey* leaves this port as the pioneer on the new route, to connect with the *Colorado* at San Francisco Jan. 1. The undertaking is a formidable one, worthy of the progressive spirit of this most progressive age, and creditable to the American people. No one can predict the consequences to ensue from this feeble beginning. Europe is not indifferent. It is only reasonable to anticipate a most important diversion of traffic from the old channels of commerce, when it is demonstrated that this route to the Orient is expeditious and reliable. In San Francisco the inauguration of the trans-Pacific line gives birth to great expectations. The *Alta California* says: 'We never have for a moment doubted that the San Francisco and China Line would prove a great success, and we hold to the opinion that before very long, or as soon as English prejudice and ideas are overcome, it will be exceedingly popular with the majority of persons traveling between Europe and India.' These views seem to be fully justified, and time, no doubt, will vindicate their correctness. The new route is laid down as follows:

From New-York on the 11th, arriving at Aspinwall on the morning of the 19th, and in the evening at Panama, say	9 days.
From Panama to San Francisco, arriving on the 1st to 2d	12 days.
From San Francisco to Yokohama, arriving on the 18th or 19th	17 days.
Stop at Yokohama	1 day.
From Yokohama to Hong Kong, arriving about the 25th	6 days.
Total	45 days.

When the Pacific Railroad is completed, the western route to Asia will receive a strong impulse; and from thence forward, if not before, we may expect to see something "new under the sun."

We have been requested to publish the following report of the President of the Cameron Coal Company to the Committee on Securities of the New-York Stock Exchange, where the Stock of the Company is now called for dealings:

OFFICE OF THE CAMERON COAL COMPANY,
No. 71 BROADWAY, ROOM NO. 68.

To the Committee of the New-York Stock Exchange:

GENTLEMEN: In answer to your further inquiries in reference to this Company I herewith beg to state:

First—The Cameron Coal Company have been granted a special charter by the Legislature of the State of Pennsylvania, to which there are no penalties attached.

Second—The stock is not assessable. There are no personal liabilities attached to the stock, except for labor, which is nominal.

Third—The cash subscription price to the stock was $12 50 per share.

Fourth—The Company commenced operations in June, 1865, and have up to this date shipped about 40,000 tons of its coal, and are now shipping from 150 to 200 tons per day.

Fifth—The coal, when shipping 300 tons per day, can be mined and placed upon the cars for $1 25 per ton.

Sixth—The general price obtained at the mines for coal is $2 50 per ton.

Seventh—During the year the Company have entered into a contract with the Philadelphia Gas Works for the delivery of 40,000 tons of coal at $9 25 per ton, the freight from the mines to Philadelphia being $6 25 per ton, the preference having been given by the Gas Company to the Cameron coal over all others. On this contract there have been

delivered up to the 1st of September, 1866	25,417 600-2,000 tons.
And to various other parties	9,134 395-2,000 tons.
Making a total to Sept. 1, 1866	34,551 995-2,000 tons.

Among the parties who are purchasers of this coal may be named the Scranton Gas and Water Company, the Elmira Gas Company, the Peekskill Gas Works, the Easton, Binghamton, Owego and Middletown Gas Works, and several others.

The Company have also been supplying the coal for steam and manufacturing purposes along the line of the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, (which passes through its lands,) and in the States of New-York and New-Jersey. As the coal has been thoroughly tested and pronounced in every respect equal, if not superior, to any coal yet discovered for gas, steam, smiths' and family use; for household and office grates it has no superior, and there will be a larger demand than can be supplied.

Eighth—The prospects are very flattering, and negotiations are now going on for making large contracts with the Manhattan and Metropolitan Gas Works of this City, and for a further contract with the Philadelphia Gas Works for large supplies of this coal.

Ninth—The financial condition of the Company at the end of the fiscal year, Sept. 1, 1866, stood as follows:

ASSETS,

Consisting of bills receivable, cash, Westchester County, Atlantic-avenue and Kings County Bonds, coal, lumber, iron, merchandise, claims against parties considered good, &c	$133,64 720

LIABILITIES.

Bills payable and floating debts of all kinds	82,376 77
Surplus of assets over liabilities	$51,270 43
The Company, by a vote of its stockholders, have issued their first mortgage bonds, payable in October, 1876, to the amount of	$200,000 00
Of this amount there has been sold	53,000 00
Leaving in the hands of the Directors, unsold	$147,000 00

It will therefore be seen by this that the actual surplus of assets over the floating liabilities would about pay the amount of the bonds sold, and thereby entirely extinguish the bonded debt of the Company.

Tenth—The Company own in fee 5,425 acres of land, covered with timber and underlaid with rich veins of bituminous coal, reported by JONES, LESLIE and SHAEFFER, celebrated geologists, to contain some 36,000,000 of tons, equal, if not superior in every respect, to any coal yet discovered.

The above 5,425 acres of land was paid for by the sale of 40,000 shares of the capital stock at $12 50 per share	$500,000 00
10,000 shares, reserved for working capital, was sold for cash, amounting to, net	134,178 67
Which latter amount was expended in improvements upon the property, making the property and improvements cost the Company	$634,178 67

In reference to the lumber department, the Company have all the appliances for the manufacture of lumber, and have sold during the year 1,277,561 feet of board and 2,366,750 shingles.

The American Institute, at its last annual fair, awarded a silver medal to this Company for its superior bituminous coal.

Trusting that the foregoing statement will prove satisfactory to your Committee, I respectfully submit the same for your approval.

Very respectfully, yours, &c.,
F. WESTRAY, President.

A mercantile circular from Chicago announces the receipt of the first consignment of Wheat from Omaha, on the Missouri River, (the initial point of the great Union Pacific Railway,) 489 miles west of Chicago. The wheat was wagoned 39 miles from Omaha to Woodbine, in Iowa, to which place the Chicago and Northwest Road, Iowa Extension, is now running, and thence by the Northwest Road into Chicago. The General Superintendent and Freight Agent have advertised the following scale of freights:

By the extension of this line to Woodbine, Iowa, 450 miles west from Chicago, and 39 miles east from the Missouri River, we are enabled to make the following rates from Chicago to Council Bluffs and Omaha: First-class, $2 95; second-class, $2 90; third-class, $2 35, and fourth-class, $2 20. Classification same as eastern roads. All freight forwarded to destination without delay. Send to this office duplicate bills of lading, with divisions of through rates, and mark goods, "Care C. and N. W. Railway, Chicago." It is confidently expected that the track will be laid into Council Bluffs by or before Jan. 1, 1867. The Western Transportation Company have organized a day and night mule-team freight line, and will run in connection with the Union Pacific Railroad from its terminus, North Platte Station, 290 miles west from Omaha, to Denver, Colorado Territory. Rate from Omaha to Denver 12c. ℔ lb.

The week's imports at this port of Foreign Dry Goods have been to the value of $1,432,230. The following is the summary of the week:

	CONSUMPTION DIRECT.		WAREHOUSED.		WITHDRAWN.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Man. of Wool	487	$224,335	455	$212,305	322	$142,098
Man. of Cotton	448	133,370	270	91,884	165	54,173
Man. of Silk	100	102,464	82	122,132	63	74,083
Man. of Flax	718	205,191	730	183,401	229	63,432
Miscellaneous	292	112,448	1,154	34,200	99	12,702
Total	2,055	$788,208	2,691	$644,022	878	$346,488
		644,022				788,208
Total entered		$1,432,230	Total marketed			$1,134,696

The business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer to-day was as follows: Total Receipts, $1,608,422 60, of which $230,000 were for Customs; Gold Notes, $221,000; Payments, $5,287,876 13; Balance, $106,115,114 96.

The Richmond *Times* of yesterday says of the Tobacco crop of Virginia:

"No crop of tobacco has ever been of so great importance to our State as that of this year. The failure of the wheat has made it the only crop to which our people can look for any relief (partial though it be) for some time to come. Appreciating its importance to our people, we can but express the hope that the farmers who have been fortunate enough to secure crops of tobacco may use still further efforts in ordering and managing them so as to secure good prices.

The crop of this year, though small, is in quality one of the best ever made, and we have reason to believe there will be a good demand for every pound of Virginia and North Carolina tobacco. The crop of North Carolina finding a market in Virginia, and coming under the same inspection, the crops of the two States are known as 'Virginia tobacco.'

From the best information we can get we do not think the crop will reach two-thirds of the crop before the war; certainly it will not exceed two-thirds. We estimate it in round numbers at between forty and fifty-five thousand hogsheads. The crop for several years previous to the war was between seventy and seventy-five thousand hogsheads.

In North Carolina, the counties of Caswell, Rockingham and Person produced fine crops this year, and probably as much tobacco as they ever made previously. In Warren, Granville and Franklin Counties, which, before the war, produced more tobacco than all the rest of the State, the crop is very short—cotton, to a great extent, having taken the place of tobacco. In Granville not over one-half a crop, and in Craven and Franklin not over one-fourth. The crop of Warren County will be very much missed, as it produced not only very fine 'manufacturing' tobacco, but a great deal of fine 'shipping,' suitable for the Continental markets of Europe. In fact, Warren produced more shipping tobacco of good quality than all the other counties of the State together.

In those counties of Virginia which find a market by the Richmond and Fredericksburgh and Central Railroads there was comparatively very little tobacco made—not half a crop. On the North Carolina border of the tobacco-growing counties, the crop of Brunswick cannot be estimated at over half the usual amount, Mecklenburgh hardly two-thirds, while Halifax, Pittsylvania, Henry and Patrick have fine and together full crops. The last named four counties comprise the only section of the State wherein a full crop has been made. In other tobacco counties lying between James and Roanoke Rivers and the tributaries of the latter, we do not think there will possibly be two-thirds of a crop. Some of the counties may have grown that quantity, while others will not, by a great deal, show half crops. On the north side of the James, from Richmond to Lynchburgh, the crop is very short."

Mr. R. FOWLER, State Treasurer of Maryland, makes the following response to the inquiries of Mr. WM. R. COLE, Commissioner of Immigration, relative to the financial condition of the State:

STATE OF MARYLAND,
TREASURER'S OFFICE,
ANNAPOLIS, Dec. 3, 1866.

Wm. R. Cole, Esq., Commissioner of Immigration:

SIR: Yours of recent date has been received, and as soon as I could do so, I have prepared for you an answer which I herewith hand in tabular form. From the table you can learn at a glance the true condition financially of the State, and this it seems to me meets fully what you desire, and will enable you to answer your numerous correspondents I trust satisfactorily.

In addition to the table sent you, I have or shall allude to other matters in connection with this same subject which may be useful and interesting to you in giving information. From the statement herewith submitted you will find the entire indebtedness of the State at this time to be only $10,790,802 21, the larger portion of which is a 6 ℔ cent. debt, and another portion only a 3 per cent. debt, all of which is more fully explained in the statement handed you. The productive capital of the State, as against this debt, is $9,805,850, leaving the small balance as the entire debt, in dues of less than $1,000,000, or, to come to exact figures, $987,959 21. This small difference as between the productive capital and the indebtedness of the State might be nearly if not altogether satisfied by judicious management in the general disposition and sale of the State's productive capital, to say nothing or not to take into account the unproductive capital, which is very large, and with the aid of proper legislation might be made available to an amount equal to $5,000,000 or $6,000,000. One work alone can be leased for twenty years to responsible parties that will pay the State $300,000 per annum, which is the interest of $5,000,000 at 6 per cent. per annum.

As heretofore stated, the unproductive capital is large, amounting at this time to over eighteen millions of dollars. It is safe to say that, with judicious management, and such legislation as will enable the financial officers of the State to make sales and exchanges as contemplated by the framers of the last Constitution, that the entire indebtedness of our State may be liquidated, and leave a balance at credit of over four millions of dollars. To recapitulate, the account stands thus:

The entire indebtedness is	$10,790,809 21
Productive capital	9,802,850 00
Difference	$987,959 21
Unproductive capital, say	$18,000,000 00
We can with certainty estimate from this source, say	$5,000,000 00
Deduct difference as between productive capital and debt	987,959 21
Balance at credit of the State after paying off the entire debt	$4,012,050 79

From the above exhibit, all of which can and will be realized if proper and prompt legislation be had, the State will have a surplus of over $4,000,000, and without direct or State taxation for any purpose except for free school purposes; and as the ordinary receipts in the Treasury from licenses and other sources will be more than sufficient to meet the ordinary demands of the Treasury, the surplus thus remaining in the Treasury from year to year might be applied for purposes of education; the income from the $4,000,000 which would be at credit of the State after paying the entire indebtedness, together with the surplus each year in Treasury, with prudent management would, in my judgment, be sufficient to support a first-class system of State education.

I have gone into this subject more fully than I intended, yet much more might be said that would or might be useful to you in answering the various inquiries that must necessarily be made from time to time on this subject.

I am, very truly, your obedient servant,
R. FOWLER.

A Statement showing the Public Debt of the State on the 1st of October, 1866.

Sterling 5 ℔ cent. Coupon Bonds, payable in London	$6,237,444 43
Currency Debt Inscribed Stock, interest payable in Baltimore	4,553,364 78
Total	$10,790,809 21

A Statement showing Productive Capital of the State on the 1st of October, 1866.

Stock of the Central Bank, Frederick	$34,850 00
Stock of Farmers' Bank of Maryland, Annapolis	55,500 00
Sinking Fund and Cash in Treasury	2,000,000 00
Stock Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, (preferred)	3,000,000 00
Stock Washington Branch Baltimore and Ohio	550,000 00
Common Stock Baltimore and Ohio	566,000 00
Dividend Bond No. 141, Baltimore and Ohio	10,000 00
Stock of Chesapeake and Delaware Canal Company	62,500 00
Stock Baltimore, Frederick and Yorktown Turnpike Company	15,000 00
Bonds Tidewater Canal Company (Susquehanna)	1,000,000 00
Mortgage Northern Central Railway Company	1,500,000 00
Due from Collectors and Sheriffs of the several counties and City Baltimore, say	800,000 00
Due from County Clerk and Register	150,000 00
Interest on balances due	125,000 00
Difference between Productive Capital and Debt	987,959 21
Total	$10,790,809 21

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

HOWES & MACY, BANKERS,
(Formerly officers of the Park Bank,)
30 Wall Street, N. Y.

FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

The business of this house is the same as an Incorporated Bank.

Persons keeping accounts may deposit and draw as they please, the same as with the City Banks, and will be allowed interest on their daily balances at 4 per cent.

Collections made on any part of the United States or Canada.

Orders for the purchase or sale of the various issues of Government and other Stocks, Bonds, and Gold, promptly executed for the usual commission.

BROOKLYN CITY LOANS.
These include Park, Water and other Improvements Six and Seven per Cent. Bonds. For sale by
JAY COOKE & CO.,
Wall and Nassau sts.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Friday, Dec. 7, 1866.

The receipts of the principal kinds of produce since our last have been 22 bbls. Ashes, 23,989 bbls. Flour, 641 bbls. and 3,649 bags Corn Meal, 100,479 bushels Wheat, 155,698 bushels Corn, 122,191 bushels Barley, 44,416 bushels Oats, 2,379 bushels Malt, 25,984 bushels Rye, 1,048 bbls. Pork, 370 pkgs. Cut Meats, 156 pkgs. Lard, 504 pkgs. Beef, and 404 bbls. Whisky.

BEESWAX—Has been very quiet, at unchanged prices.

CANDLES—Have been dull and heavy, at drooping rates.

COFFEE—Has been in less request, including Java at 25c.@25½c.; Native Ceylon, 19c.@21c.; Maracaibo, 17½c.@19½c.; Laguayra, 17½c.@19c.; Rio, 16½c.@18½c., in gold, ℔ lb.

COTTON—Is in very slack request at drooping prices. Middlings, 32½c.@35½c. ℔ lb. Sales and resales, since our last, 1,470 bales, against receipts of 3,862 bales.

Movements in Cotton at this Port.

	Bales.
Receipts thus far this week	18,125
Receipts last week	15,976
Receipts preceeding week	25,556
Receipts since Nov. 1, 1866	86,007
Receipts since Sept. 1, 1866	182,806
Receipts since Jan. 1, 1866	566,553
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1866	511,630
Export since Dec. 1	2,474
Exports in November	27,449
Exports since Sept. 1	75,321
Exports since Jan. 1, 1866	355,072
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1866	495,309
Estimated stock on hand here	145,000
Receipts at all the shipping ports of the United States from the close of the war, May 1, 1865, to Sept. 1, 1866	2,571,043
Receipts at all the ports from Sept. 1, 1866, to latest mail dates	431,000
Exports from all the ports since Sept. 1, 1866	165,000
Estimated stock on hand at all the ports at latest mail dates	425,000

DRY GOODS—There is a manifest improvement in the demand for really desirable fabrics, which are now in comparatively moderate supply and more steady in price. There is now no special pressure to sell, and the opinion gains ground that an early rally may be looked for, especially in the market for domestic goods, the production of which is on a materially reduced scale. There is rather more movement in foreign goods, though less than usual at this season. The week's imports of dry goods have been to the specie value of $1,432,230, including $788,208 entered for consumption direct and $644,022 entered for warehousing. The amount of foreign dry goods actually marketed this week has been $1,134,296, against only $604,617 last week.

FISH—A limited business has been reported in the principal kinds at drooping prices.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been more freely offered to-day at a further reduction of 10c.@25c. ℔ bbl. At the reduced figures, the demand has been moderate, and mainly for the low grades, especially of State, desirable lots of which have been in light supply. Some of the holders of Western Flour, of the medium and high grades, seem decidedly more eager to realize, and their efforts to do so tend to depress the whole market. The home trade inquiry is about up to a full average. There is also some nibbling on the part of export buyers, but these are not prepared to enter the market with spirit on the basis of ruling figures. The receipts of Flour, as well as of Grain, during the past two days have been quite liberal, averaging over 16,000 barrels a day. Sales since our last have been 9,700 bbls., including very poor to choice Superfine State and Western at $7 40@$9 50; common to fair Extra State, fresh inspection, at $9 75@$10 45; fair to choice do. do. at $10 50@$11 30; round-hoop Extra Ohio, poor to good shipping brands, at $10@$11 15 ℔ bbl. We now quote:

Superfine State and Western	$7 40	@ 9 50
Extra State	9 75	@11 30
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	8 25	@12 75
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, ship'g brands	10 00	@11 15
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	11 15	@13 00
Extra Genesee	11 25	@12 75
Common to choice extra Missouri	12 75	@16 00

There is no movement of importance in Southern Flour. The trade are buying only for their pressing wants. Receipts are on a moderate scale. Prices have declined 15c.@25c. ℔ bbl. Sales since our last, 300 bbls., in lots, at $10 75@$12 75 for poor to good, and $12 75@$16 for good to very choice extra brands, ℔ bbl. Canadian is inactive and nominal, the current business being wholly of a retail character. Rye Flour continues plenty and heavy, including Superfine at $5 75@$7 15 ℔ bbl. Sales 350 bbls. Corn Meal continues inactive at $5 25@$5 40 for Western, $5 30@$5 45 for Jersey, and $5 60 for Brandywine, ℔ bbl.; sales 125 bbls. Buckwheat Flour continues dull at $3@$3 50 ℔ 100 lbs.

GRAIN.—In Wheat no business of moment was transacted to-day. Buyers and sellers differed widely as regards prices, in view of the heavy receipts of the past two days. To realize freely, some important concessions would have to be made by holders, who, however, exhibit no undue eagerness to dispose of their supplies, unless at asking rates, which are at least 3c. to 5c. a bushel above the best offers of purchasers. Corn opened very heavily, under an extraordinary pressure to realize, partly on account of speculative operators. Prices declined 5c.@8c. ℔ bushel. This severe fall brought fresh buyers into the market, partly on Western account and partly for export. A brisk business was transacted, and prices rallied 2c.@3c. a bushel from the lowest point, closing with more buyers than sellers at the ruling figures. Sales since our last 256,000 bushels at $1 05@$1 10 for Mixed Western in store and afloat, closing at about $1 08 in store, and $1 09@$1 10 afloat; $1 10@$1 11 for White Western; $1 06@$1 10 for Yellow do.; $1 02@$1 06 for new Yellow and White Jersey and Southern. Rye has been neglected and nominal in price. Barley has been in limited demand, though quoted about the same. Sales 17,500 bushels, part at 92c.@95c. for Canada West, in bond. Oats are heavy and decidedly lower. We quote Chicago at 60c.@61c.; Milwaukee at 60c.@62c., and State at 64c. ℔ bushel; sales 37,000 bushels. Barley Malt continues very quiet at $1 30@$1 40 ℔ bushel. The movements in Breadstuffs, in Milwaukee, week ending with Dec. 4, Messrs. GEO. I. JONES & Co. notice thus: "The Flour market has been almost deserted by buyers during the past week, and prices are weaker. Some of the city mills have stopped grinding in consequence of the difficulty attending sales. Receipts of Flour for the week, 8,225 barrels. Shipments for the week, 14,482 barrels. Freight to New-York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, all rail, $2 10 ℔ bbl.; to Boston, all rail, $2 20; to Buffalo, all rail, $1 10. The Wheat Market during the past week has been quiet and dull most of the time, the demand for shipment having proved extremely limited, owing to the lateness of the season, and the inquiry for local milling and on speculation being light. Prices of all grades have tended downward, but close with more steadiness. A few lots, doubtless the last of the season, have been shipped to Buffalo by propeller, and are likely to meet with no detention by ice, the weather continuing remarkably mild. The receipts within the past few days have suddenly decreased materially, and it is thought the arrivals will be quite small for the next six weeks. In fact, only comparatively moderate receipts are expected here this Winter and next Spring, the general impression being that the stocks in this State have been greatly reduced, and that Minnesota and Iowa have already marketed the larger portion of their crops. The stock in store here now is only about half what it was at the close of navigation last year. The inspection reports for the week show that 82 car-loads of the arrivals have been graded as No. 1, 139 car-loads as No. 2, 79 car-loads as No. 3, and 31 as Rejected. The stock of Wheat in store is reported at 297,000 bushels. The receipts of Wheat for the past week sum up 110,994 bushels, against 384,621 bushels for the same time last year. Shipments for week 9,869 bushels by rail, and 33,987 bushels by lake, as follows: 26,500 bushels to Buffalo, 7,000 bushels to Ogdensburgh, and 487 bushels to other ports. We quote No. 1 Spring Wheat, in store, subject to 4c. ℔ bushel storage to 20th April next, at $2 03@$2 05; No. 2, $1 81; No. 3, $1 68; Rejected, $1 38. We quote No. 1 Oats at 48c.; No. 2 do. at 43c.@44c.; No. 1 Rye at 86c.; No. 1 Corn at 85c."

GUNNY BAGS AND BAGGING—Have been quiet and depressed in price.

HAY—North River bale continues quiet and heavy at 90c.@$1 05 for shipment, and $1 58@$1 40 for local use, ℔ 100 lbs. The supply is more liberal. Straw, 70c.@$1 10 ℔ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Are in request, including new, at 30c.@65c.; old at 20c.@45c.; also foreign at 40c.@55c. ℔ lb. Mr. EMMET WELLS notices the week's business thus: "The 'better feeling' noticed in our report of last week still rules an improving market, stimulated as it has been by extremely light receipts and a steady consumptive demand, which has reduced the stock to a point below that of any preceding week since the opening of the season's trade in September. An export order, by telegraph, from Europe has just been received for 200 bales, but if the present consumptive demand continues, without more liberal receipts, our present stock will not admit of the execution of further shipping orders to any considerable amount. Stringency in the Money Market the past week tended somewhat to check cash operations, but it has led to no concessions whatever, and the same feeling of firmness which has characterized the trade from the beginning of the season still exists, and is likely to continue and increase as the stock gradually becomes reduced.

HEMP—Holders are firm in their views, but business is quite tame.

HIDES—Are quoted steady, on, however, a restricted trade.

LATHS—Are dull at previous figures.

LEATHER—Is in moderate request at uniform prices.

LUMBER—Is less active and somewhat irregular in price. The receipts are moderate. In Albany, according to the *Argus*, "the receipts of Lumber by canal are lighter and will soon cease for the season. Boats detained by the breaks are mostly in, and there is not much Lumber afloat. The sales have been dull, with a but small attendance of buyers. Prices remain as quoted last week, with some sales of clear pine on private terms. The shipments to New-York have been large, and there is a large amount of Lumber sold, not yet shipped, to New-York, Newark, &c. There are but few vessels in market, and Eastern freights rule dull. Freights to New-York are $2; to New-Haven, Hartford, Providence and Philadelphia, $4; to New-London, $3 25; to Middletown and Norwich, $3 37; to Boston, $6@$7 50 for pine and hard wood."

LIME—Rockland is in moderate request, at $1 70 for common and $2 10 for lump, ℔ bbl.

METALS—The demand is very moderate for most kinds, the main inquiry being for Ingot Copper and Pig Iron. The market lacks buoyancy, and purchasers are reluctant to operate freely at present, in view of the downward tendency of gold. We quote: Ingot Copper at 27¾c.@28½c. ℔ lb.; No. 1 American Pig Iron, $50@$51; Scotch Pig, $52@$55; English and American Bar Iron, refined, $95@$115 ℔ ton; Pig Lead, $6 62½@$7 12½ ℔ 100 lbs.; Foreign Spelter, 6c.@6½c., in gold, ℔ lb.; Straits Tin, 21¾c.@22c., in gold, ℔ lb.; Banca Tin, 23c.@23½c.; in gold, Zinc, 13c.@13½c. ℔ lb.

MOLASSES—Is in rather more demand including Porto Rico at 60c.@72c.; English Island at 55c.@60c.; Cuba at 48c.@58c.; New-Orleans, $75@90c. ℔ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Are in rather better request including Spirits Turpentine at 64c.@66c. ℔ gallon; Crude do. at $6 75; Resin at $4 25@$11 50, ℔ 280 lbs.; Tar at $3@$3 75 ℔ bbl.

OILS—Are quiet and depressed, including Crude Whale at $1 25@$1 35; Bleached Whale at $1 35 @$1 40; Crude Sperm at $2 60@$2 65; Unbleached do. at $2 90@$3; Lard Oil at $1 15@$1 45; Red Oil at 75c.@90c.; Linseed Oil at $1 35@$1 40 for English and American, ℔ gallon.

PETROLEUM—Is in limited demand at 20c.@20½c. for Crude; 31c.@32½c. for ordinary to strictly prime White Refined, in bond, and 48c.@50c. for do., free, ℔ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been in moderate demand, at essentially unchanged prices, though towards the close, there was rather more disposition to purchase at the ruling figures. Sales have been reported of 4,500 bbls., in lots, at $20 12@$20 37, cash and regular way, for one-year-old Mess, closing at $20 25, regular way; $20 25@$20 75 for new City and Western Mess, and $18 50@$19 for New Prime, ℔ bbl. Sales were also reported of 2,750 bbls. New Mess, for forward delivery, including seller January and February at $20 75@$20 87 and $21 25 respectively, ℔ bbl. Cut Meats have been in very moderate demand and difficult of sale, unless at low prices. Sales 230 packages, at 9c.@10½c. for Shoulders, and 11c. @13c. for Hams. Bacon is quiet and nominal to-day. Lard has attracted more attention, closing with rather more steadiness. Sales since our last 1,700 tcs. and bbls., in lots, at from 11¼c.@12¼c., the latter rate for choice kettle-rendered, ℔ lb. Sales were also reported of 1,500 tcs. for delivery in January, at the option of the seller, at 12½c. ℔ lb. Beef is in demand at $13@$18 for Plain Mess and $17@$22 for Extra do.; sales have been reported of 300 bbls. Tierce Beef is dull; a lot of choice India sold at $38 ℔ tierce. Beef Hams are in less request, closing at $26@$31 50, ℔ bbl.; sales 176 bbls. Dressed Hogs have been in demand at 7¼c. for interior and 7¾c.@8¼c. for heavy and light, ℔ lb. Butter continues quiet at 34c.@42c. for State, and 45c.@55c for Fancy do., and 15c.@35c. for poor to very good Western, ℔ lb. Cheese is inactive at 8c.@17c. ℔ lb. We quote:

BUTTER.

Sussex, Orange and Chenango County Dairies—firkins, good to extra, ℔ lb.	40	@42
Sussex, Orange and Chemung County Dairies—half-firkin tubs, good to extra, ℔ lb.	42	@43
New-York State Dairies—firkins, good to extra, ℔ lb.	38	@40
New-York State Dairies—firkins, fair to good, ℔ lb.	26	@38
New-York State Dairies—half-firkin tubs, good to extra, ℔ lb.	40	@42
New-York State Dairies—half-firkin tubs, fair to good, ℔ lb.	36	@38
New-York State Dairies—fresh firkins, extra, ℔ lb.	40	@41
New-York State Dairies—ordinary qualities ℔ lb.	30	@33
New-York State Dairies—Welsh tubs, good to extra, ℔ lb.	36	@38
New-York State Dairies—Welsh tubs, fair to good, ℔ lb.	34	@35
North Pennsylvania Dairies—firkins fair to good, ℔ lb.	[illegible]	[illegible]
North Pennsylvania Dairies—[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Orange and Sussex Co.—[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pennsylvania [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Western Reserve [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Western Reserve [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Western States—[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Western States—[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Western States—[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rolls, State, ℔ lb.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rolls, Western, ℔ lb.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rolls, poor to [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

CHEESE.

Factory Dairies, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Factory Dairies, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Factory Dairies, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Farm Dairies, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Farm Dairies, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Farm Dairies, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Skimmed Cheese, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Farm Dairies, Common, ℔ lb.	[illegible]	[illegible]

RICE—Has [illegible] inactive, [illegible]

SALT—Has [illegible] lightly dealt [illegible]

SEEDS—[illegible] buoyant prices.

SOAP—Has been steady, but quiet.

SPICES—Have been dull and unsettled.

SUGARS—[illegible] about previous prices. [illegible] including Cuba, [illegible] fined Sugars [illegible]

STEARINE—[illegible] ℔ lb.

TALLOW—[illegible] 35,000 lbs. Grease, [illegible] ℔ lb.

TEAS—Have [illegible] vious prices.

TOBACCO—[illegible] Kentucky [illegible]

WHISKY—Has been neglected to-day; prices have not varied.

WOOL—[illegible] there has been [illegible] business con[illegible] and buoyancy. [illegible] unusual reserve [illegible] ed. The available [illegible] The movements [illegible] Messrs. TELLKAMPF & KITCHING [illegible] ing the past [illegible] tion similar [illegible] were very light [illegible] the end of [illegible] ness, as Wool [illegible] products of [illegible] cent.) at cur[illegible] below the gold prices of 1866, and the first six months of 1857, and [illegible] word, than at any [illegible] time our wool-[illegible] higher duties [illegible] what but [illegible] Mexican Wool became neglected, and declined 1c.@2c. ℔ lb. The stocks of it are light. California Wools are unchanged in both rates and demand. Foreign fine Wool has not declined any further, except in a few forced sales. Holders expect an improvement as soon as some speculations will set in. The sales during November of Mestizo are about 3,000 bales, and of Cape some 2,000 bales. Foreign Medium Wool continues without demand and nominal in rates. Foreign coarse Wools for carpet manufacture have met with a good demand, however, and long Worsted Wools have advanced slightly. The stocks are exceedingly light. The accounts from the European markets assert that fine Wools are in good request, and in several kinds but a slight decline of price has occurred; medium qualities are less inquired for, and common Wools are somewhat easier, for long combing of inferior condition especially. When good, it had remained about the same. Poor and wasty East India had declined most; some 1d.@2d. ℔ lb. The imports of Wool into New-York from Jan. 1 to Oct. 27, 1866, were 55,195 bales—35,347,569 lbs.; and for the month ending Nov. 24, 1,821 bales—1,180,446 lbs."

FREIGHTS—Have been more active, to-day. For Liverpool—there ware taken 150 bales of Cotton at 7-32d. by sailing vessel, and ¼d. by steamer, ℔ lb.; 58,000 bushels Corn at 5¼d. by sailing vessel, and 7d. by steamer, ℔ bushel; 35 hhds. Tobacco at 22s. 6d. For London—50 tons Oil Cake at 20s. ℔ ton. For Belfast—a bark, with Corn, at 4s. 9d. ℔ quarter.

FAMILY MARKET PRICE CURRENT.

WASHINGTON MARKET, Friday, Dec. 7, 1866.

MEATS.

A moderate business has been transacted during the week, generally on the basis of last week's prices, though supplies have continued quite liberal, affording unusual facilities to purchasers to make selections. There was an excellent display of mutton in the market this forenoon. This is by far the cheapest meat now available to buyers. Pork comes next to it. Beef and Veal, however, are still held at very high rates.

Beef, roasting pieces, ℔ lb.	$ 20	@ 28
Beef, chuck-roast, ℔ lb.	16	@ 22
Beef, round, ℔ lb.	18	@ 22
Beef, rumps, ℔ lb.	16	@ 22
Beef, porter-house steak, ℔ lb.	25	@ 35
Beef, sirloin steak, ℔ lb.	25	@ 30
Beef, coarse cuts, ℔ lb.	8	@ 15
Beef, corned, ℔ lb.	12	@ 20
Beef, smoked, ℔ lb.	25	@ 31
Beef tongues, each	1 00	@1 50
Mutton, by the carcass, ℔ lb.	6	@ 14
Mutton, hind-quarters, ℔ lb.	12	@ 20
Mutton, fore-quarters, ℔ lb.	6	@ 12
Mutton, chops, ℔ lb.	15	@ 25
Mutton, legs, ℔ lb.	14	@ 22
Lamb, ℔ lb.	10	@ 20
Pigs, roasting, each	2 00	@3 50
Pork, joints, ℔ lb.	12	@ 16
Pork steaks, ℔ lb.	14	@ 18
Pork, corned, ℔ lb.	15	@ 20
Bacon, ℔ lb.	16	@ 22
Hams, ℔ lb.	15	@ 22
Shoulders, ℔ lb.	12	@ 16
Veal, hind-quarters, ℔ lb.	12	@ 25
Veal, fore-quarters, ℔ lb.	8	@ 15
Veal cutlets, ℔ lb.	25	@ 35
Veal, fillets, ℔ lb.	28	@ 35
Sausages, country made, ℔ lb.	16	@ 20
Lard, ℔ lb.	14	@ 18
Suet, ℔ lb.	10	@ 15
Tripe, ℔ lb.	8	@ 10

POULTRY AND GAME.

Supplies have been accumulating, especially of Dressed Poultry, prices of which have favored buyers. The demand has been moderate. Turkeys are decidedly cheaper and less urgently inquired for. Venison is offering rather more freely.

Chickens, ℔ lb.	$ 22	@ 28
Chickens, broiling, ℔ pair	62	@1 25
Ducks, ℔ lb.	22	@ 28
Ducks, ℔ pair	1 25	@2 75
Ducks, black, ℔ pair	1 00	@1 25
Ducks, Brant, ℔ pair	1 50	@2 00
Ducks, Canvas Back, ℔ pair	2 75	@4 50
Ducks, Mallard, ℔ pair	1 00	@1 50
Ducks, Red-head, ℔ pair	1 25	@1 75
Ducks, teal, ℔ pair	62	@ 75
Ducks, Widgeon, ℔ pair	1 00	@1 25
Ducks, Wood, ℔ pair	75	@1 00
Fowls, ℔ lb.	18	@ 25
Fowls, Bucks Co., ℔ lb.	25	@ 30
Geese, ℔ lb.	17	@ 23
Geese, Wild, each	1 00	@1 50
Partridges, ℔ pair	1 12	@1 50
Pigeons, squab, ℔ dozen	4 00	@5 00
Prairie Chickens, ℔ pair	1 00	@1 75
Quail, ℔ doz.	3 00	@4 00
Rabbits, ℔ pair	50	@ 75
Robins, ℔ dozen	87	@1 25
Squirrels, each	9	@ 12
Turkeys, ℔ lb.	20	@ 28
Venison ℔ lb.	25	@ 35
Wild Turkeys, ℔ lb.	30	@ 35
Woodcock, ℔ pair	1 25	@2 00

FISH.

Dealers report a moderate run of business this week, with average supplies of most articles, and without any important fluctuations in prices.

Bass, ℔ lb.	$ 20	@ 25
Black-fish, ℔ lb.	12	@ 15
Blue-fish, ℔ lb.	12	@ 15
Cat-fish, ℔ lb.	12	@ 15
Clams, ℔ doz.	25	@ 1 00
Cod, ℔ lb.	10	@ 12
Cod, dried, ℔ lb.	10	@ —
Crabs, ℔ dozen	25	@ 35
Eels, ℔ lb.	15	@ 20
Flounders, ℔ lb.	10	@ 12
Frost Fish, ℔ lb.	8	@ 10
Haddock, ℔ lb.	10	@ —
Halibut, smoked, ℔ lb.	20	@ 24
Herrings, ℔ lb.	8	@ 10
Herrings, smoked, ℔ bunch	12	@ 15
Lobsters, ℔ lb.	8	@ 10
Mackerel, salt, each	8	@ 15
Mackerel, smoked, ℔ lb.	15	@ 20
Oysters, ℔ 100	75	@ 3 50
Oysters, pickled, ℔ 100	2 00	@ 3 00
Perch, ℔ lb.	15	@ 18
Pickerel, ℔ lb.	15	@ 20
Salmon, fresh, ℔ lb.	75	@ 1 00
Salmon, smoked, ℔ lb.	30	@ 35
Salmon, pickled, ℔ lb.	24	@ 26
Scollops, ℔ quart	18	@ 25
Smelts, ℔ lb.	20	@ 25
Sounds and Tongues, ℔ lb.	18	@ 22
Sturgeon, ℔ lb.	12	@ 15
Trout, salmon, ℔ lb.	20	@ 25
Turtle, Green, ℔ lb.	20	@ 25
White Fish, ℔ lb.	15	@ 20

VEGETABLES.

A fair inquiry prevails for the leading articles, which are in full supply for the season. Potatoes continue plenty and comparatively cheap. Cauliflowers are abundant.

Beans, Lima, ℔ quart	$ 40	@ 50
Beets, new, ℔ bunch	3	@ 5
Cabbages, new, each	6	@ 12
Cabbages, red, each	12	@ 20
Carrots, new, ℔ dozen	20	@ 25
Cauliflowers, each	12	@ 50
Celery, ℔ bunch	12	@ 20
Garlic, ℔ bunch	20	@ 25
Lettuce, ℔ head	5	@ 10
Leeks, ℔ bunch	8	@ 10
Mint, ℔ bunch	2	@ 4
Onions, ℔ peck	40	@ 60
Onions, ℔ quart	6	@ 8
Oyster Plant, ℔ bunch	12	@ 15
Parsnips, ℔ dozen	25	@ 30
Parsley, ℔ bunch	3	@ 5
Peppers, ℔ doz.	25	@ 36
Peppers, red, ℔ bunch	9	@ 12
Potatoes, ℔ bbl.	2 75	@ 4 00
Potatoes, ℔ peck	37	@ 50
Potatoes, Sweet, ℔ peck	50	@ 75
Pumpkins, each	20	@ 50
Radishes, ℔ bunch	3	@ 5
Sage and Thyme, ℔ bunch	2	@ 4
Squash, each	20	@ 35
Spinach, ℔ half peck	15	@ 20
Tomatoes, ℔ quart	8	@ 12
Turnips, new, ℔ half peck	12	@ 20
Water Cresses, ℔ quart	10	@ 12

FRUIT.

Business is rather slow in this line, though prices are remarkably uniform on a very moderate supply of the principal varieties.

Almonds, ℔ lb.	$ 30	@ 40
Apples, ℔ half peck	3	@ 60
Apples, Lady, ℔ quart	25	@ 37½
Chestnuts, ℔ quart	15	@ 20
Citron, ℔ lb.	45	@ 50
Cranberries, ℔ quart	15	@ 25
Currants, Zant., ℔ lb.	15	@ 20
Dates, ℔ lb.	20	@ 25
Figs, ℔ lb.	25	@ 30
Grapes, ℔ lb.	10	@ 30
Grapes, Malaga, ℔ lb.	75	@ 1 00
Hickory Nuts, ℔ quart	10	@ 15
Lemons, ℔ doz.	25	@ 75
Oranges, ℔ doz.	50	@ 1 00
Pears, ℔ quart	20	@ 50
Prunes, ℔ quart	35	@ 50
Raisins, ℔ lb.	18	@ 28
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

BUTTER, CHEESE, EGGS AND HONEY.

The demand for articles under this head has been more satisfactory to the dealers, who quote prices of [illegible]

Butter, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Butter, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Butter, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cheese, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Eggs, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Honey, White Clover, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Honey, Comb, ℔ lb.	[illegible]	[illegible]

SUNDRIES.

Coal, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Coffee, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Teas, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

HORSE BLANKETS
Retailed at wholesale prices.
R. CAMPBELL,
[illegible]
Fine Harnesses, Saddles, &c.

LEGAL NOTICES.

THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—AUGUSTUS G. PAINE, NATHANIEL BERRY, OSCAR G. WHEELER and CHARLES W. PUDNEY against ELLERY C. FOLGER and PERCY V. [illegible] [illegible] Summons [illegible] To the defendants above named: [illegible] the complaint in this action, which [illegible] in the office of the Clerk of [illegible] the City and County of New-York [illegible] Dated New-York, [illegible] 1866. [illegible] The complaint in this action was filed in the office of the Clerk [illegible] on the 8th day of December, 1866.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, DEC. 8, 1866.

Amusements this Evening.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, CENTRAL PARK. Characters by Messrs. Lester Wallack, John Gilbert, A. W. Young, B. T. Ringgold, W. H. Norton, J. C. Williamson, Miss Mary Gannon, Miss Madeline Henriques, Mrs. John Sefton, &c.

WINTER GARDEN.
Broadway, between Bleecker and Amity sts.
THIS AFTERNOON, commencing at 1 o'clock, MATINEE.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, THE STRANGER and DON CÆSAR DE BAZAN.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.
THIS AFTERNOON, commencing at 2 o'clock, MATINEE.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, last night of the LONG STRIKE and JONES' BABY.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
THIS AFTERNOON, commencing at 1 o'clock, MATINEE.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, an original and grand spectacular Drama, entitled THE BLACK CROOK.

NEW-YORK THEATRE.
Broadway, near 8th-st.
THIS AFTERNOON, commencing at 1 o'clock, MATINEE.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, GRIFFITH GAUNT; OR, JEALOUSY. Characters by Miss Eliza Newton, Miss Sallie Hinckley, Mr. and Mrs. W. Gomersal, &c.

FOX'S OLD BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, between Bayard and Canal sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¼ o'clock, THE FEMALE DETECTIVE, THE SCHOOLMASTER, and THE FELON'S DREAM. Characters by Miss Fanny Herring, G. L. Fox, and full company.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, between Canal and Hester sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7 o'clock, TOM, TOM, THE PIPER'S SON.

THEATRE FRANCAIS,
14th-st., near 6th-av.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, VERSIER MARQUIS, LES DEUX TIMIDES and LE MARI DE LA VEUVE.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
Montague-st.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, CONCERT OF THE PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

BARNUM'S NEW MUSEUM.
Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.
AFTERNOON at 2, EVENING at 7¾, OLD ADAM. A LARGE COLLECTION OF LIVING WILD ANIMALS. GORDON CUMMING'S COLLECTION. Dwarf, Fat Boy, 200,000 Curiosities.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.
Corner 23d-st. and 4th-av.
THIS DAY AND EVENING, ANNUAL EXHIBITION of the Artist Fund Society.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.
14th-st., opposite Academy of Music.
THIS AFTERNOON, commencing at 2½ o'clock, MATINEE.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, Robert Stickney, Mlle. DeBerg and El Nino Eddie. The NEW-YORK CIRCUS TROUPE.

IRVING HALL.
Irving-place, corner 15th-st.
THIS MORNING, commencing at 10¾ o'clock, Mr. WEHLI'S CONCERT.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, Mr. De Cordova's Lecture, MISS BRIGGS—(strong-minded)—HER COURTSHIP.

STEINWAY'S HALL,
Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st.
THIS AFTERNOON, commencing at 3 o'clock, PUBLIC REHEARSAL OF THE PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.
SUNDAY EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, GRAND SUNDAY CONCERT.

KELLY & LEON'S MINSTRELS,
No. 720 Broadway.
THIS EVENING—SONGS, DANCES, BURLESQUES, &c. MATRIMONY, CITY CARS, BLACK STATUE, &c.

FIFTH-AVENUE OPERA HOUSE.
Nos. 2 and 4 West 24th-st.
THIS AFTERNOON, commencing at 2½ o'clock, MATINEE.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, BUDWORTH'S MINSTRELS. A TRIP TO THE MOON.

STUDIO BUILDINGS,
No. 15 West 10th-st.
THIS DAY—EXHIBITION OF FRENCH AND FLEMISH PICTURES.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Corner Grand and Crosby sts.
THIS EVENING, GREAT MASONIC FAIR in aid of the Hall and Asylum Fund.

ST. STEPHEN'S CHURCH.
28th and 29th sts., between Lexington and 3d avs.
THIS EVENING, GRAND FAIR AND FESTIVAL, with PROMENADE CONCERT.

SEVENTH REGIMENT ARMORY,
3d-av., between 6th and 7th sts.
THIS EVENING, CONCERT OF THE SEVENTH REGIMENT, N. G. BAND.

NEW-YORK MUSEUM OF ANATOMY,
No. 618 Broadway.
THIS DAY, Curiosities in Anatomy and Natural History. LECTURES UPON THE MICROSCOPE.

Terms of the New-York Times.

MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

The Daily Times, per annum	$10
The Daily Times (Sunday Edition included)	$12
The Semi-Weekly Times, one year	$3
The Semi-Weekly Times, two copies, one year	$5
The Weekly Times, one year	$2
Five copies	$8
Ten copies	$15

These prices are invariable. We have no traveling agents. Remit in Checks or Post-office Money Orders if possible. Address

H. J. RAYMOND & CO.,
Times Office, New-York.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the Times are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

EUROPE.

We have cable dispatches to yesterday evening. The British Government continues to take precautions against the Fenians.

On Thursday the last of the French officers in Rome took formal leave of the Pope.

The Hungarian Diet has adopted an address to the Emperor of Austria.

It is rumored that M. Moustier will soon retire from the French Cabinet.

A fleet of French vessels is about to sail for Mexico.

GENERAL NEWS.

Brig.-Gen. Eliphalet Whittlesey, Assistant Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau in North Carolina, who was tried recently at Raleigh, on the charge of having been pecuniarily interested in the cultivation of a plantation upon which freedmen were employed, was found guilty, but in consideration of his previous faithful service he was sentenced to be reprimanded by his commanding officer, the Commissioner of the Bureau. The Court, in its sentence, acknowledges Gen. Whittlesey's "fidelity to the Government and honesty and justice to the freedmen under his charge," and Gen. Howard in his reprimand speaks of his "life of integrity, devoted to the welfare of his fellow-men, and his army record as above reproach."

On the 18th ult., the ship *Tonawanda*, bound for Philadelphia, came upon the wreck of the brig *Jacques*, from Newfoundland. When two days out a heavy sea struck her and hove her on her beam ends, carrying away her bowsprit and all her masts and yards, breaking her tiller, and floating off her boats and hawsers. The crew were found bailing her with buckets, her pumps having become choked and useless. Two boats were lowered from the *Tonawanda*, and after two trips with one and four with the other, all upon the wreck were taken off, the Captain setting fire to the vessel before he left. Sixty-seven persons in all were saved in addition to the crew.

The Montreal *Herald* publishes extracts from letters written by a citizen of Montreal, who served in the American army, and afterward was in the Papal service. When in the South he became acquainted with John H. Surratt, whom he identified in Italy, serving in the Zouaves. This person informed the American Embassador at Rome, who sent for instructions to Mr. Seward. In conversation Surratt is reported to have said that the assassination of President Lincoln was planned at Richmond, and with the assent of Jeff. Davis. This informant has gone to Washington.

Letters have been received at St. Louis reporting increased hostilities among the Indians, especially along the line between Fort Kearney and Virginia City, Montana. Communication with the former post was apparently cut off; and the friendly Indians report that the hostile Indians were moving in that direction with the intention of taking it. Another dispatch will probably pronounce this report much exaggerated and possibly quite unfounded.

The poisoning of the family of Cornelius Peck, at Berlin, Conn., on Friday, proves to be more serious than was at first reported. Mr. Peck, his wife and mother, and son and daughter, fifteen and seventeen years of age, were stricken down in the night so severely and at so nearly the same time that they were unable to send to their neighbors for assistance, and lay in mortal agony till 11 o'clock on Saturday. The mother of Mr. Peck died on Sunday after intense suffering, and his wife and the servant girl have no chance to recover. Nothing is definitely known as to the manner in which the poison was administered. The contents of the stomach of Mrs. Peck have been analyzed and prove the poison to have been arsenic.

In the case of Nathan Hutchins vs. The City of Boston, for damages for injuries received by falling on an icy sidewalk, the verdict which was rendered last Spring for the plaintiff, has been set aside by the Supreme Judicial Court, and a new trial ordered. The Court decided that the mere fact that a highway is slippery from the ice upon it, so that a person may be liable to slip and fall while using ordinary care, is not sufficient to authorize a jury to find for damages, unless the way is improperly constructed or there is such an accumulation of snow and ice as to cause an obstruction.

A Yale Alumni Club is to be organized in St. Louis, the matter being placed in the hands of a committee consisting of Melvin C. Day, John L. Ewell and Truman A. Post. An incomplete list of the alumni now residing in the city includes the names of two United States Senators, a Governor, a General equally famous in the field and forum, and many ministers, business men and lawyers.

The December law term of the Supreme Judicial Court for the Second Judicial District of New-Hampshire, commenced in Concord on Tuesday, and after a session of two days adjourned to the 21st of March next. About forty divorces were granted, the parties concerned being distributed throughout the counties of Hillsborough, Merrimack and Belknap.

The bolt manufactory of the Plants Manufacturing Company, in New-Haven, was destroyed by fire early yesterday morning. The main building, a large wooden structure, was entirely consumed, with several small buildings attached. The upper story was occupied as a pistol manufactory. Seventy hands have been thrown out of employment. The loss is $200,000.

The steamship *Suwanee*, from New-York, bound to Brazos de Santiago, with a cargo of arms and ammunition for the Republic of Mexico, foundered at sea on the morning of the 4th off Frying Pan Shoals. The Captain, passengers and crew took to the life-boats a few minutes before the ship went down.

The steamer *Katahdin*, running between Boston and Bangor, struck on a rock on Thursday evening near Camden, and stove a hole in her bottom, causing a serious leak; but with the aid of her pumps the water was kept down, enabling her to perform the trip in safety.

The House of Representatives of Florida have taken up the report of the Committee to whom was referred the proposed Constitutional Amendment; and by a unanimous vote, agreed to that report. The report recommended the rejection of the Amendment.

The cotton crop accounts from Georgia are less favorable, though some of the planters are widely at variance in their statements. The majority however, express great disappointment at the result of the yield, which has turned out far less than they anticipated before picking.

The Committee having charge of the relief fund at Portland, for the sufferers by the great fire, have given notice that all applications for aid in rebuilding must be made before Jan. 1, as the funds then remaining will be finally distributed and the Committee dissolved.

On Wednesday morning the barn of Willard Moody, near Moody's bridge in Williamstown, Mass., was burnt with all its contents—seven valuable horses, four tons of hay, four sets of harness and a quantity of grain. The fire was caused by the explosion of a lamp in the barn.

The General Synod of the German Reformed Church, in session at Dayton, Ohio, has adjourned. The question upon the adoption of the majority report, recommending the optional use of the revised liturgy, was carried in the affirmative by a vote of 64 to 56.

The Government has decided to send to the Paris Exhibition a large delegation of the Northwestern Indians. They will take with them their wigwams, war and agricultural implements, and every variety of costume.

The prices of apples have declined some in New-Hampshire. The wholesale price of the first quality of Winter fruit in Concord is from $3 75 to $4 per barrel; the retail price is from $4 to $4 25.

Fourteen Gloucester vessels and twenty-six men from that town have been lost in the fisheries during the last year. The loss of life is more than double that of the previous year.

The bill passed by the Georgia House, known as the Stay Law, and which postpones the first payments of debts until January, 1868, has been passed by the Senate.

Rev. W. E. Armitage, of Detroit, was Thursday consecrated Assistant Bishop of Wisconsin with imposing ceremonies. Twelve Bishops and seventy clergymen were in attendance.

Miss Charlotte P. Hawes, whose name is familiar to many as an author, died of consumption in Worcester, Mass., on Thursday, after a lingering illness.

The Alabama Legislature yesterday rejected the Constitutional Amendment. The vote in the Senate was 27 to 2, in the House was 69 to 8.

LOCAL NEWS.

The trial of an action, of much interest to City Railroads Companies, as well as those who sometimes ride in City cars, was commenced yesterday in the Supreme Court, Circuit, Part III, before Mr. Justice Mason and a Jury. The case is entitled Caroline Rexford vs. the Seventh-avenue Railroad Company. The plaintiff seeks to recover the sum of $20,000 for injuries which she alleges she sustained on the 27th of June, 1865, through the carelessness of the conductor of one of the defendant's cars, while she was endeavoring to get on. She was a cripple going upon crutches, and, as appears from the evidence, the conductor rang the bell for the car to start before she was on the step, but after she had taken hold of the iron guard or handle attached to the platform. The result, as claimed, was that she could neither let go nor get on, and hence was dragged for twelve or fifteen feet over the rough pavement. Three or four months after her right leg was amputated, and the theory of the plaintiff is that this amputation became necessary by reason of the injuries she then received. The defence deny this, and insist that for a long time prior to the accident she was afflicted with a disease which would have necessitated the amputation if the accident had not taken place. The testimony was closed yesterday afternoon on the part of the plaintiff, and the defence will open on Monday morning. Dr. Carnochan and other eminent members of the medical profession have already been examined, and from the large number of prominent physicians and surgeons which were present in Court yesterday, we infer that, to some extent, this is a case in which "doctors disagree." The Court and Jury will, however, decide the case.

The Equal Rights Convention held during the forenoons and evenings of Thursday and yesterday, at the Cooper Institute, closed last evening with the adoption of a memorial to Congress calling for the recognition to the right of suffrage of every American citizen, irrespective of sex or color. The proceedings throughout were highly dignified and earnest in their character. Prominent among the speakers were Mrs. Susan B. Anthony, Mrs. Ernestine Rose, Rev. Olympia Brown, Miss Bessy Bisby, of Boston; Mrs. Cady Stanton, Mr. Remond and Mr. Blackwell. Not the least important part of the proceedings was the adoption of a resolution recommending that the delegates to the coming Convention to revise the Constitution of the State of New-York, be elected irrespective of sex or complexion, and calling upon the Legislature to enact that women as well as men shall be admitted to vote for such delegates. The meetings were well attended. The audience, with one or two exceptions, warmly sympathized with the proceedings.

The investigation ordered by the Board of Health to be made in reference to the burning of the ferry-boat *Idaho*, was commenced by Dr. Dalton, Sanitary Superintendent, yesterday. The company who owned the boat was represented by counsel, as was also the Board of Health. The investigation, to accommodate counsel for the Company, was adjourned until Monday next. The condition of all our ferries will be inquired into before the Superintendent makes his final report.

Sixty-eight law students were admitted yesterday at the General Term of the Supreme Court. An order was made that the Committee on Character be continued, and that those applicants, whose moral character has not been decided upon, should have a further hearing. The Committee to report on Saturday, the 15th inst., at 10:30 o'clock, to which time the Court adjourned. The names of the successful candidates were published in our column of Law Reports, yesterday. The presiding Justice announced that decisions would be rendered on the 15th inst.

W. C. Williams, James B. Goggin and Seth H. Klinck were arrested yesterday and arraigned before Justice Dowling, charged with complicity in an extensive scheme of fraudulent proceedings whereby several leading firms in this City have been swindled out of over $100,000 worth of goods. Williams is also accused of forgery. Besides these three prisoners, Ellery C. Folger, Percy W. Tibbs and L. G. Klinck were charged with complicity in these frauds, but they as yet have not been arrested. The prisoners have been committed for examination on the complaint of Louis P. Griffith, of No. 52 Leonard-street, and Sampson H. Smith, of No. 40 Catharine-street, and the hearing has been set down for this morning at 10:30 o'clock.

Charles D. Cady, the confidential clerk of Riker & Co., of No. 80 Broadway, who stands charged with the larceny of a large amount of stock certificates from the safe of his employers, was yesterday arraigned before Justice Hogan and remanded for examination, to allow of search being made for some of the missing stock certificates. Young Cady appears to have lived a very fast and loose life prior to his detection and arrest.

In the Court of Oyer and Terminer yesterday Leonard Fay pleaded guilty to manslaughter in the fourth degree, in causing the death of Fred'k Fitzmeyer, and was remanded for sentence. James Harris pleaded guilty of manslaughter in the fourth degree also, for the murder of Patrick Mullen, and was sentenced to the State Prison for two years.

The nomination by the Mayor of Mr. Emanuel B. Hart for Street Commissioner was taken up, and the nomination rejected. A report in favor of setting apart the plot of ground at the junction of Sixth-avenue and Broadway, for the erection thereon of statues of Fulton and Morse, was adopted. Adjourned to to-day.

In the Court of General Sessions Wm. Dooly, a horse thief, was convicted and sent to State Prison for five years. John Wheeler pleaded guilty of an attempt at grand larceny, and was sent to State Prison for two years and six months. Two other prisoners who pleaded guilty, were remanded for sentence.

The examination of the case of Boehme and others, accused of defrauding the Government by the manufacture of whisky under the name of burning fluid, was resumed before United States Commissioner Newton yesterday, and a number of witnesses were examined.

At a meeting of the Board of Aldermen yesterday a communication was received from the Mayor nominating John J. Bradley, Alfred N. Craven and Nathaniel Jarvis, Jr., for Commissioners of the Croton Aqueduct Department. The paper was laid over.

In the Board of City Canvassers yesterday a petition was read from Mr. Michael Connolly against the counting of any ballots for Comptroller not indorsed with the words "City and County, Nov. 6." The protest was referred to a special Committee.

In the United States Circuit Court for the Eastern District, in the case of Osborne vs. The Brooklyn City Railroad Company, the injunction obtained by Osborne against the Company was dissolved.

James Coddington was yesterday taken before United States Commissioner Betts, charged with procuring straw bonds for parties applying for licenses at the office of the Collector of Internal Revenue.

The investigation of the charges against Comptroller Brennan has been adjourned to Monday next at 10 A. M. Yesterday none of the witnesses summoned were present.

A quantity of whisky was seized in Jersey City yesterday by United States Collector Thorne, and the owner thereof arrested. The whisky is believed to be contraband.

Henry Hall, the alleged counterfeiter of $100 compound interest notes, who was held to answer, has been discharged in accordance with instructions from the Secretary of the Treasury.

Some fifty distilleries have been seized in Brooklyn within the last few days by the officers of the Internal Revenue, for alleged evasion of the laws.

Gold ⅛ ℔ cent. lower yesterday, closing 138⅛ @¼; Exchange on London 109¾; Money 6@7 ℔ cent; the public funds steady in prices and in good demand; the Railway speculation left off with some appearance of firmness.

The United States, France and Mexico.

The diplomatic correspondence concerning Mexico, just furnished to Congress by Mr. Seward, throws a flood of light upon certain important questions which have for some time excited the public interest. It brings out in fine relief the action of our State Department upon the most momentous subject it has recently had to deal with, and dispels the clouds of fiction and falsehood which have been raised during the last six months, and have been used as the means of assailing the foreign policy of the Administration. In the latter point of view, we find a special value in these documents; for almost up to the hour of their publication we had occasion to repel accusations of the most varied and variously false character—now charging Mr. Seward of conniving with Louis Napoleon in his Mexican schemes, and then of trying to plunge us into war with France in behalf of Juarez—now charging him with fraudulent attempts to bankrupt his own country by assuming all the debts of the French invasion, and again accusing him of attempting to destroy Mexico by plundering her of half her domain—now charging him with a deliberate purpose of overthrowing the "Monroe Doctrine," and then with a greed of territory that could be satisfied with nothing less than the entire Continent—now pretending to reveal the terms of a treaty which was chiefly intended to enrich himself through the Imperial Treasury, and then telling about another scheme to secure the same purpose through Liberal bonds. We trust since the official documents are now within reach, that they will receive a careful study by the *Tribune*, *Herald*, *World* and *Evening Post*, and that each of these journals will make such retractions of their recent charges as they may judge to be required by their own credit and by the justice due to the foremost of American diplomatists and statesmen.

We find information in these diplomatic dispatches upon the three great topics of interest connected with this Mexican business—first, as to the recent conduct and future course of the French Government; second, as to the recent action and current policy of our own Government; and third, as to the probable fortunes of Mexico herself, after all her misfortunes.

The French Emperor's policy has unquestionably appeared rather tortuous. He disliked exceedingly to renounce totally and forever his grand Mexican scheme; he disliked still more to give it up because of what seemed dictation on our part; and he could not tolerate the thought of giving it up without saddling on other shoulders the whole or a part of the debt which he found had inured to him instead of the anticipated glory. The firmness of our Government compelled a decision on the main point; but the Emperor still thought he might find an opportunity of effecting an agreeable arrangement concerning secondary matters. This was hinted at, on several occasions, in verbal and other communications from himself and his Minister; but we learn of no response having been given that offered him any ground of encouragement. When, as late as last month, it appeared that he was going to fail to carry out the first part of his stipulated arrangement—to withdraw a detachment of his troops in November the subject was pressed on his personal attention by our Minister; and the Emperor, while attempting to show that he had been compelled to modify one point in his plan by military considerations, reiterated his determination to execute faithfully his promises. Mr. Seward, however, in a dispatch which he sent by cable two weeks ago, after indicating the embarrassment caused by the Emperor's course, demanded a specific statement in the matter, and assured him of the necessity of an early and entire discontinuation of foreign hostile occupation. To this we have not the formal reply which was received by our Government two days ago, but a semi-official dispatch has given the assurance that it was in all respects satisfactory, and the date of the departure of the last French soldier from Mexican soil has been given on the authority of the Emperor himself. We are sure the country will rejoice at this definite solution which has at last been reached, and which relieves us from embarrassments that could not otherwise be peacefully settled.

The most important dispatch expository of the policy of our own Government toward Mexico, is in the form of instructions to Mr. Campbell, who left this City last month in company with Gen. Sherman, as Minister to the Republic of Mexico. This highly important document shows that the sole object of the Campbell-Sherman "mission" which has excited so much remark in America and Europe, was to offer to Mexico such friendly assistance as might be in our power during the perilous period of her transition from foreign domination to constitutional republicanism. The non-intervention of this country in Mexican affairs is repeatedly proclaimed, and also its earnest desire for the freedom of action of the Mexican people. Our hope, says Mr. Seward, is to see the people of Mexico "resume the conduct of their own affairs under the existing Republican Government, or such other form of government as, being left in the enjoyment of perfect liberty, they shall determine to adopt in the exercise of their own free will, by their own act, without dictation from any foreign country, and of course without dictation from the United States." "It may possibly happen," continues the dispatch, "that the President of the Republic of Mexico may desire the good offices of the United States, or even some effective proceedings on our part, to favor and advance the pacification of a country so long distracted by foreign combined with civil war, and thus gain time for the reëstablishment of national authority upon principles consistent with a republican and domestic system of government. It is possible, moreover, that some disposition might be made of the land and naval forces of the United States without interfering within the jurisdiction of Mexico, or violating the laws of neutrality, which would be useful in favoring the restoration of law, order and republican government in that country."

It is as an adviser and as a director in such matters as are referred to in the previous sentence that Lieut.-Gen. Sherman accompanies Minister Campbell, and the line of his duties is very well defined and his instructions sufficiently explicit.

We are sure that no fair man in Congress will find fault with this action of our Government on the Mexican question. We could hardly do less in behalf of the republican authorities whom we have always sustained and recognized; and yet what we have done may be of the very highest service to the cause of freedom and order in our sister Republic.

This dispatch, as well as others in the important series just submitted to Congress, shows that our Government has now ground for entertaining the highest hopes of the reëstablishment of the Mexican Republic. It believes that through the constitutional forms of that country a government may now be chosen by the people which shall give at least some prospect of self-assertion and durability, *especially if it finds the friendly encouragement and support* it ought to receive from the Government and people of the United States.

A Hopeful Sign—Gov. Patton's Altered Views.

The evident determination of the governing States to exact compliance by the South with the terms of the Constitutional Amendment begins to tell upon the Southern mind. To President Johnson all has been in vain. And to the Southern journalists and the noisiest of the Southern politicians neither the result of the elections nor the attitude of Congress has taught any lesson. But that there are others upon whom the facts of the case have not been inoperative is proved by the altered tone and purpose of the Alabama Executive.

Less than a month ago Gov. Patton transmitted to the Alabama Legislature an elaborate argument against the Amendment. He was positive in his opposition to it, and recommended its rejection at all hazards. The points he presented were not new, but they were strongly put, and in some respects they savored more of defiance than anything that has been heard from other Governors.

The brief interval that has since elapsed has wrought a gratifying change in Gov. Patton's opinions. He has pondered the course of events and has profited by them. Defiance has given place to a just appreciation of the controlling power. A stern devotion to Southern principle has yielded to a sensible estimate of expediency. And he has indited a special message, directing the attention of his Legislature to the aspect of affairs, and submitting that, after all, worse things than the enforcement of the Amendment may happen if the South continues obstinate.

The telegraphic abstract of this amended exposition of the Governor's views, published in the Times yesterday, states the case in a way which the logic of Ex-Gov. Perry cannot upset. The Perry argument presupposes the possibility of things continuing as they are indefinitely—the South being simply required to remain firm that it may triumph. The new views of Patton realize more correctly the certainties of the present and the probabilities of the future. The terms of restoration prescribed by Congress are—as he sees—to be enforced; and though he adheres to the principles he before enunciated, he frankly declares that "the necessities of the case," as he is now constrained to think, "are different." "We should look our condition in the face," is the sound advice he gives to his associates in the State Government, and he recommends anew the Amendment to their consideration "in the light in which it now presents itself." We hardly dare to hope that the same process of conversion has yet extended to a majority of the State legislators. But Gov. Patton's confessions and recommendations cannot be without some weight: and the same influences which have determined his change of course may be expected more or less to affect those of the Southern people who are not blind to the tendencies of the time.

One possibility is hinted at by Gov. Patton, which no judicious politician should overlook. "As the Chief Executive of the State," he says, "he deems it his duty to express his apprehension lest the stability of affairs be suddenly broken up." Here lies the real danger. "The stability of affairs," as represented by the present governmental organizations of the South, may indeed "be suddenly broken up," if they constitute themselves unmanageable obstacles in the path of restoration. Their existence of right has not been formally conceded by Congress; and the work of beginning *de novo* may be found preferable to indefinite disorganization. Therefore Gov. Patton is right. And not only the Legislature of Alabama, but the Legislature of every Southern State will evince its sagacity by recognizing "the necessities of the case," and accepting the Amendment as the most liberal series of conditions which Congress will ever offer.

The closing allusions in Gov. Patton's message suggest very plainly the wisdom and expediency of a declaration on the part of Congress to the effect that the ratification of the Amendment will entitle a State to immediate admission. There is no doubt, we think, that admission would follow ratification. We believe that the Union Party conducted its late canvass with this understanding, and that the Union Party at Washington would admit Alabama as quickly as it admitted Tennessee, should the former State ratify the Amendment. Doubts are entertained upon the subject, however, and Gov. Patton quietly expresses them. To remove these effectually, and so to remove the only plausible excuse which the South can offer for refusing to ratify, might not Congress advantageously pass a resolution affirming its purpose on the subject? Such a declaration would unquestionably strengthen the hands of the Southerners, who now perceive the folly of fighting the inevitable. And it would be an important item in the justification of measures for reconstructing instead of restoring the Union, should these be rendered ultimately necessary.

Steady Liquidation of the Public Debt—The December Statement.

As an appropriate supplement to his annual report on the national finances, Secretary McCulloch has just given to the public the regular monthly exhibit of the national indebtedness, bringing this deeply-interesting record up to the first of the current month of December.

The details are given elsewhere in our paper this morning. On comparing them with the first of November figures, we find some material changes, which are of a conservative and satisfactory nature, indicating, as they unmistakably do, the steady progress of the funding and liquidating process.

It appears from the latest exhibit that about twenty-four millions ($24,080,550) of Seven-thirty notes, over eleven hundred thousand dollars' worth ($1,125,000) of Compound Interest notes, and nearly five millions ($4,753,936) of plain legal-tender notes have been redeemed during the month of November, chiefly by conversions into the Consolidated Five-twenties of 1865, the further issue of which amounted to nearly thirty-eight millions, ($37,705,300,) making the total of this class of national securities outstanding on the 1st inst., nearly sixty-four millions. Over fourteen millions of the past due obligations of the Government were liquidated, on presentation for payment, during the month. Of the maturing six per cent. bonds of 1867-8, about two hundred thousand dollars' worth ($195,800) were redeemed within the same period. The currency-bearing bonds, issued in aid of the various Pacific Railroad enterprises, were increased four hundred and twenty thousand dollars. Over a million ($1,032,240) more of fractional currency was issued, and further coin deposits to the amount of nearly nine millions ($8,739,520) were received on private account. Though some twenty millions in coin were disbursed, on account of the November interest on the public debt, the coin reserve absolutely owned by the Government is only nine millions less than it was immediately before the commencement of these disbursements, while in the currency reserve in the Treasury there is an increase of over nine millions ($9,281,899) in thirty days.

The net indebtedness of the Government was on the 31st of August, 1865, $2,757,681,571; on the 31st of the following October, $2,740,854,758; on the 31st of July, 1866, $2,633,099,276; and on the 30th ult., $2,549,631,238. Thus it appears that the debt is now precisely $208,050,233 less than it was fifteen months ago, showing an average monthly reduction of nearly fourteen millions. The net reduction during the past month was less than two millions, owing chiefly to the fact that the heavy interest disbursements of the Department, the falling off in its revenues consequent upon the unusual dullness of the season and the necessary balancing of current accounts prior to the meeting of Congress, temporarily arrested the liquidating process.

The footings of the last three debt statements compare thus:

	Oct. 1.	Nov. 1.	Dec. 1.
Interest in coin	$1,310,065,947	$1,333,558,842	$1,371,068,591
Int. in currency	930,930,190	882,402,440	857,622,890
Interest ceased	23,302,372	36,988,909	22,605,795
No interest	437,352,200	428,680,775	433,698,599
Grand total	$2,701,650,709	$2,681,630,966	$2,684,995,875
Less cash in the Treasury	128,213,767	130,320,961	135,364,637
Net ind'tedness	$2,573,336,942	$2,551,310,005	$2,549,631,238

The coin-bearing portion of the debt was increased thirty-seven and a half millions ($37,508,750) in November by the issue of Consolidated Five-Twenties of 1865. The outstanding Five-Twenties of all issues now amount to $861,649,300, including $514,780,500 of the original or 1862 issue, $100,000,000 of the issue of 1864, $183,381,750 of the first 1865 issue, (May and November,) and $63,487,050 of the second (or consolidated) 1865 issue, (July and January.) The Six per cents of 1881 now amount to $283,740,000, against $283,738,750 a month ago. These, with the $171,069,350 of Ten-Forties, constitute the bulk of the coin-bearing portion of the debt. The currency-bearing portion of the debt was reduced nearly twenty-five millions, ($24,785,550,) during the month, by redemption of Seven-Thirties and Compound Interest notes. The three series of the Seven-Thirty currency loan have been, thus far, reduced, by conversions, to $699,933,750 from $724,014,390 a month ago, making the total reduction in the Seven-Thirty line, (mainly of the first, or August issue, maturing in about eight months,) more than one hundred and thirty millions from the aggregate issue of eight hundred and thirty millions through the Government Loan Agency. The outstanding Compound Interest notes now amount to $147,387,140, against $148,512,140 a month ago. The outstanding volume of plain legal-tender notes is now $385,441,849, against $390,195,785 on the first of November. The aggregate legal-tender circulation is therefore $532,828,989, against $538,707,925 on the 1st ult., showing a decrease of about six millions in a month. The plain greenback circulation on June 1 was $402,128,318; Aug. 1, $400,361,728; Sept. 1, $399,603,592; Oct. 1, $399,165,292; Nov. 1, $390,195,785; Dec. 1, $385,441,849, showing a contraction of about seventeen millions in six months.

Of the coin balance in the Treasury on the 1st inst., amounting to $95,186,816, the sum of $79,516,038 was absolutely the property of the Treasury, as against $88,516,038 on the 1st of November; while the sum of $19,636,500 belonged to depositors holding gold certificates, as against $10,896,980 standing to the credit of the same parties on the 1st ult. The currency balance in the Treasury increased from $30,913,922 on the 1st of November, to $40,195,821 on the 1st inst. This large currency reserve, independent of the current revenues, affords adequate means to the Secretary to pay off promptly all the maturing currency interest claims of the Seven-Thirty note holders, and all of the unclaimed past due indebtedness of the Government, thus enabling him to abstain completely from any line of conduct likely to disturb financial or commercial values unnaturally. We regard such a condition of things as of the first importance to the revenues and credit of the Treasury Department. It cannot fail to facilitate the funding and liquidating process, by giving substantial assurance to the business public of an easy and unembarrassing money market, as far as depends upon the policy and negotiations of the Secretary of the Treasury.

The Greene-avenue Railroad Controversy in Brooklyn.

The people of Brooklyn have had their attention occupied lately by an episode in that war which is being carried on throughout these two cities between the Railroad Companies and the owners of property along the streets through which the tracks are to run—an episode which has had more than usual of the fluctuations to which wars in general are subject.

It seems that the Brooklyn City Railroad Company obtained from the Legislature some time since, a grant of authority to construct an additional track running out Gates-avenue in that city, on their obtaining also the consent of the City Corporation. This consent they took measures to obtain, and an ordinance was introduced giving it to them. The Gates-avenue people took the alarm, for they did not desire to have a railroad running in front of their doors, and there is talk of a fund having been raised in connection with the matter. What foundation there is for it we do not know, but, at any rate, the Brooklyn Aldermen, on consideration, proposed not to give their consent to the laying down of the track all the way through Gates-avenue, but for about a mile or so to allow it to be laid through Greene-avenue, the next avenue to the north. Immediately Greene-avenue was up in arms, and the Aldermen were strenuously attacked on its behalf to prevent this change of plan. The arguments of the Greene-avenue people, however, proved not so numerous or not so powerful as those offered in behalf of the Gates-avenue people, and the ordinance was passed giving the Company, which had been indifferent to the result of this contest, leave to lay down their track in Greene-avenue.

The people of Greene-avenue thus beaten before the Aldermen, betook themselves to the Courts, and one of them obtained a temporary injunction against the Company to prevent them from laying down the track without the consent of the property-holders. The law of the matter was in quite a muddle. The Court of Appeals had held in one case that the Legislature could not give a railroad company the right to run steam cars through a public street, for the reason that such a use of the street was more than had been given to the public when the street was laid out, and giving it to a company would be taking private property without compensation. It was urged in behalf of the injunction that there was no difference between a steam railroad and a horse railroad in principle. It appeared, however, that the Court of Appeals had in another case held that the Common Council of New-York City could give leave to a company to lay down a track for a horse railroad in New-York, but the answer to that was that in New-York the Corporation owned the streets, but not in Brooklyn. There were also decisions of the General Term of the Supreme Court of the Brooklyn District, sustaining the power of the Legislature to give such a grant to a horse railroad, and although in a controversy between two railroad companies, one of which undertook to use the other's rails already laid down, the same Court had held that this could not be done, because the right of the company was something more than the right of the public to use the street; yet Judge Gilbert, before whom the application for the injunction was heard, felt himself bound by the decisions of the General Term in favor of the railroad companies, and dissolved the temporary injunction which he had granted. The company, thus far victorious, proceeded to tear up the pavement and to lay down their track along Greene-avenue, as if the matter was settled.

Their opponents, however, were not yet beaten. They determined to make an effort to obtain the interference of the United States Courts, since the State Court would not help them; and the day after the decision of Judge Gilbert had been announced in the case, the plaintiff in that suit conveyed his lots on Greene-avenue to a gentleman residing in New-Jersey, who, being a resident of another State, could and did apply to the Circuit Court of the United States to protect his endangered right, by enjoining the Company from laying down the track over his property, to wit: the street in front of his lots. On this application of his, the fight was renewed, which resulted, after the vexed questions of law had been argued over again before this new tribunal, in an order from the Court enjoining the Company from laying down the track. The street had, by this time, been brought into that state of apparently hopeless disorder which always attends the laying down of a railroad track through it, and as the injunction, which was merely intended to be temporary in its character, had not commanded the restoration of it to its former state, this condition of things has remained till this time. As leave had been given to run for a dissolution of the injunction, the Company were not slow in availing themselves of it, and bringing the matter before the full Bench. They, however, raised another point this hearing. Having examined the plaintiff's deeds, as recorded, they found that instead of owning the title to half the street in front of his lots, as he had alleged, his property was bounded by the line of the street, and the Company did not propose to interfere with any property of his at all. This put a new aspect on the case, and the Court, in a decision which we publish this morning, on this ground, without discussing the general questions of law, dissolved the injunction, and leaves the field again clear for the Company to proceed with their work.

The contestants would seem to be now finally beaten unless they are able to find some other resident of another State who is the owner of lots on the avenue and of the street in front of them also, who is disposed to renew the battle. If they can obtain reinforcement of this kind, they may continue the war yet further, and no one can tell what will be the result in that case, except that it will bring a settlement, by the Courts of the United States, of the question as to which the judges have declined to express an opinion, "whether the grant of the right to lay down and use a railroad track in a public street for the purpose of transporting passengers about the city in horse-cars, is a new burden upon the land on which the rails are laid, for which compensation must be laid."

The importance of this question to property-holders on the one side, and to the general growth and prosperity of our cities on the other, can readily be seen. It should be decided only after the most careful and full consideration.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Flourishing Condition of the Maine Colony in Jaffa—The Enterprise Favored by the Turkish Government—A Gift of $200,000 to Tufts' College—More Confiscated Liquor—Another Donation to Danvers from Mr. Peabody.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

Boston, Friday, Dec. 7.

A late letter from the Maine Colony, dated Jaffa, Oct. 10, contradicts the published dolorous reports concerning it. The affairs of the colony are in a flourishing condition, and the writer says there is nothing to prevent making money there, with a little American enterprise. The country is much better than was represented to Elder Adams, and although it is now the dryest and most barren season of the year there is plenty of everything for food. The American, English and French Consuls have given the colonists all the assistance they required, and the Sultan of Turkey is in favor of their establishing themselves there. It is expected that another vessel will leave Maine next year for Jaffa.

Alexander McGahey, who set fire to his oyster house on the 27th of last March, was convicted today of arson in the second degree.

By the will of the late Sylvanus Packard, which was admitted to probate to-day, Tufts' College, in addition to bonds previously given, receives over $200,000.

Over six hundred gallons of liquor were confiscated by the State Constables yesterday afternoon, in their raid on the saloons at the south end. It is understood that these regulators of the law have recently received instructions to show no mercy to drinking-saloons and oyster-houses. Several of the parties visited yesterday are selling liquor as usual.

Mr. George Peabody has donated $50,000 more to Danvers, for educational purposes.

Great Loss of Life at the Fisheries.

Boston, Friday, Dec. 7.

Fourteen vessels and twenty-six lives have been lost in prosecution of the fishing business of Gloucester during the past year. The loss of life is more than double that of last year. The value of vessels and property lost amounts to $104,000.

The Alabama Claims.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

I observe that the President in his Message urges the demand upon England for payment of damages inflicted on American commerce by the rebel privateer or pirate *Alabama*. The ground of this claim is that the *Alabama* was built in a British port by British capital, and fitted out with arms and crew and all the munitions of war under British jurisdiction, and that, having never been in a Confederate port, she was to all intents and purposes a British ship. This is held to make England responsible.

That point I do not propose to discuss. I wish merely to call attention to another phase of this case. The *Alabama* was commanded by Raphael Semmes throughout her entire career. He was the direct and immediate author of all her depredations. No question can possibly arise as to his responsibility for these acts. It is not a matter of inference, nor of construction. If anybody can properly be called to an account he is the man. If the *Alabama* was a piratical vessel then Semmes was a pirate; if she was a rebel privateer, without lawful commission or authority, then he as her commander was clearly responsible.

Now, why is he not *held* responsible? Would not the President be able to press England in this matter with a much better grace if he showed an equal sense of the enormity of the *Alabama's* offences in his treatment of her commander? He is within the jurisdiction of the Government and amenable to its authority. But instead of being held to his responsibility, he is paroled—has been elected to an honorable local office in Alabama, has been editing a violent rebel newspaper, and has finally accepted a Professorship of *Moral Philosophy* in a Louisiana college.

While the chief offender in this matter is treated with such leniency, it cannot be expected that this severity toward England will be properly appreciated. Yours, &c.,

A LOVER OF EQUAL JUSTICE.

Mr. Colfax's Lecture.—Hon. Schuyler Colfax will speak at the Cooper Institute this evening, delivering his lecture, *Across the Continent*. Lieut.-Gov. Woodford will occupy the chair.

AMUSEMENTS.

Italian Opera.—The favorite opera of "Faust" was given last evening by Maretzek's troupe at the Winter Garden. It is hardly necessary to state that Miss Kellogg was the *Margarita*, nor to add that the charm into which this best of our American *prima donnas* invariably invests the sad but natural *rôle*, delighted the immense and enthusiastic audience that attended the representation. Miss Kellogg's success in the bagatelle of "Crispino," and the still more remarkable *éclat* with which she enacted the *rôle* of *Catharine* in the "Star of the North," has in no way diminished the number of the faithful who make their operatic adjurations at the shrine of her matchless *Margarita*. The cast included Mlle. Stella Bonheur, who, despite an apparent indisposition, sustained the character of *Sibel* with great credit, Mazzoleni, who always does, well Bellini and Antonucci. The performance was a success.

To-day at the *matinée* "Lucretia Borgia" and "Crispino" on Monday for the last time.

The Black Crook.—This popular play at Niblo's Garden will be exhibited this afternoon and evening, and for many days to come.

Griffith Gaunt.—At the *matinée* to-day, and again in the evening, the last phases in the life and history of "Griffith Gaunt" will be shown at the New-York Theatre.

The Long Strike.—Mr. Grover announces the "Long Strike" at a *matinée* to-day, and also at the regular performance this evening. These will be the last occasions at which this popular drama can be seen. A very amusing farce, called "Jones's Baby," introduces Mr. Robson, Miss Alice Harrison, Miss Wood and others to an admiring audience.

Armadale.—Miss Olive Logan's dramatization of "Armadale" can be seen for the last time to-day. In it Miss Celia Logan, "the fair one with the golden locks," has made a decided hit, and we share the general regret that the play must be withdrawn at the very height of its popularity.

Wehli's Matinee.—At the somewhat novel hour of 11 A. M., Mr. Wehli, the eminent pianist, will give a *matinée* at Irving Hall. The simple announcement will suffice to crowd the Hall.

New York Circus.—One of the most prosperous, as well as inviting places of amusement in New-York, is the circus on Fourteenth-street, where the excellent troupe of Mr. Lent appears nightly, and on Wednesday and Saturday afternoons, in frequently varied programmes of equestrian and gymnastic feats of an exciting and marvelous character. The leading equestrian artists attached to this troupe at the present time are M'lle Carlotta DeBerg, who surpasses all her predecessors in dash and daring on horseback, and Robert Stickney, who rolls off backward and forward somersaults, while riding at full speed, with an apparent recklessness which tells immensely upon spectators,—both performers of much more than ordinary merit, and well entitled to the popularity they have acquired with the frequenters of the establishment.

Brooklyn Academy.—Mr. Stuart's Booth season is growing attractive and profitable beyond precedent. Mme. Scheller fairly divides the honors of the illustrious star, and the general distribution is marked by features of extraordinary excellence.

Club Entertainment.—A novel feature in the social life of Brooklyn has been added in the receptions of the B[illegible], of which Mr. [illegible] &

PIERREPONT is President, and the *élite* of the City Churches the members. On Wednesday night the members of the club gave a reception to the ladies of the city, which, for elegance and style, has rarely been equaled by any of the clubs of the country. The spacious rooms of the club were thronged by the beauty and fashion of the city, and we doubt if any similar occasion in this or any other city has drawn forth a similar exhibition of taste and elegance in dress equal to this. The floral decorations were superb, the music excellent, the supper bountiful and of the best—the entire affair being a fit exponent of the combined resources of wealth and culture.

BROOKLYN ATHENÆUM.—Hon. CARLISLE P. JOHNSON, a resident of Brooklyn, and author of several popular pamphlets, will deliver a lecture on the "Philosophy of Politics" at the Brooklyn Athenæum on Monday evening.

Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER says of the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine: "Your admirable needle woman is the only seamstress that defies extortionate men. They cannot cheat it nor starve it, nor deprive it of sleep, nor tire it out, nor make its hands weary. It is a worker that is a match for the most unwearied and avaricious manufacturer. At last I am thankful that there is a machine-woman that cannot be oppressed nor kept in suffering."—*Commercial Advertiser.*

ENTERPRISE AND ITS REWARD.—New-York second to no city in the world as to commercial interests, contains men of nerve and genius. Broadway is to-day swarming with capitalists, many of whom were a few years ago in very moderate circumstances. It cannot fail to convince skeptical parties that it is not mere luck, as many term it, that has placed many men of to-day in positions we find them, but real energy, business tact and enterprise has never failed to be crowned with success. We desire to call the attention of our readers to the well-known establishment of HORACE WATERS, No. 481 BROADWAY, whose business reputation is well known to the musical portion of our community. He has now opened a spacious wareroom, running through from Broadway to Mercer-st., for the sale of musical instruments of all kinds and descriptions, of first-class makers, at wholesale and retail. A very beautiful little miniature melodeon, suitable for children, is now disposing of at a rapid rate; it is the most suitable thing for the holidays; we have seen it, and it is perfect in tone and finish. His system of furnishing those who wish such an instrument, who are unable to pay the full amount, is meeting with great favor, as it places in the hands of those who are too reduced in circumstances to purchase one entire, the means of a livelihood, while it is gradually being paid for. He has also a large number of new pianos, cabinet organs and melodeons to let and rent applied, if purchased. Those who desire a good reliable instrument, will not fail to visit the warerooms of Mr. WATERS, No. 481 Broadway, before purchasing elsewhere.—*Advertisement.*

A MODEL PAPER.—The *Watchman & Reflector*, of Boston, has an enviable reputation for ability and enterprise. It has not been surpassed in merit by any religious journal in the country. But it aspires to higher excellence, and proposes to become, with the opening of the New Year, one of the most comprehensive family papers in the world. It will be greatly enlarged and published on a double sheet; one sheet, devoted, as hitherto, to religious matter; the other to literary, social, monetary and agricultural articles. This latter department will be new and peculiar, with a rich variety of contents, embracing articles on current moral, social and political questions; on the leading men of the age in thought and action; reviews of important books; tales for the family circle: agricultural and gardening matters for farmers; and monetary articles and reports of the markets for business men.

No journal in the world certainly has a more comprehensive plan to meet the wants of all families, and of all the members in a family; and as the editorial staff will consist of nine men, all able and experienced in the several departments, who will be assisted by thirty contributors, many of them having a national reputation, the *Watchman & Reflector* must become a model family paper, unequaled in merit and in circulation. Its enterprising conductors deserve the largest success. We refer our readers to advertisement in another column.—*Advertisement.*

Five Hundred to One.

"I have never found the fabric yet that the Grover & Baker Machines will not sew in the most beautiful manner. I have compared my experience with over five hundred ladies, and I never, except in one instance, found that they preferred other machines to the Grover & Baker, when they have tried both machines."—*Testimony of Mrs. C. L. Pearson, No. 52 Court-st, Brooklyn, before the Commissioner of Patents.*—[*Advertisement.*]

The Mercantile Agency.

Parties contemplating changes in their business at the commencement of the new year who desire to have their names and ratings inserted in the forthcoming Reference Book, to be published 1st of January, will greatly oblige by communicating with the undersigned as early as possible.
R. G. DUN & CO.,
Nos. 253 and 295 Broadway, New-York.—*Advertisement.*

Brother Jonathan's Nose

could only be tickled with foreign extracts and essences, ten years ago, but now he turns up that sensitive feature at them all and gives the preference to PHALON'S NIGHT BLOOMING CEREUS, upon which he has set the seal of nationality, challenging the whole world to produce its equal.

Colgate's Honey Soap.

This celebrated **Toilet Soap**, in such universal demand, is made from the **choicest materials**, is **mild and emollient** in its nature, **fragrantly scented**, and extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin. For sale by all druggists and fancy-goods dealers.

"Important Auxiliary to a Lady's Toilet."—BURNETT'S TOILET SETS, for sale by all druggists.—*Washington Chronicle.*

Infants and Children are all very much benefited by the daily use of DURNO'S SNUFF.

A Sure Pile Cure.

Dr. GILBERT'S PILE INSTRUMENT positively cures the worst cases of piles. Sent by mail on receipt of $4. Circulars free. Sold by druggists. Agents wanted everywhere. Address J. B. ROMAINE, Manager, No. 575 Broadway, New-York.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Ladies, Discard Injurious Paddings.—Mme. JUMEL'S Mammarial Balm and Patent Breast Elevator develops the form physiologically. 363 Canal-st. Sold by druggists. Send stamp for sealed circular.

Choice Furs for Ladies, Misses and Children, manufactured expressly for City trade at panic prices. BURKE, No. 469 Broadway, and No. 128 Fulton-st.

Holiday Styles of Gents' and Youths' Hats now ready. BURKE, No. 469 Broadway, and No. 128 Fulton-st.

Ladies' Furs.—A very choice selection of my own manufacture. BANTA, corner of Canal and Wooster sts. N. B.—Furs altered, repaired and made over.

At Gimbrede's, No. 588 Broadway, the finest goods are not exposed in the show-window. Just received, splendid holiday gifts, all retailed positively at low wholesale prices.

Holiday Presents of Affection and Charity.—WHEELER & WILSON Lock-Stitch Sewing Machine, No. 625 Broadway.

Holiday Presents.—The cheapest and only genuine meerschaum is bought at Ruth's Meerschaum Manufactory, No. 415 Broome-st.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silks, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

Wigs, Toupees and Ornamental Hair, first quality; Hair Dye and Hair Dyeing, all colors, at BATCHELOR'S, No. 16 Bond-st.

Mott's Chemical Pomade Restores Gray hair, and is decidedly the best hairdressing used. Sold by RUSHTON, No. 10 Astor House, and by all druggists.

Holiday Presents.—Polak & Son, Meerschaum Manuf. 792 Broadway, near 4th-st.; pipes cut and repaired.

New Regulation Navy Cap and Chapeau. GENIN, No. 513 Broadway.

Florence
REVERSIBLE FEED LOCK-STITCH SEWING MACHINES.
Best family machine in the world.
FLORENCE S. M. CO.,
No. 505 Broadway.

Willcox & Gibbs Sewing Machine.
"Its seam is less liable to rip than the Lock-Stitch."
[*Judge's Report, at the "Grand Trial."*] 508 Broadway.

Sewing Machines,
For Sale and To Rent,
V. W. WICKES, NO. 744 BROADWAY, UP STAIRS.

The Howe Machine Co.'s Lock-stitch Sewing-Machines.—ELIAS HOWE, Jr., (original inventor of Sewing Machine,) President, 699 Broadway, N. Y.

Weed Sewing-Machine Company, No. 506 Broadway, the only LOCK-STITCH FAMILY MACHINE that uses a straight needle.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic Stitch Sewing Machines for family use, No. 495 Broadway.

Improved Lock-Stitch Machines for Tailors and Manufacturers. GROVER & BAKER SEWING-MACHINE COMPANY, No. 495 Broadway.

Elliptic Lockstitch Sewing Machines, 543 B'way, 1st prem. M. Inst., N. Y. & Pa. St. Fairs, '66.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing-Machine in BROOKLYN. No. 338 FULTON-ST., [illegible]

It Will Relieve the Baby.

There is no mistake about it. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, for children teething, not only relieves the child from pain, but regulates the stomach and bowels, cures dysentery and diarrhœa, softens the gums, reduces all inflammation, and gives rest, health and comfort to mother and child. It is pleasant to take, and perfectly safe in all cases. It gives universal satisfaction.

A Cough, Cold or Sore Throat, Requires immediate attention, as neglect oftentimes results in some incurable Lung Disease. "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" are a simple remedy, and will almost invariably give immediate relief.

Spiegel Eisen,

Produced from the ore of Franklinite, or Crystallized Iron, wherever found, in which the combination of iron, manganese, &c., makes that peculiar metal which is harder than the burglars' drill, is covered by the patent of Herring and Floyd, when used as a

PROTECTION FROM BURGLARS,

and no Bank Safe or Safe Deposit Vault is secure without it. "Steel Safes," "Chilled Iron Safes" and "Case Hardened Safes" have had *their* day; each have been robbed by burglars, and the best security now known against drilling is

SPIEGEL EISEN,

found only in our new Patent BANKERS' SAFES, which, when made of proper thickness, is the best resistant to a burglar's drill ever manufactured.

The experience of the past few years has demonstrated that burglars are fully up to the times, and that, not only many Banks and Banking-houses are looking up their securities behind false protectors, but that it remains for a Banker to say how much security they will have—their safety depending entirely upon the price they pay. A cheap safe gives but little protection, and the best always proves in the end to be the cheapest.

Our new Patent Bankers' Safe combines all the well-known resistants to a burglar's tools, with the addition of the

SPIEGEL EISEN,

which is found only in the ore of Franklinite, and in but few other localities of the globe. Call and examine for yourselves.

THE MANHATTAN BANK,	THE BANK OF COMMERCE,
THE FIRST NATIONAL,	THE CENTRAL NATIONAL,
THE NINTH NATIONAL,	BROWN, BROS. & CO.,
CLARK, DODGE & CO.,	FISK & HATCH,

WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.,

and many other Banks and Bankers use it, and it is manufactured solely by

HERRING, FARREL & SHERMAN,
NO. 251 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.
FARREL, HERRING & CO.,
PHILADELPHIA.
HERRING & CO.,
CHICAGO.
HERRING, FARREL & SHERMAN,
NEW-ORLEANS.

The Gorham Manufacturing Company Silversmiths, of Providence, R. I., inform the trade that they are producing fine Electro-plated Goods, comprising full Dinner and Tea Services and Table Ware of every description of a very superior quality, and of new and elegant designs. The base is Nickel Silver, upon which is a deposit of pure silver of such thickness that they possess all the advantages of solid silver in utility, and from beauty of design and superior finish are undistinguishable from it.

The Gorham Manufacturing Company refer with confidence to the high reputation they have established in the production of Solid Silver Ware, in which they have been for many years engaged, and they now assure the public that they will fully sustain that reputation by the production of Electro-plated Wares of such quality and extreme durability as will insure entire satisfaction to the purchaser. All articles made by them are stamped thus:

GORHAM MFG CO

And all such are fully guaranteed. They feel it necessary particularly to call the attention of purchasers to the above trade-mark, as their designs have been already extensively imitated. These goods can only be procured from responsible dealers throughout the country.

Beautiful Hair.—CHEVALIER'S LIFE FOR THE HAIR positively restores gray hair to its original color and youthful beauty; imparts life and strength to the weakest hair; stops its falling out at once; keeps the head clean; is unparalleled as a hair dressing. Sold by all druggists and fashionable hairdressers, and at my office, No. 1,123 Broadway, New-York.
SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.

Hernia, Varicocele and General Deformities, specially treated by the undersigned, at No. 154 Fulton-st.; trusses, abdominal supporters, spinal and shoulder braces; silk elastic stockings, suspensory bandages, &c., carefully adjusted to suit each case.
J. C. MARSH.

A Most Superior Article for Muffins, tea biscuit, corn bread, &c. &c., the PIONEER YEAST POWDER, sold by all grocers and made by TAYLOR & YOUNG, No. 186 Front-st., New-York.

All the worst forms of Rheumatism are being daily cured by METCALFE'S GREAT RHEUMATIC REMEDY. This wonderful medicine never fails, and thousands who have suffered excruciating agony for years are instantly relieved and soon cured by a few doses.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOUVEAUTE
DE
LONDON AND PARIS.

NOW OPENING,
MAGNIFICENT
FURNISHING GOODS,

WINDSOR SCARFS,
DOGSKIN DRIVING GLOVES,
DRESS SHIRTS AND COLLARS,
SILK UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
SCARFS, PINS AND SLEEVE-BUTTONS.

An extensive and magnificent variety of the above goods, many styles of which cannot be duplicated on this continent, will be found, at

POPULAR PRICES,
AT
UNION ADAMS',
No. 637 Broadway.

WHITE & GLENNEY,
PRACTICAL DENTISTS,
No. 893 Broadway.

INDIA RUBBER TOYS,
VULCANITE JEWELRY
and FANCY ARTICLES
in great variety, for the HOLIDAYS, at
GOODYEAR'S I. R. GLOVE M'F'G CO.,
No. 206 Broadway, corner of Fulton-st.

OFFICIAL CATALOGUE PARIS EXHIBITION OF 1867.

The Concessionaire having appointed the undersigned sole agent for the United States, he is prepared to furnish, on immediate application, all necessary information respecting the terms for advertisements on the eighty pages reserved for the United States in said Catalogue. As all circulars, cards, &c., are prohibited by the Imperial Commission, and over five millions of copies of the Catalogue are already subscribed by Continental publishers, its great advantages as an advertising medium must be manifest to American manufacturers and the general public. CHARLES L. LAWRENCE, care Messrs. Chickering & Sons, No. 652 Broadway.

HEADQUARTERS FOR WEATHER STRIPS.

We keep the largest stock, the greatest variety of styles, which for beauty and effectiveness have no rivals. Eight varieties in walnut, oak and white enameled, ornamental in appearance and most effective in excluding the wind, rain and dust. Send for illustrated circular.
E. S. & J. TORREY, sole Manufacturers,
No. 72 Maiden-lane, New-York.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Having completed our arrangement with the Insurance Companies, the disarrangement caused to our business by the late fire has now ceased, and we now are prepared to offer to the public, at extremely low prices, a most select and complete stock of Blankets, Bedding, Iron Furniture, &c. Wholesale or retail.
WM. GARDNER, No. 244 Canal-st.

HOLIDAY LIQUORS.

We offer the largest and cheapest stock of pure Liquors in the City, retailed at importers' prices. Good Bourbon 60 cents per bottle, $3 per gallon; good table Sherry the same; Cherry Brandy 60 cents per bottle.
BORDEAUX WINE CO.,
Vaults, No. 99 Fulton-st., corner William.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR Great Britain and the Continent, via Southampton and Hamburg, per steamer *Germania*, for Ireland via Queenstown per steamer *City of Baltimore*, on SATURDAY, Dec. 8, will close at this office at 10:30 A. M., and at the up-town offices as follows: Stations A and B, 8:05 A. M.; Stations C and D, 7:45 A. M.; Stations E and F, 7:30 A. M.; Station G, 7:25 A. M.
JAMES KELLY, P. M.

PILES, PILES, AND ALL AFFECTIONS of the Bowels, permanently cured by Specific Remedies at Dr. A. UPHAM'S Medical Office, No. 39 East 4th-st., third door from the Bowery, and between Bowery and Broadway.

FILES OF THE NEW-YORK TIMES FOR sale, for the years 1863, 1864, 1865 and 1866, to date, including the Sunday edition; price, $15 per year. Address [illegible], Box No. 101 *Times* Office.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. VON EISENBERG

Begs to inform his patients and the public in general that in consequence of the disastrous fire at his late residence, in Broadway, which prevented him from attending to his professional duties, he has now opened his new, spacious and commodious Consulting Rooms at No. 251 5th-av., where he attends to all diseases of the Eye, Ear, Catarrh, Throat and Asthma.

Dr. Von Eisenberg has spared neither labor nor expense to add many additions and improvements to his

ÆSTHETICO-NEURALGICON,

The celebrated apparatus invented by

DR. VON EISENBERG,
For the cure of all diseases of the
EYE, EAR, CATARRH,
DISEASES OF THE THROAT, ASTHMA.
Affections of the Voice, Laryngeal, Bronchial and Pulmonary Complaints, Disordered Functions
of the Digestive Organs.

Dr. Von Eisenberg has to state that in inviting the first authorities from the best Medical Colleges of New-York to witness the operation and effect of his extraordinary valuable invention, with its new and wonderful additions, it must be understood that it does not cure every ailment in the world, but it does cure all the diseases above enumerated, such as Impaired Sight, Noises in the Head, Discharges from the Ear, Deafness, Sore Throat, Chronic Catarrh in its worst stage, Lung and Liver Diseases, Inflammation of the Air Cells of the Lungs, restores the Nervous Power, Cures Consumption, Phthisis or wasting away.

Certainly, if we consider the various constitutions affected with the same disease, it is evident that each sufferer from the same disease requires quite a different treatment. It is therefore obvious that no physician can honestly undertake the treatment of any patient until he makes a thorough and sincere diagnosis and investigation.

Thousands have been cured by one application of his Æsthetico-Neuralgicon. Dr. VON EISENBERG has no nostrum requiring secrecy to insure its efficacy, for his treatment is based on long experience, assiduous attention, continued and successful practice, and by his peculiar process he is enabled to restore the sufferer to his normal condition of health. Hundreds, it is well known, have come forward to testify publicly, that they were cured by a single application; and many, as they themselves express, have been actually saved from the grave.

Dr. VON EISENBERG feels (and not without reason) that to have invented a means to benefit afflicted mortals even to subdue the slightest disease, is to him a greater felicity than the riches of a Monte-Christo. As one of our most learned and immortal physicians says: "Since, however, the Great God hath allowed to few upon earth the mighty privilege of serving their kind to its benefit, and that only to those who are of earth's best mold.

Quis meliore, luto finxit præcordia Titan"

I must make up in good wishes what I want strength to effect in full.

"Just as it is a crime to murder a man, so it is the part of virtue and honesty to save our fellow-beings when we are able."

CONSULTING ROOMS,
No. 251 5th-av.,
Northeast corner 28th-st., New-York.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

I was in a most precarious condition, suffering from cough, great debility, difficulty in breathing, a kind of constriction in my chest. I have been treated by the most eminent physicians, but I felt my strength gradually lessen and my body became weaker every day, until at last I became quite prostrated. The least change of weather brought on hot and cold shivers, with a racking pain in my head and a sharp pain in different joints of my body. I was entirely emaciated from constant expectoration of a bloody matter. My friends, by the advice of Rev. Dr. Dalton, brought me to Dr. Von Eisenberg, of No. 251 5th-av. After an examination, he told so correctly all I felt that I at once placed myself under his treatment, and next day I felt as if a pressure had been removed from my body. After eight days I feel I am a man again, a blessing I have not enjoyed for years. I do say that such a man as Dr. Von Eisenberg ought to live forever, and I am sure that every liberal and candid man, who will be treated by Dr. Von Eisenberg, will acknowledge him as a humane and eminently successful physician. I give this unsolicited. In compliance with the Doctor's orders, I will be shortly in New-York, and I will be happy to bear personal witness to the skill and science of Dr. Von Eisenberg.

JAMES T. PUTNAM, Lynchburgh, Va.
SEPT. 27, 1865.

CONSULTING ROOMS, NO. 251 5TH-AV.,
Northeast corner 28th-st., New-York.

GREAT
SALE
OF
CLOTHING
AT
RAYMOND'S,
NOS. 121, 123 AND 125 FULTON-ST.

The days for high prices having passed, to meet the demand of the times, RAYMOND is selling off his immense stock of Clothing for

MEN AND BOYS
AT
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

Persons desiring fine Clothing at a reasonable figure will find it greatly to their interest to call and examine the superb stock of Overcoats, Business and Dress Suits, now offered before purchasing elsewhere.

MIDDLE OF THE BLOCK.
HADLEY'S, COOPER INSTITUTE.
FRENCH CHINA
SELLING AT ONE-HALF THE USUAL PRICES.
NEW AND BEAUTIFUL SHAPES.

Dinner Sets, 130 Ps	$30 00	Tea Plates, ℘ doz	$1 50
Tea Sets, 44 Ps	6 50	Cups and Saucers, ℘ doz	2 25
Dinner Plates, ℘ doz	2 00	Butter Dishes	1 00
Breakfast Plates, ℘ doz	1 75	Fruit Dishes	70

A large variety of
ELEGANT FANCY GOODS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
DINNER, TEA, TOILET AND COLOGNE SETS.
MANTEL VASES, PUNCH BOWLS, &c., &c.
Silver Plated Ware, first quality, beautiful designs.
Parisian White Stone Ware always on hand. Cut and Pressed Glassware, handsomest manufactured. House Furnishing Goods in Wood and Metal Ware.
HADLEY'S CHINA HALLS,
Middle of the Cooper Institute Block.
No connection with corner store.

FURNITURE
OF THE LATEST STYLES, CONSISTING OF
PARLOR, DINING-ROOM and CHAMBER SUITES,
in Rosewood, Walnut, and Maple, retailing at manufacturers' prices,
AT F. KRUTINA'S
MANUFACTORY AND WAREROOMS,
Nos. 96 and 98 East Houston-st.,
between Bowery and 2d-av.
All Goods warranted.

WINTER CLOTHING.—THE BEST PLACE to buy superior OVERCOATS of every texture, style and make, also Dress and Business Suits, ready made or to order; FURNISHING GOODS, CHILDREN'S CLOTHING, &c., at F. B. BALDWIN'S, Nos. 70 and 72 Bowery. The largest assortment in the City, and prices less.

HOUSEKEEPERS ATTEND!
Great bargains in French China Dinner Sets, Tea Sets and Fancy Goods, all at about
HALF PRICE.

Dinner Sets, 139 pieces	$38,	worth $60
Tea Sets, 44 pieces	$7 50,	worth $12
Colored Tea Sets, 44 pieces	$15,	worth $25
Mantel Vases, the pair	$10,	worth $20
Mantel Vases, the pair	$20,	worth $40

All of the
CHOICEST QUALITY,
of
RECENT IMPORTATIONS,
and very select in style; also,
SILVER PLATED WARE,
cut and engraved
TABLE GLASS,
Paris-made Marble and Bronze
CLOCKS! CLOCKS!
at lower prices than can be found elsewhere.
W. J. F. DAILEY & CO.,
No. 631 Broadway,
Between Houston and Bleecker sts.

THE HOLIDAYS.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT IN THE COUNTRY
OF
RICH DINNER AND TEA SETS,
PARIS CLOCKS
AND STATUARY,
AND FINE FANCY GOODS
OF OUR OWN IMPORTATION.
OVINGTON BROTHERS,
Nos. 236, 238 and 240 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION FOR the married. Sent, postage paid, in sealed envelope, on receipt of ten cents. Address Dr. E. B. FOOTE, No. 1,130 Broadway, New-York.

COMFORT AND CURE FOR THE RUPtured. Sent, postage paid, on receipt of ten cents. Address Dr. E. B. FOOTE, 1,130 Broadway, New-York.

OLD EYES MADE NEW WITHOUT spectacles, doctor or medicine. Sent, postage paid, on receipt of ten cents. Address Dr. E. B. FOOTE, No. 1,130 Broadway, New-York.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS.

THE HISTORY OF DR. SCHENCK'S OWN CASE, AND HOW HE WAS CURED OF CONSUMPTION.

Many years ago, while residing in Philadelphia, I had progressed gradually into the last stage of Pulmonary Consumption. All hopes of my recovery became dissipated. I was advised by my physician, Dr. Parish, to remove into the country. Moorestown, N. J., about nine miles distant, being my native place, I was removed thither, occupying two full days in the transition. My father and all his family had lived and died there—and died of Pulmonary Consumption. On my arrival at Moorestown I was put to bed, where I lay for many weeks in what was deemed a hopeless condition. Dr. Thornton, who had been my father's family physician, and had attended him in his last illness, was called to see me. He thought my case entirely beyond the reach of medicine, and decided that I must die, and gave me one week to arrange my temporal affairs. In this apparently hopeless condition, I heard of the remedies which I now make and sell. It seems to me that I could feel them working their way, and penetrating every nerve, fibre and tissue of my system.

My lungs and liver put on a new action, and the morbid matter, which for years had accumulated and irritated the different organs of the body, was eliminated; the tubercles on my lungs ripened, and I expectorated from my lungs as much as a pint of yellow offensive matter every morning. As this expectoration of matter subsided, the fever abated, the pain left me, the cough ceased to harass me, and the exhausting night-sweats were no longer known, and I had refreshing sleep, to which I had long been a stranger. My appetite now began to return, and at times I found it difficult to restrain myself from eating too much. With this return of health, I gained in strength, and now am fleshy. I am now a healthy man, with a large healed cicatrice in the middle lobe of the right lung, and the lower lobe hepatized, with complete adhesion of the pleura. The left lung is sound, and the upper lobe of the right one is in a tolerably healthy condition.

Consumption at that time was thought to be an incurable disease by every one, physicians as well as those who were unlearned in medicine—especially such cases as were reduced to the condition I was in. This induced many people to believe my recovery only temporary. I now prepared and gave medicines to consumptives for some time, and made many wonderful cures; and the demand increased so rapidly that I determined to offer them to the public and devote my undivided attention to lung diseases. In truth, I was next to forced to it, for people would send for me, far and near, to ascertain whether their cases were like mine.

For many years, in conjunction with my principal office in Philadelphia, I have been making regular professional visits to New-York, Boston, Baltimore and Pittsburgh.

For many years past I have made as many as five hundred examinations, weekly, with the "Respirometer." For such examination my charge is five dollars, and it enables me to give such patient the true condition of his disease, and tell him frankly whether he will get well.

The great reason why physicians do not cure consumption is, that they try to do too much; they give medicines to stop the cough, to stop the night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive system, locking up the secretions, and eventually the patient dies.

The Pulmonic Syrup is one of the most valuable medicines known. It is nutrient, powerfully tonic, and healing in itself. It contains no opium, yet loosens the phlegm in the bronchial tubes, and nature throws it off with little exertion; one bottle frequently cures an ordinary cold; but it will be well first to take a dose of Schenck's Mandrake Pills to cleanse the stomach. The Pulmonic Syrup is readily digested and absorbed into blood, to which it imparts its healing properties. It is one of the best preparations of iron in use; it is a powerful tonic of itself; and when the Seaweed Tonic dissolves the mucus in the stomach, and is carried off by the aid of the Mandrake Pills, a healthy flow of gastric juice, good appetite and a good digestion follow.

The Seaweed Tonic is a stimulant, and none other is required when it is used. It is pure and pleasant; no bad effects like when using Bourbon whisky, which disorders the stomach, torpors the liver, locks up all the secretions, turns the blood into water, dropsy sets in, and the patient dies suddenly.

Bourbon whisky is recommended now-a-days by almost every physician. Many patients that visit my rooms, both male and female, are stupified with this poison; the relief is temporary; if they cough they take a little whisky; if they feel weak and feeble they take a little whisky; if they cannot sleep they take a little whisky; and they go on in this way, requiring more and more, until they are bloated up, and imagine they are getting fleshy. The stomach, liver and digestive powers are completely destroyed, and lose their appetite for food. No one was ever cured of consumption by this process, where cavities have been formed in the lungs. A little stimulant is frequently beneficial to consumptives, such as pure brandy or good wines—in many cases London porter or brown stout in moderate quantities; but Bourbon whisky hastens on instead of curing consumption.

The SEAWEED TONIC produces lasting results, thoroughly invigorating the stomach and digestive system, and enabling it to eliminate and make into healthy blood the food that may be used for that purpose. It is so wonderful in its effects that a wine-glass full will digest a hearty meal, and a little of it taken before breakfast will give a tone to the stomach which few medicines possess the power of doing.

The MANDRAKE PILLS may be taken with entire safety by all ages and conditions, producing all the good results that can be obtained from calomel, or any of the mercurial medicines, and without any of their hurtful or injurious results. They carry out of the system the feculent and worn-out matters loosened and dissolved by my Seaweed Tonic and Pulmonic Syrup. It will be seen that all three of my medicines are needed in most cases to cure consumption.

Patients can consult me professionally at my ROOMS, No. 32 Bond-st., New-York, every TUESDAY, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. All advice free of charge, but for a thorough examination with my respirometer $5. Price of the PULMONIC SYRUP and SEAWEED TONIC, each, $1 50 per bottle, or $7 50 the half dozen; MANDRAKE PILLS, 25 cents a box. Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere. A full supply can always be obtained at my Rooms, No. 32 Bond-st., New-York.

DEMAS BARNES & CO., No. 21 Park-row, New-York, General Wholesale Agents.

CHEAP AND ELEGANT GOODS.
1,000 PACKAGES OF GOODS TO BE SOLD AT A GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.
FINE CUT GLASS.
1 DOZEN EACH OF GOBLETS, CHAMPAGNES, CLARETS, WINES AND FINGER BOWLS, AND 2 DECANTERS. $36 PER SET, WORTH $53.
FINE ENGRAVED AND CUT GLASS.
1 DOZEN EACH OF GOBLETS, CHAMPAGNES, CLARETS, WINES AND FINGER BOWLS, AND 2 DECANTERS. $45 PER SET, WORTH $63.
SAME QUANTITY AS ABOVE, EXTRA FINE, $50 PER SET, WORTH $80.
CUT GLASS.
1 DOZEN EACH, GOBLETS, CHAMPAGNES, CLARETS, WINES AND LIQUERS, WITH 2 DECANTERS. $20 PER SET, WORTH $35.
FINE CUT GLASS GOBLETS, $3 75 PER DOZEN.
FINE CUT GLASS CHAMPAGNES, $3 PER DOZEN.
FINE CUT GLASS WINES, $2 75 PER DOZEN.
FRENCH CHINA.
WHITE FRENCH CHINA DINNER SETS, 135 PIECES, $38 PER SET.
WHITE PARIS GRANITE DINNER SETS, 137 PIECES, $35 PER SET.
FANCY DECORATED CHINA DINNER SETS, 118 PIECES, $75 PER SET.
FANCY DECORATED CHINA DINNER SETS, 134 PIECES, $125 PER SET.
FANCY DECORATED TEA SETS, 44 PIECES, $13 50 AND $18 PER SET.
A JOB LOT OF WHITE CHINA DESSERT PLATES, $1 50 PER DOZEN.
100 EXTRA RICH DECORATED DINING SERVICES, FROM $200 TO $1,000 PER SET.
ALSO, FINE SILVER AND PLATED WARE, VASES, BRONZES, JARDINIERES, PARIAN, AND A SPLENDID SELECTION OF
PARIS FANCY GOODS,
JUST OPENED.
CHANDELIERS AND GAS FIXTURES, A LARGE AND CHOICE ASSORTMENT.
E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO.,
Nos. 488, 490 and 492 Broadway,
Corner of Broome-st.

"ACROSS THE CONTINENT."
HON. SCHUYLER COLFAX,
Speaker of the U. S. House of Representatives,
AT THE COOPER INSTITUTE,
SATURDAY EVENING, DEC. 8.

Mr. Colfax, by request of many eminent citizens, will give his Lecture as above.

GEN. STEWART L. WOODFORD,
Lieutenant-Governor Elect,
will preside.

Tickets, 50 cents; reserved seats, 75 cents. For sale at the *Tribune* Office; American News Company, No. 121 Nassau st.; Fowler & Wells, No. 389 Broadway; Sheldon & Co., No. 498 Broadway; James Miller, No. 522 Broadway; Randolph's, No. 770 Broadway, and Macfarland's, corner Broadway and 23d-st.

Lecture at 8; doors open at 7.

C. A. STEVENS & CO.,
No. 38 East 14th-st., Union-square,
MANUFACTURING JEWELERS AND SILVERSMITHS.
Our stock embraces the latest designs, together with many novelties of rare excellence and merit.
DIAMOND JEWELRY
of the first quality, mounted in new and tasteful styles.
WATCHES,
imported from the best European manufacturers.
SILVER WARE.
Dinner and Tea Services of new and original design, and testimonials for presentation, made in the highest style of artistic finish.
Particular attention is given to insure beauty of design and elegance of workmanship in the manufacture of our goods.
C. A. STEVENS & CO.,
No. 38 East 14th-st., Union Square, New-York.

WILBOR'S COD LIVER OIL AND LIME.

The great popularity of this safe and efficacious preparation is alone attributable to its intrinsic worth. In the cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, and all consumptive symptoms, it has no superior, if equal. Let no one neglect the early symptoms of disease when an agent is thus at hand which will alleviate all complaints of the chest, lungs or throat.

Sold by A. B. WILBOR, Chemist, No. 166 Court-st., Boston. In New-York by DEMAS BARNES & CO.; F. C. WELLS & CO., and by W. H. SCHIEFFELIN & CO.

MISCELLANEOUS.

STRUMATIC SALT BATHS.

THE PENNSYLVANIA SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S STRUMATIC SALT AND WATER, are sovereign for the cure DYSPEPSIA, RHEUMATISM, SCROFULA, SWOLLEN GLANDS, ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN, &c., &c.

For sale at all the principal druggists.

PH. EPPELSHEIMERS, Agent,
No. 56 Cedar-st.

TO THE YOUNG MEN OF NEW-YORK.
INTRODUCED THIS DAY,
BY GENIN, No. 513 BROADWAY,
A REAL NOVELTY IN HATTING,
THE ASTRIKHAN FELT HAT,
ESPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR YOUNG MEN.

TIFFANY & CO.,
NOS. 550 AND 552 BROADWAY,

Are now opening over 100 cases of choice goods of their own importation, and specially made to their order—embracing all the novelties in

JEWELRY, CLOCKS, BRONZES AND FANCY GOODS

produced this season in Paris, London, Vienna, Geneva, Naples, Rome, &c., &c., forming the most extensive assortment of rich and rare articles of luxury ever exhibited on this continent.

THE WORLD-RENOWNED WINSLOW'S GREEN CORN, a necessity for every family. For sale by all respectable grocers throughout the country.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

WILL BE READY SATURDAY, DEC. 15,
THE HISTORY
OF A
MOUTHFUL OF BREAD,
AND ITS EFFECTS ON THE ORGANIZATION OF MEN AND ANIMALS.
By JEAN MACE.

Translated from the French by Mrs. Gatty. First American edition, in 1 volume, 12mo. Price $2.

Published by the
AMERICAN NEWS COMPANY.

GOOD BOOKS FOR PRESENTS.—NEW Physiognomy, with 1,000 illustrations, $5, $8 or $10. It is a beautiful book. Æsop's Fables, People's pictorial edition, tinted paper, only $1. Illustrated Family Gymnasium, $1 75. How to Write, How to Talk, How to Behave, and How to Do Business, in one volume, $2 25. The *Phrenological Journal* for 1867, only $2. Address FOWLER & WELLS, 389 Broadway, New-York.

ELEGANT PRESENTS.
HURD & HOUGHTON,
No. 459 Broome-st., New-York,
(Second block west of Broadway,)
PUBLISH
1. DICKENS' COMPLETE WORKS. Household edition. Illustrated by
DARLEY AND GILBERT.

53 vols. 16mo, crape cloth	$79 50
Half calf, or half morocco	159 00

2. COOPER'S COMPLETE WORKS. Illustrated by DARLEY.

32 vols. Crown 8vo, cloth	$96 00
Half calf, gilt or antique	144 00

3. MACAULAY'S HISTORY OF ENGLAND, from the last revised English edition. With new steel portrait of Lord Macaulay.

8 vols. Crown 8vo, cloth	$18 00
Half calf, gilt or antique	32 00
HOOD'S WORKS. 6 vols. Cloth	15 00
Half calf, gilt or antique	24 00
BACON'S WORKS. 15 vols. Cloth	33 75
Half calf, gilt or antique	60 00
CARLYLE'S ESSAYS. 4 vols. Cloth	9 00
Half calf, gilt or antique	16 00
KENNEDY'S WORKS. 6 vols. Cloth	13 50
Half calf, gilt or antique	24 00
MONTAIGNE'S WORKS. 4 vols. Cloth	9 00
Half calf, gilt or antique	16 00
LA FONTAINE'S FABLES. 2 vols. Cloth	4 50
Half calf, gilt or antique	8 00
DE STAEL'S GERMANY. 2 vols. Cloth	4 50
Half calf, gilt or antique	8 00
SCOTT'S POETICAL WORKS. 6 vols. Cloth	9 00
Half calf, gilt or antique	18 00
BEETHOVEN'S LETTERS. 2 vols. Cloth	3 50
Half calf	6 00
MOZART'S LETTERS. 2 vols. Cloth	3 50
Half calf	6 00

Together with a splendid stock of
HOLIDAY ILLUSTRATED
STANDARD AND JUVENILE BOOKS,
AT WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

"BASHFULNESS," "SENSITIVENESS," "DIFFIDENCE" AND "TIMIDITY."—For the cause and cure of these infirmities, see the ANNUAL OF PHRENOLOGY for 1867, just published at 20 cents, by FOWLER & WELLS, New-York.

EVERY SATURDAY CONTAINS DICKENS' CHRISTMAS STORY, MUGBY JUNCTION.

EVERY SATURDAY CONTAINS DICKENS' CHRISTMAS STORY, MUGBY JUNCTION.

EVERY SATURDAY CONTAINS DICKENS' CHRISTMAS STORY, MUGBY JUNCTION.

EVERY SATURDAY CONTAINS DICKENS' CHRISTMAS STORY, MUGBY JUNCTION.

DICKENS' NEW CHRISTMAS STORY is in this week's EVERY SATURDAY. Sold at all bookstores.

AN EXCELLENT CHRISTMAS GIFT.
THE
NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.
COMPLETE IN SIXTEEN VOLUMES.
PUBLISHED BY D. APPLETON & CO.,
Nos. 443 and 445 Broadway, New-York.
EMBRACING FULL AND FRESH INFORMATION ON EVERY SUBJECT.

It should be owned by every intelligent family in the country. Also,

THE
ANNUAL CYCLOPÆDIA,
Commenced in 1861
FIVE VOLUMES, NOW OUT.
PUBLISHED ONE VOLUME ANNUALLY.
REGISTERING ALL THE IMPORTANT EVENTS OF EACH YEAR—VALUABLE AS A WORK OF REFERENCE.

"It is an enterprise of immense value to the public, and ought to be in every library, public and private, as an invaluable book of reference."—*Atlas and Argus, Albany, N. Y.*

"We can confidently and conscientiously recommend the 'Annual Cyclopædia' to all who would have an accurate and readable history of cotemporary events close at hand, and as a safe work of reference."—*Evening Traveller.*

"It is indeed a most excellent work. It is thorough and reliable, and just such a work as is greatly needed, a faithful chronicler of important events, too numerous to be remembered, and of too much account to be lost."—*Cleveland Daily Plain Dealer.*

PRICE AND STYLE OF BINDING.

In Extra Cloth	per vol. $5 00
In library leather	per vol. 6 00
In half Turkey morocco	per vol. 6 50
In half Russia, extra gilt	per vol. 7 50
In full morocco, antique, gilt edges	per vol. 9 00
In full Russia	per vol. 9 00

"A BEAUTIFUL FACE."—IF YOU WOULD know how to become "good looking" and to "look good," read "NEW PHYSIOGNOMY." If you would know how to "read character at a glance," get NEW PHYSIOGNOMY, with 1,000 illustrations, showing all the "SIGNS OF CHARACTER." A splendid work, suitable for the centre table, and just the thing for a Holiday Present, in fine bindings at $5 in muslin, $8 in calf and $10 in morocco gilt. Published by FOWLER & WELLS, No. 389 Broadway, N. Y. Agents wanted.

WHAT THE PAPERS SAY

"One thing we affirm: a man who cannot find amusement and instruction in this book, must have a very stupid face indeed."—*N. Y. Tribune.* "Mr. Wells has put the thought, the practical experience, the close observation, and the professional collection of a lifetime into this important physiological work."—*Philadelphia Press.* "Take such a volume as this, and every one must acknowledge that Physiognomy opens a wide field for interesting investigation."—*N. Y. Daily Times.* "Mr. Wells' new work covers the whole ground more thoroughly than any book before issued."—*The Field and Fireside.* "'New Physiognomy' is a work of science, art and literature, whose purity of tone will commend it to all classes of readers."—*Wide World.* Mr. Wells has gone far beyond previous Physiognomists."—*Christian Guardian.* It is by far the best work ever written on the subject."—*Christian Inquirer.*

O, HOW "DIFFIDENT!"—TO OVERCOME this weakness read the ILLUSTRATED ANNUAL OF PHRENOLOGY AND PHYSIOGNOMY for 1867. Only 20 cents. FOWLER & WELLS, New-York.

VOL. IX.
REBELLION RECORD:
A DIARY OF AMERICAN EVENTS.
EDITED BY FRANK MOORE.
Illustrated with fourteen portraits of distinguished Generals, engraved on steel by Ritchie, and 800 pages letter press.

Price, in cloth	$5 00
Price, in sheep	6 00
Price, in half morocco	6 50
Price, in half calf	6 50

D. VAN NOSTRAND, Publisher,
No. 192 Broadway.

*** Copies sent free by mail on receipt of price.

JUST PUBLISHED.

THE CRITERION; a Means of Distinguishing Truth from Error in Questions of the Times. With Four Letters on the Eirenicon of Dr. Pusey. By A. CLEVELAND COXE, Bishop of Western New-York. 75 cts.

THE TWO SISTERS; or, Principle and Practice. $1 25.

STORIES ON FESTIVALS, FASTS AND SAINT DAYS. $1 25.

H. B. DURAND, No. 11 Bible House, 8th-st., between 3d and 4th avs., N. Y.

"BLUSHING!"—FOR THE CAUSE AND cure of this painful emotion read the new ANNUAL OF PHRENOLOGY for 1867. Only 20 cents by first post. FOWLER & WELLS, New-York.

PHONOGRAPHY AND REPORTING.

THE COMPLETE PHONOGRAPHER; Being an inductive exposition of PHONOGRAPHY, with its application to all branches of reporting, and affording the fullest instruction to those who have not the assistance of an oral teacher; also intended as a school book. By JAMES E. MUNSON, Official Stenographer to the Surrogate's Court of New-York. 1 vol. 12mo. Price (postpaid) $2. Published by ROBERT H. JOHNSTON & CO., No. 64 Nassau-st., New-York.

"This is the latest, and in most respects by far the best book on Phonography that has yet been published. It fully justifies its comprehensive title. The book adheres closely throughout to general principles, avoiding all exceptional expedients; and in every part of it there are a clearness of arrangement and an exactness and conciseness of statement and illustration which peculiarly fit it for use as a text-book in schools, and for a self-instructor."—*New-York Daily Times.*

DICKENS' NEW CHRISTMAS STORY is in this week's EVERY SATURDAY. Price 10 cents, at all bookstores.

DICKENS' NEW CHRISTMAS STORY is in this week's EVERY SATURDAY. Price 10 cents, at all bookstores.

DICKENS' NEW CHRISTMAS STORY is in this week's EVERY SATURDAY. Price 10 cents, at all bookstores.

ARE YOU "BASHFUL?"—READ THE ANNUAL OF PHRENOLOGY AND PHYSIOGNOMY for 1867, and learn how to overcome it. By first post for 20 cents, by FOWLER & WELLS, New-York.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

BY A NEW WRITER.

GUY HAMILTON:

A STORY OF OUR CIVIL WAR.

By MISS J. H. MATHEWS.

8vo. Brown Covers. Price 50 cents.

THE AMERICAN NEWS COMPANY,

Publishers, New-York.

NEW AND IMPORTANT BOOKS,
PUBLISHED THIS DAY BY
CHAS. SCRIBNER & COMPANY,
No. 654 Broadway, New-York.
Two new vols., 7 and 8.
HISTORY OF ENGLAND,
FROM THE FALL OF WOOLSEY TO THE DEATH OF ELIZABETH.
By JAMES A. FROUDE, M. A., of Exeter College, Oxford.
From the fourth London Edition. In 8 Crown 8vo vols. $3 each.

Mr. Froude has shown in his admirable history what new results may be derived, even in the most beaten tracks, from a thorough investigation of the original authorities. His researches have thrown a flood of light upon the character of Henry VIII., his relation to the great event of modern history, the reformation of religion in Europe and the British Isles, that it would be in vain to seek elsewhere.

The work has received the most favorable notices from the leading English journals, and has already passed through four editions in England. The vast amount of fresh and authentic materials which the author has brought to bear on the periods of which he writes, gives his work an interest and value beyond any previous history of the same events.

II.
HOPEFULLY WAITING,
AND OTHER VERSES,
BY ANSON D. F. RANDOLPH.
Square 16mo., cloth gilt, $1 50.

"For years we have been familiar with some of the gems contained in this volume, and we shall prize them all the more for having them in this form, associated with others of like merit. There is nothing ambitious in the style of the poems, they are modest flowers, but they breathe the fragrance of genuine poetry, and they have the richer fragrance of a Christian heart, all the richer because that heart has been bruised. The poems are nearly all of a domestic character—lays of the heartstone—some of them written amid its joys when the sunshine was breaking in at the window, and some of them when the shadow had fallen, but not so heavily as to shut out the brighter light of the soul."—*N. Y. Observer.*

ALSO, JUST READY,
THE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION:
ITS HISTORY, POWERS, AND MODES OF PROCEEDING, &c.
BY JOHN A. JAMESON,
Of the Superior Court of Chicago, Ill.
One vol., octavo, 575 pages. Price, $4 50.

II.
LANGE ON ACTS.
Edited by Rev. C. H. SCHAEFFER, D. D., 1 vol., royal octavo. Price, $5.
Also, now ready, Sixth Edition.

Vol. 1, Containing a General Introduction and the Gospel according to Matthew. By Dr. J. P. LANGE. Edited, with large additions, by Dr. P. SCHAFF. Price, $5.

Third Edition.

Vol. 2, Containing Mark and Luke. Mark, by Dr. J. P. LANGE, edited by Rev. Dr. W. G. T. SHEDD; and Luke, by Dr. J. J. VAN OOSTERZEE, of Utrecht, edited by Rev. Dr. P. SCHAFF and Rev. C. C. STARBUCK. 1 vol. royal octavo, $5.

Copies sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of price.

THE SIGNALMAN.—A NEW STORY BY CHARLES DICKENS. See this week's EVERY SATURDAY.

THE SIGNALMAN.—A NEW STORY BY CHARLES DICKENS. See this week's EVERY SATURDAY.

THE SIGNALMAN.—A NEW STORY BY CHARLES DICKENS. See this week's EVERY SATURDAY.

THE SIGNALMAN.—A NEW STORY BY CHARLES DICKENS. See this week's EVERY SATURDAY.

THE FOLLOWING WORKS,
ILLUSTRATED BY
GUSTAVE DORE,
ARE
PUBLISHED IN THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE.

I.—MILTON'S PARADISE LOST. Illustrated with large full page designs by Doré. With notes by Robert Vaughan, D. D. In one large imperial folio volume.
Bound in cloth $50 00
Bound in best polished morocco $100 00
This elegant and wonderful book presents some of the best specimens of M. Doré's conceptive and artistic powers that have yet appeared. It is the most attractive work offered this season.

SCRIBNER & CO. No. 654 Broadway.
WALTER LOW, No. 596 Broadway.

II.—DON QUIXOTTE, COMPLETE. Edited by J. W. Clark, M. A. Illustrated by Doré.
Bound in cloth $15 00
Bound in half morocco $30 00
Bound in full morocco ant $42 00

III.—THE LEGEND OF THE WANDERING JEW. Twelve large designs by Doré. Large folio, cloth $6 00

IV.—THE HISTORY OF CROQUEMITAINE AND THE TIMES OF CHARLEMAGNE. Illustrated with numerous illustrations by Doré. The text freely rendered from the French by Tom Hood. 4to, on toned paper, bound in cloth. $10 50

V.—THE ADVENTURES OF BARON MUNCHAUSEN.—Illustrated by Doré, with numerous pictures, bound in cloth $10 50

VI.—DANTE'S INFERNO. Illustrated with 76 superb designs by Doré. With English translation by Rev. H. F. Cary, A. M. Crown folio. Bound in full morocco $45 00
Bound in full morocco gilt $55 00

VII.—THE HOLY BIBLE. English authorized version. Illustrated with 250 full-page designs by Doré. Published in monthly parts at $1 each part. Parts 1 to 10 now ready. Subscription for 12 parts $10 00
*** A subscription to this valuable work is regarded by many persons as a suitable gift for the present season.

In addition to the foregoing works, Messrs. CASSELL, PETTER & GALPIN have also just published for the present season the following list of

NEW AND ATTRACTIVE WORKS:

IDYLLIC PICTURES. Drawn by Pinwell, Houghton, Paul Gray Barnes, &c., &c. Royal 8vo, cloth, gilt $5 25

THE CHILD'S GARLAND OF LITTLE POEMS. RHYMES FOR LITTLE PEOPLE. With Exquisite Illustrative Borders, by GIACOMELLI. Square 8vo, cloth gilt $3 75

BRIGHT THOUGHTS FOR THE LITTLE ONES. Twenty-seven original drawings by PROCTOR. With Prose and Verse by Grandmamma. Square 8vo, cloth gilt $3 75

CASSELL'S BIBLE DICTIONARY. In one or two volumes. Strongly bound in cloth, with red burnished edges. 2 vols $12 50
Bound in half calf. 2 vols 25 00
Full bound in best polished sheep. 1 vol. 15 00

FOX'S BOOK OF MARTYRS. Edited by Rev. W. BRAMLEY-MOORE, M. A. Illustrated with full-page designs by the best artists. Plain cloth $6 00
Handsomely bound in cloth gilt 7 50

BUNYAN'S PILGRIM'S PROGRESS. Illustrated by H. C. Selous and M. Paolo Priolo. Superior Large Paper Edition. Handsomely bound in cloth $7 50

HISTORY OF JULIUS CÆSAR. By the Emperor NAPOLEON III. Vols. I. and II. 2 vols., royal 8vo, large paper, Roxburgh $25

PICTURE-BOOK FOR THE NURSERY—Folio, cloth, very pretty style $3 00
PICTURE-BOOK FOR THE NURSERY—Folio, cloth, very pretty. Colored $5 00

DAME DINGLE'S FAIRY TALES—Small folio, cloth bound, colored $3 75

CASSELL'S ILLUSTRATED GOLDSMITH, VICAR OF WAKEFIELD, POEMS AND COMEDIES—Profusely illustrated by various eminent artists.
In one volume, plain cloth $3 75
Full gilt cloth 5 25
Full morocco 10 50
ALSO, UNIFORM WITH THE ABOVE,
GULLIVER, BUNYAN'S PILGRIM'S PROGRESS, BUNYAN'S HOLY WAR, AND ROBINSON CRUSOE.
At the same prices, in the same style.

CASSELL'S POPULAR NATURAL HISTORY—Profusely illustrated. Complete in two volumes.
Bound in cloth $15 00
Half calf 25 00

CASSELL'S ILLUSTRATED HISTORY OF ENGLAND—From the earliest period to the present time. Complete in eight volumes, plain cloth $24 00
Cloth, gilt 28 00

Our new Illustrated Catalogue of the foregoing books, with specimen illustrations, is now ready. Price 15 cents.

Any book in the foregoing advertisement will be sent, postage or express prepaid, on receipt of the price.

WALTER LOW,
No. 596 Broadway, New-York.

THE BOY AT MUGBY, BY CHARLES DICKENS, in this week's EVERY SATURDAY.

THE BOY AT MUGBY, BY CHARLES DICKENS, in this week's EVERY SATURDAY.

THE BOY AT MUGBY, BY CHARLES DICKENS, in this week's EVERY SATURDAY.

THE BOY AT MUGBY, BY CHARLES DICKENS, in this week's EVERY SATURDAY.

CHEAPEST BOOK-STORE IN THE WORLD.

Our immense Catalogue No. 14 free.
10,000 Magnificent Books, Illustrated, at our price.
50,000 Children's Books, Illustrated, at your price.
75,000 Books, History, Biography, &c., at any price.
1,000 Standard Authors, half calf, very cheap.
5,000 Annuals, Albums, &c., almost given away.
LEGGAT BROTHERS,
No. 113 Nassau-st., between Beekman and Ann.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

NEW AND ELEGANTLY ILLUSTRATED
HOLIDAY BOOKS,
JUST PUBLISHED BY
CHAS. SCRIBNER & CO.,
NO. 654 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

I.
THE COTTER'S SATURDAY NIGHT.

An elegantly illustrated edition, with 50 engravings from drawings by CHAPMAN. Engraved by FILMER. In 1 vol., small 4to, bound in extra illuminated cloth, full gilt $5 00
The same. Turkey extra 9 00

"In sending forth this noblest poem of 'the greatest poet that ever sprung from the bosom of the people' to the world of happy homes, the publishers find their excuse—if such could ever be needed—partly from the fact that it has never before been detached from the collected works of Burns, to receive the adornments of art which have been so bountifully and lovingly bestowed on Gray's 'Elegy,' Goldsmith's 'Deserted Village,' Coleridge's 'Ancient Mariner,' Thompson's 'Seasons' and other kindred treasures of English verse; but chiefly in the cordial enthusiasm with which artist, engraver, printer and binder have lent their happiest skill to present it in attire harmonious with its spiritual beauty, and worthy of its essential preciousness."

II.
COMPANION VOLUME TO WILD FLOWERS,
FLORAL BELLES,
FROM THE GREENHOUSE AND GARDEN. Drawn and colored from nature, by Mrs. BADGER. 1 vol., large folio, Turkey morocco, $30.

"A most unique, highly artistic and gorgeous work—one that reflects great credit on the artistic taste of the country, as well as on the genius and industry of the author. The volume is made up of favorite or representative flowers, each of them painted from nature. It seems almost incredible—just the mechanical labor of such a work—each flower, in all its infinite details of form and color and shade, perfect as nature, and this labor repeated in every flower embraced in the whole edition."

III.
A new revised edition, on large paper, with 250 additional pages, three new autograph poems and 25 new engravings from original designs.
(making over 100 in all.)
FOLK-SONGS.
A BOOK OF GOLDEN POEMS, MADE FOR THE POPULAR HEART.

With upward of one hundred original illustrations, exquisite in design and execution. Fac-similes of the original autograph copies of eighteen famous poems by Hood, (the "Song of the Shirt,") Tennyson, Bryant, Leigh Hunt, Longfellow, Barry Cornwall, Holmes, Kingsley, Paine, ("Home, Sweet Home,") Whittier, Browning, Lowell, Emerson, Willis and Pinckney, expressly contributed to this work by the poets or their friends. Printed on the finest tinted paper, at the Riverside Press, Cambridge, and superbly bound. Turkey extra, $18; cloth, full gilt, $15.

The *Atlantic Monthly* says:
"It is, beyond a question, the handsomest and most tasteful volume ever produced in America."

IV.
A NEW ILLUSTRATED EDITION OF BITTER SWEET.
With a fine portrait of the author, on large paper to match FOLK-SONGS.
BITTER SWEET;

A Poem. By J. G. HOLLAND, (Timothy Titcomb.) A new and elegant illustrated edition, with nearly eighty illustrations, executed in the highest style of art, from original drawings, by E. J. WHITNEY, Esq. 1 small 4to. volume, with a fine Steel Portrait. Put up in a neat box. Extra illuminated cloth, $9; Turkey extra, $12.

In preparing this new edition of BITTER SWEET, on large paper, embellished with a Portrait of the Author, and bound in the most superb style, the publishers have endeavored to give it that form and dress which the extensive popularity of the Poem and the highly artistic and appropriate character of the illustrations demand.

Copies sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of price.

EVERY SATURDAY CONTAINS THE best reading from the foreign magazines. For sale everywhere.

EVERY SATURDAY CONTAINS THE best reading from the foreign magazines. For sale everywhere.

EVERY SATURDAY CONTAINS THE best reading from the foreign magazines. For sale everywhere.

EVERY SATURDAY CONTAINS THE best reading from the foreign magazines. For sale everywhere.

A NEW HISTORICAL NOVEL
By Mrs. MUHLBACH.
D. APPLETON & CO.,
Nos. 443 and 445 Broadway.
Publish this day:
THE MERCHANT OF BERLIN,
AN HISTORICAL NOVEL.
By L. MUHLBACH.
Author of "Frederick the Great and his Court." Translated from the German by AMORY COFFIN, M. D.
1 vol. 12mo. Cloth, $2.

Extract from a preface on the Historical Romance, by Mrs. Muhlbach.

I am conscious of having earnestly and devotedly striven for the truth, and of having diligently sought it in all attainable historical works. The author of a historical romance has before him a difficult task: while he must falsify nothing in history, he must poetize in a manner that both historical and poetic truth shall be the result. To those, however, who so very severely judge historical romance, and would deny its historical worth, I now, in conclusion, answer with the following significant quotation from Schiller:

"I shall always prove a bad resource for any future historian who may have the misfortune to recur to me. History is generally only a magazine for my fantasy, and objects must be contented with whatever they may become under my hand."

This declaration of Schiller satisfies me with respect to the nature of my own creations. I desire not to be a resource for historical writers, but I shall always earnestly and zealously seek to draw from the wells of history, that nothing false or unreal may find a place in the "magazine of my fantasy."

D. A. & Co. have just published:
FREDERICK THE GREAT AND HIS COURT. An Historical Romance. By L. MUHLBACH. 1 vol., 12mo., $2.
Either of the above sent free by mail on receipt of the price.

D. A. & Co. have in press the following works by the same author:
JOSEPH THE SECOND AND HIS COURT.
BERLIN AND SANS-SOUCI.
THE TWO LIFE-PATHS.
THE STORY OF A MILLIONAIRE.
EMPEROR LEOPOLD II. AND HIS TIME.
EMPRESS JOSEPHINE.
NAPOLEON IN GERMANY.
HENRY THE EIGHTH.
PRINCE EUGENE AND HIS TIME.
THE GREAT ELECTOR AND HIS CHILDREN.
LOUISA OF PRUSSIA.
COUNT BENJOWSKI; Or, FREDERICK THE GREAT IN BOHEMIA.
OLD FRITZ AND MODERN TIME.
FREDERICK THE GREAT AND HIS FAMILY.

TICKNOR & FIELDS'
PUBLICATIONS
FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

Messrs. TICKNOR & FIELDS invite the attention of New-York book-buyers to the large and fine assortment of their
HOLIDAY AND STANDARD
BOOKS IN FINE BINDINGS
of their own publication, on sale at their branch house,
NO. 63 BLEECKER-ST., NEW-YORK.

This collection comprises the works of many standard and popular American and English writers, among whom may be named:

LONGFELLOW,	TENNYSON,	DICKENS,
WHITTIER,	SCOTT,	HAWTHORNE,
LOWELL,	SHAKESPEARE,	EMERSON,
HOLMES,	BROWNING,	DE QUINCEY,
BAYARD TAYLOR,	MRS. JAMESON,	SAXE.

In a great variety of attractive bindings.

In addition to the above standard books, Messrs. TICKNOR & FIELDS have published the present season

FOUR NEW ILLUSTRATED BOOKS:

MAUD MULLER. Illustrated by Hennessy. Cloth, $3 50; morocco, $7.

EVANGELINE. Illustrated by Darley. Cloth, $3; morocco, $5 50.

SIR LAUNFAL. Illustrated by Eytinge. Cloth, $2 50; morocco, $5.

FLOWER-DE-LUCE. Illustrated by various artists. Cloth, $2 25; morocco, $4 50.

☞ *These books have received the highest praise for artistic excellence and finish. They are the choicest and the least expensive books of the season.*

The public are invited to call and examine these books.

TICKNOR & FIELDS, Publishers,
No. 63 Bleecker-st., (six doors east of Broadway,)
New-York City.

A SUPERB GIFT BOOK.
D. APPLETON & CO.,
BOOKSELLERS AND PUBLISHERS,
Nos. 443 and 445 Broadway, N. Y.,
Have just issued
TWO CENTURIES OF SONG;
OR,
LYRICS, MADRIGALS, SONNETS,
AND OTHER OCCASIONAL VERSES OF THE ENGLISH POETS OF THE LAST TWO HUNDRED YEARS, WITH CRITICAL AND BIOGRAPHICAL NOTES.
BY
WALTER THORNBURY.

Illustrated by Original Pictures of Eminent Artists, drawn and engraved especially for this work. Each page surrounded by beautiful colored borders, designed by Henry Shaw.

One volume, 4to. In unique cloth, with clasp, $12; morocco, elegant, $18.

The intention of the compiler of this attractive volume is to give a choice selection from the Poets who have lived during the past two hundred years. Occasional verses and poems written to friends, short bright pieces that might especially show the personality of the poet and the beauty of his compositions. The selections commence with pieces from the poet Wither, followed by Cowley, Herrick, Milton, Marvell, and the long list of illustrious names who have warbled on Parnassus down to the present time, including Tennyson, Browning, Rossetti, and many other living authors.

The volume is beautifully illustrated with original full-page drawings by eminent artists, numerous head and tail pieces, and superbly embellished with ornamental colored borders on each page, designed especially for this work by Henry Shaw, F. S. A.

D. & A. Co.'s Holiday List of Christmas and New Year Presents now ready.

JUST OUT.
THREE YEARS IN THE SIXTH CORPS.
A CONCISE NARRATIVE OF EVENTS IN THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
from the Autumn of 1861 to the Close of the Rebellion, April 9, 1865.
By Surgeon GEORGE T. STEVENS.

This is the most beautiful and interesting work which has been written as an army record. It is not only a history of the Old Sixth Corps, but it gives a complete narrative of all the events in the Grand Army of the Potomac, its campaigns, its battles, the scenes in the camps and in the hospitals, in the bivouac and on the march; abounding in beautiful incidents, profusely and elegantly illustrated.

No work has ever been published which so perfectly reflects the every day life of the soldier, while at the same time it gives a complete record of all the great movements of the army.

Price in extra cloth	$[illegible]
Price in Turkey morocco, gilt	[illegible]

Agents wanted everywhere. The most liberal terms offered. No book in market offers as great encouragement to agents.

Address S. R. GRAY, Publisher,
No. 38 State-st., Albany, N. Y.

MRS. SOUTHWORTH'S NEW BOOK,
THE BRIDE OF LLEWELLYN,
Will be published on SATURDAY, Dec. 15, and will be for sale by all booksellers. Address all orders to the publishers, T. B. PETERSON & BROTHERS,
No. 306 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.

THE STORY OF A STOMACH; AN EGOTISM BY A REFORMED DYSPEPTIC. Muslin, 75 cents; paper, 50 cents. FOWLER & WELLS, No. 389 Broadway, New-York.

BARBOX BROTHERS, BY CHARLES DICKENS, in this week's EVERY SATURDAY.

BARBOX BROTHERS, BY CHARLES DICKENS, in this week's EVERY SATURDAY.

BARBOX BROTHERS, BY CHARLES DICKENS, in this week's EVERY SATURDAY.

BARBOX BROTHERS, BY CHARLES DICKENS, in this week's EVERY SATURDAY.

FINANCIAL.

Fisk & Hatch
BANKERS AND DEALERS
IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
NO. 5 NASSAU-ST.,
BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES:
U. S. SIX PER CENT. BONDS of 1881,
U. S. FIVE-TWENTY BONDS,
U. S. SEVEN-THIRTY TREASURY NOTES,
U. S. TEN-FORTY BONDS,
U. S. ONE-YEAR CERTIFICATES,
U. S. COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,
U. S. THIRTY-YEAR BONDS, Pacific R. R. issues,
Central Pacific Railroad State Aid Bonds,
and other desirable Securities.
Also, receive deposits and make collections on favorable terms.

VERMILYE & CO.,
NO. 44 WALL-ST.,
BANKERS AND DEALERS
IN
GOVERNMENT STOCKS
AND
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES.

CLOSING PRICES.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 7, 1866.

	Buy.	Sell.		Buy.	Sell.
Registered '81	108¼	108¾	June, 7-30	105¼	105⅝
Coupon, 1881	112¾	113¼	July, 7-30	105¼	105⅝
5-20 Regist'd '62	106¾	107	June, C.I.Nt's, '64	116½	116⅝
5-20 Coupon, '62	108¼	108½	July, C.I.Nt's, '64	115¾	116
5-20 Coupon, '64	106¼	106½	Aug., C.I.Nt's, '64	115½	115¾
5-20 Coupon, '65	107	107¼	Oct., C.I.Nt's, '64	114⅝	114¾
5-20 " new, '65	108¾	109	Dec., C.I.Nt's, '64	113¾	113⅞
10-40 Registered	99¾	100¼	May, C.I.Nt's, '65	111⅝	111⅞
10-40 Coupon	99¾	100¼	Aug., C.I.Nt's, '65	110¾	110⅞
Gold	138⅛	138¼	Sept., C.I.Nt's, '65	110¼	110½
August, 7-30	105½	105¾	Oct., C.I.Nt's, '65	109⅝	109⅞

BANKING HOUSE
OF
JAY COOKE & CO.
Corner Wall and Nassau Sts., New York.
We buy and sell at the most liberal current prices, and keep on hand a full supply of
GOVERNMENT BONDS OF ALL ISSUES,
SEVEN-THIRTIES,
AND
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,
And execute orders for purchase and sale of STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.
JAY COOKE & CO.

Henry Clews & Co.,
BANKERS,
No. 32 Wall-st., New-York.
UNITED STATES SECURITIES
Purchased and for sale.
All issues on hand ready for instant delivery.
ORDERS FOR STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD EXECUTED.
Merchants, Bankers and individuals opening accounts with us will be allowed
4 PER CENT. INTEREST ON ALL DAILY Balances, subject to check at sight.
COLLECTIONS MADE ON ALL POINTS.

AMERICAN BANKING, EXCHANGE AND COMMISSION HOUSE.
Nos. 3 and 5 Rue Scribe, Paris, France.
JAMES W. TUCKER,
EDWARD R. ANDREWS.

JAMES W. TUCKER & CO. buy and sell United States Securities and Foreign Exchange, issue and cash Letters of Credit, as well as transact a general commission business, and refer, by permission, to the following gentlemen:

REFERENCES:
WM. T. ANDREWS, Esq., President National City Bank, Boston.
WM. H. ASPINWALL, Esq., New-York.
JAMES H. BEAL, Esq., President Second National Bank, Boston.
WM. T. BLODGETT, Esq., New-York.
T. HALL FAILE, Esq., New-York.
DUDLEY S. GREGORY, Esq., Jersey City, New-Jersey.
GEORGE GRISWOLD, Esq., New-York.
STEPHEN HYATT, Esq., New-York.
WM. S. JENKINS, Esq., Cashier Bank of America, New-York.
AMOS A. LAWRENCE, Esq., Boston.
WM. H. MACY, Esq., President Leather Manufacturers' Bank, New-York.
MOSES TAYLOR, Esq., President City Bank, New-York.
JONATHAN THORNE, Esq., New-York.
R. SANDS TUCKER, Esq., New-York.
JOHN E. WILLIAMS, Esq., President Metropolitan Bank, New-York.
W. H. WEBB, Esq., New-York.
SAML. WILLETS, Esq., New-York.
Messrs. JAS. M. BEEBE & Co., Boston.
Messrs. CLARK, ADAMS & CLARK, Boston.
Messrs. C. F. HOVEY & Co., Boston.
Messrs. HOWES & MACY, Bankers, No. 30 Wall-st., New-York.
Messrs. HOYT BROTHERS, New-York.
Messrs. BUSSING, CROCKER & Co., New-York.
Messrs. SPOFFORD, TILESTON & Co., New-York.
Messrs. W. A. & A. M. WHITE, New-York.
Messrs. WM. F. WELD & Co., Boston.

GREENLEAF, NORRIS & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
NO. 6 NEW-ST.,
Stock Exchange Building,
NEW-YORK.
A. W. GREENLEAF, BENSON VAN VLIET,
JOHN B. NORRIS, M. F. HAZEN.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS
FOR USE IN THIS COUNTRY
AND ABROAD

UNITED STATES TREASURY.
DEC. 3, 1866.

Schedules of (20) Thirty or more Seven and three-tenths Coupons, payable Dec. 15th, inst., will now be received for examination.
H. H. VAN DYCK, Assistant Treasurer.

MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 5, 1866.

The annual election for Eleven Directors of this Bank for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking Room on TUESDAY, Jan. 8, 1867.

Polls open from 11 to 12 A. M.
J. D. VERMILYE, Cashier.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE stockholders of the WASHINGTON MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, of the City of New-York:

That at a special meeting of the Directors of said Company, held at their office, No. 40 Pine-st., in said City, on the 30th day of November, A. D. 1866, in view of a deficiency in the capital of said Company, caused by unprecedented marine disasters, and under and in pursuance of section 11 of the charter of said Company, and of the statute in such case made and provided, it was unanimously resolved that an assessment of forty per cent. be and the same was accordingly duly assessed upon each and every share of the capital stock of said Company, payable at the office of said Company, No. 40 Pine-st., in said City, on or before the 3d day of January, 1867.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 1, 1866.
A. L. McCARTHY, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT pursuant to adjournment to meet at the call of the Committee appointed to investigate the affairs of the Company, a meeting of the stockholders of the New-York Mail Steamship Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 5 Bowling-green, in the City of New-York, on WEDNESDAY, the 12th day of December next, at 12 o'clock, M., to hear the report of the Committee, and for such action thereon as may be deemed expedient. By order of the Committee,
H. P. ALLEN, Chairman.
NEW-YORK, Nov. 24, 1866.

PAH-RANAGAT VALLEY SILVER MINING COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given that an election by the stockholders of seven Trustees, to manage the stock, property and concerns of the PAH-RANAGAT VALLEY SILVER MINING COMPANY, for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of Brown, Hall & Vanderpoel, No. 271 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on the 12th day of December, 1866, at 12 o'clock, noon, of that day. The transfer books will be closed from the 8th to 13th day of December, inclusive. By order of
AUGUSTUS L. BROWN, Acting Secretary.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 1, 1866.

TO THE HOLDERS OF MISSOURI STATE BONDS ISSUED TO THE PACIFIC RAILROAD OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI.—The holders of the above bonds are invited to a meeting which will be held on MONDAY, the 10th of December, at 2½ o'clock P. M., at the Merchants' Exchange and News-room, Nos. 50 and 52 Pine-st., to consider a proposition of the Pacific Railroad Company of Missouri in regard to the same.
ADOLPHUS MEIER,
GEO. PARTRIDGE,
Committee in behalf of Pacific Railroad.

OFFICE OF THE TRUSTEES OF CREDITORS AND STOCKHOLDERS OF THE OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RAILROAD COMPANY, EASTERN DIVISION, NO. 88 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 3, 1866.

PURSUANT TO THE TERMS OF THE agreement the annual meeting of the owners of certificates issued by the Trustees of creditors and stockholders of the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad Company, (E. D.,) will be held at the office of the Trustees, No. 88 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, on WEDNESDAY, the 12th of December, 1866, at 12 o'clock, noon.
ALLAN CAMPBELL, Chairman.

$50,000.—ANY GENTLEMAN WHO can command this amount in cash will be given an interest in one of the most valuable mining properties in the United States, situated within four hours of New-York City.

The mines are fully developed, inexhaustible and have been worked for several years at a large profit. The money will be secured by valuable real estate and machinery, and will double itself in a year. The matter is open to the most searching investigation which will be afforded. The very highest New-York reference given and expected. Address, confidentially, A. W., *Tribune* Office.

THE CHATHAM NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 6, 1866.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of this Bank, for the election of Directors, will be held at the banking room on TUESDAY, the 8th day of January next, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M. By order of the Board.
O. H. SCHREINER, Cashier.

THE OCEAN NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, Dec. 7, 1866.

ELECTION NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of this bank will be held at their banking-rooms, on TUESDAY, the 8th day of January next, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M., for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year.
C. S. STEVENSON, Cashier.

BATH AND MONTGOMERY COUNTY (KY.) BONDS.—Holders of these bonds who should wish to join in the suit just commenced against these corporations, or who should desire to sell their bonds, are requested to report to H. AMY & CO., No. 21 Nassau-st., New-York City, at the earliest practicable moment.

NOTICE OF ELECTION.—THE ANNUAL election for directors of the first-class of the NORTH AMERICAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 19. Polls open from 3 to 5 o'clock P. M.
D. J. MERRILL, Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS
OF THE
SOUTHWEST Pacific R. R. Co.

PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST GUARANTEED BY THE ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY,
IN COUPON BONDS
OF
$1,000 EACH,
TWENTY YEARS TO RUN.
DUE SEPT. 15, 1886.
INTEREST AT THE RATE OF SEVEN PER CENT. PER ANNUM.
PAYABLE IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK ON THE FIRST DAYS OF JANUARY AND JULY.

These Bonds are issued on 77 miles of completed road, now in operation to Rolla, in the State of Missouri, which cost to construct	$1,500,000
And 13 miles of road graded, with material on hand, to be completed by Jan. 1, 1867, at a cost of	500,000
Together with 260,000 acres of land, now being disposed of at a minimum of $5 per acre, (maximum $40)	1,300,000
Say present total value of	$6,300,000

THE AMOUNT OF BONDS ISSUED IS $2,000,000.
SECURED BY MORTGAGE TO JOHN P. YELVERTON AND CHAS. H. WARD, OF NEW-YORK, AS TRUSTEES OF THE ABOVE NAMED PROPERTY.

By a provision of this Mortgage, when lands are sold to the amount of $40,000, it is to constitute a special fund for the redemption of a like amount of these Bonds at a rate not exceeding 105 per cent. They are also receivable at PAR by the Company in payment of its sales of lands.

At St. Louis this road connects with all the Eastern railways, and runs west through the most attractive parts of the State of Missouri, via Franklin, St. James, Rolla, Lebanon, Marshfield, Granby (lead mines) and Neosho, to the west line of the State. At Springfield it will connect with the Great Atlantic and Pacific Railroad (its eastern terminus) to the Pacific.

When completed, it will present a road of 310 miles in length, costing about	$12,000,000
With 1,036,000 acres of land, valued at	10,000,000
Showing a total value of	$22,000,000
With a total amount of bonds authorized, with the guarantee as above, of	$7,250,000

Which may be issued at a rate not exceeding $25,000 per mile of completed work as it progresses.

Of the present issue of $2,000,000 of bonds, the sum of $500,000 is now offered for sale at the low rate of 80 per cent., subject to advance at the option of the Company.

For further particulars apply to
WARD & CO.,
Bankers,
No. 54 Wall-st., New-York.

THE TENTH NATIONAL BANK
Will remove to
NO. 336 BROADWAY, CORNER WORTH-ST.,
On or about Dec. 15.
BANKERS' AND DEALERS' ACCOUNTS SOLICITED.
D. L. ROSS, President.
J. H. STOUT, Cashier.

ADAMS, KIMBALL & MOORE,
BANKERS,
NO. 14 WALL-ST.,
BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
Of all issues, and execute orders for purchase and sale of
STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS
OF THE ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD OF MINNESOTA,
which are only $10,000 per mile on finished road. For sale by
TURNER BROTHERS,
Bankers, corner of Nassau and Pine sts.

INTEREST DUE 1ST DECEMBER
Upon the Real Estate Bonds of St. Paul and Pacific Railroad Company of Minnesota will be paid on and after that date at the office of Turner Brothers, Bankers.
GEORGE L. BECKER,
President and Land Commissioner.

NOTICE.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF THE METROPOLIS, located at Washington City, in the District of Columbia, is closing up its affairs. All note-holders and other creditors of said Association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims against the Association for payment.
J. B. HUTCHINSON, Cashier.
Dated WASHINGTON CITY, Nov. 30, 1866.

FOR SALE—BELT RAILROAD STOCK LOW; ALSO OTHER CITY RAILROAD SECURITIES AND A FULL LINE OF INSURANCE, CITY AND COUNTY STOCKS AND BONDS, AT THE LOWEST MARKET RATES FOR INVESTMENT.
ALBERT H. NICOLAY,
STOCK BROKER AND AUCTIONEER,
NO. 43 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, TREASURER'S OFFICE, SPRINGFIELD, Nov. 25, 1866.

THE INTEREST ON THE PUBLIC debt of the State of Illinois, maturing on the 1st Monday of January, 1867, will be paid at the Ocean National Bank of the City of New-York, on the 7th, to the 22d inclusive, of January, 1867.
JAMES H. BEVERIDGE, State Treasurer.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN R. R. CO., GENERAL OFFICE, NO. 26 EXCHANGE-PLACE. NEW-YORK, Dec. 5, 1866.

NOTICE.—THE TRANSFER-BOOKS OF THIS Company will be closed from this date until the morning of MONDAY, 10th December inst.
A. J. ODELL, Treasurer.

REMITTANCES TO GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.—Drafts for £1 and upward, payable on demand, issued at lowest rates by
TAPSCOTT, BROTHERS & CO.,
No. 86 South-st., and No. 73 Broadway.

MARIPOSA BONDS.—HOLDERS OF OLD Bonds of Mariposa Company are hereby notified that the time expires on 31st inst. for exchanging them for the Mortgage Bonds of said Company.
MARK BRUMAGIM, President.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE BONDS and coupons of the Mississippi and Missouri Railroad Company, secured by the mortgage executed by said company, dated May 8, 1857, and conveying to THOMAS E. WALKER and CURTIS RAYMOND, as trustees, the division of said company's railroad, known as the Second division, extending westwardly from Iowa City, and all the rolling stock and other property appurtenant thereto, together with all the interest of said company in the lands granted by the United States to the State of Iowa, and by said State to said company in aid of the construction of said railroad, by the several acts of Congress and of the General Assembly of Iowa, set forth or referred to in said mortgage. Notice is hereby given to present their bonds and coupons at the office of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad Company, in the City of New-York within 2 years from the ninth day of July, 1866, for payment of the amount to be paid thereon by the undersigned, present trustees of said mortgage, in pursuance of the decree of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Iowa, made May 11, 1866, by which decree said mortgage was foreclosed, and in obedience to which decree the said mortgaged property has been sold, and certain moneys being proceeds thereof have been paid to the undersigned as such trustee for the benefit of the holders of said bonds and coupons entitled to share therein; and if any of said bonds and coupons are not so presented within the time aforesaid, the holders of such bonds and coupons not so presented will be debarred by the said decree from all right to have any portion of the proceeds of the sale of said mortgaged property applied in payment thereof.
THOMAS E. WALKER, F. HAVEN, Trustees.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 3, 1866.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE BONDS and coupons of the Mississippi and Missouri Railroad Company, secured by the mortgage executed by said Company to EDWARD W. DUNHAM, the undersigned, [illegible] July 1, 1855, and conveying the [illegible] division of said Company's railroad, extending from the eastern line of the State of Iowa, at Davenport, to Iowa City and Muscatine, with the rolling-stock and property appurtenant thereto, notice is hereby given to present their bonds and coupons at the office of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad Company in the City of New-York, within two years from the 9th day of July, 1866, for payment of the amount to be paid thereon by the undersigned trustee of said mortgage, in pursuance of the decree of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Iowa, made May 11, 1866, by which decree the said mortgage was foreclosed, and in obedience to which decree the said mortgaged property has been sold, and certain moneys, being proceeds thereof, have been paid to the undersigned, as such trustee, for the benefit of the holders of said bonds and coupons entitled to share therein, and if any of said bonds and coupons are not so presented within the time aforesaid the holders of such bonds and coupons not so presented will be debarred by the said decree from all right to have any portion of the proceeds of the sale of said mortgaged property applied in payment thereof.
F. H. TOWS, Trustee.
DEC. 4, 1866.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE BONDS AND COUPONS OF THE MISSISSIPPI AND MISSOURI RAILROAD COMPANY, secured by the mortgage, executed by said company to Edward W. Dunham, the undersigned, as Trustee, dated July 1, 1856, and conveying that division of said Company's railroad, known as the Oskaloosa Division, extending west from the City of Muscatine, and the rolling stock and property appurtenant thereto.—Notice is hereby given to present their bonds and coupons at the office of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad Company in the City of New-York, within two years from the ninth day of July, 1866, for payment of the amount to be paid thereon by the undersigned Trustee of said mortgage, in pursuance of the decree of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Iowa, made May 11, 1866, by which decree the said mortgage was foreclosed, and in obedience to which decree the said mortgaged property has been sold, and certain moneys, being proceeds thereof, have been paid to the undersigned as such Trustee for the benefit of the holders of said bonds and coupons entitled to share therein; and if any of said bonds and coupons are not so presented within the time aforesaid, the holders of such bonds and coupons not so presented will be debarred by the said decree from all right to have any portion of the proceeds of the sale of said mortgaged property applied in payment thereof.
December 4, 1866. F. H. TOWS, Trustee.

COKE.—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, $3 50 PER chaldron in the yard, or $3 50 delivered; orders received by CRAPSER & BURNS, No. 303½ West 18th-st., and JOHN SMITH, corner Avenue C and East 18th-st.; delivered immediately.

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW-YORK,
OFFICE CORNER OF BROADWAY AND LIBERTY-STREET.
F. S. WINSTON, President.
Cash Assets, Nov. 1, 1866.
$17,316,001 83.

This Company issues Life, Endowment and Paid-up Policies, in various forms, and at rates as favorable as is consistent with security.

DIVIDENDS ANNUAL AND IN CASH, which may be used in payment of premiums, or on paid-up policies, as an annual CASH INCOME TO THE ASSURED.

Attention is called to the
INSTALMENT FEATURE,
Securing to the beneficiaries annuities for any number of years after the death of the assured.
RICHARD A. McCURDY, V. P.
SHEPPARD HOMANS, Actuary.
ISAAC ABBATT, JOHN M. STUART, Secretaries.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY CO., No. 57 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Nov. 1, 1866.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THIS Company have this day declared a Dividend of Seven per Cent., less Government tax, on the preferred stock of this Company for the year ending the 1st day of December next, payable on and after the 17th day of December next in the preferred stock of the Company, at par, to holders of said stock as shown by the books of the Company on the 1st day of December. The Transfer-Books will be closed on the afternoon of the 1st of December, and open on the morning of the 18th. Fractional parts of a share of the Dividend declared will be paid for in cash by the Treasurer at the rate of the price of the stock the day preceding the purchase.
A. L. PRITCHARD, Treasurer.

DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS OF THE BUTLER COAL COMPANY have this day declared a Dividend from the profits of the Company of Four per Cent., clear of taxes, payable on the 24th inst. to Stockholders of that date.

Stockholders residing in New-York will be paid the dividend at the office of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, on and after the 24th inst.
SAMUEL DUTTON, Treasurer.
PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 6, 1866.

MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Nov. 27, 1866.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE THIS DAY declared a semi-annual dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT., free of Government tax, payable to the stockholders on and after Dec. 1, proximo. The transfer-books will remain closed until that date.
J. D. VERMILYE, Cashier.

PROPOSALS.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT COMMISSARY-GENERAL OF SUBSISTENCE, No. 4 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 7, 1866.

SEALED PROPOSALS (IN DUPLICATE) will be received by the undersigned until 1 o'clock P. M., on TUESDAY, Dec. 11, for supplying for the use of the United States Army, SUBSISTENCE STORES, to be delivered in New-York or Brooklyn, as follows, viz.:

500 barrels PORK—MESS OR PRIME MESS—of the new crop, in full-hooped oak or ash barrels, with two iron hoops. Meat to be free from rust or stain, full weight and thoroughly salted. Bidders will state when their pork was packed, and the brands; also the kind of barrel.

The pork to be received at such inspection yards as shall be agreed to by the undersigned.

50,000 pounds prime NEW WHITE BEANS, well seasoned and dry—to be packed in good, bright, well-coopered flour barrels, to be full head-lined.

5,000 GALLONS of the best quality of PURE VINEGAR, made only from Cider or Whiskey, free from all foreign acids and injurious substances, and of a uniform strength, the Whiskey Vinegar taking thirty-five grains bi-carbonate of potash to neutralize one ounce troy, the Cider Vinegar at near the same strength as may be, to be put up in half-barrels of 22 gallons capacity, like sample at this office. Each proposal must state distinctly the kind and quality of Vinegar offered, and the kind of package.

The stores are required for immediate delivery.

Samples of the beans and vinegar must be delivered with the proposals, and referred to therein.

A printed copy of this advertisement must be attached to each proposal, and the proposals must be specific in complying precisely with all the terms. Each bid, to have consideration, must contain the written guaranty of two responsible names, as follows:

"We, the undersigned, hereby guarantee that should all or any part of the above bid be accepted, it shall be duly fulfilled according to its true purport and conditions; also, that a written contract, with bonds to the amount of one-fourth of the value of the stores proposed to be furnished, shall be executed, if required."

The seller's name, place of business, and the date of purchase, as well as the name of contents, with shipping marks to be hereafter designated, must be plainly marked on every package. All other old marks must be obliterated.

Certificates of inspection by professional packers or inspectors, *other than the party furnishing the provisions*, will be required for the meat, certifying on the part of the seller their present quality and condition, and the immediately preceding inspection.

The meat will also be examined and passed upon by parties from this office on the part of the United States.

The beans and vinegar will be inspected at the date of delivery, and compared with the retained samples by an inspector appointed by this office, whose certificate will be required.

Payments will be made in currency or its equivalent, as soon as funds are received for the purpose.

Contractors are expected to hold their goods without expense to the United States until required for shipment.

Blanks for proposals will be furnished at this office, which must be inclosed in an envelope addressed to the undersigned, and indorsed, "Proposals for Subsistence Stores."
H. F. CLARKE,
Brevet Brigadier-General and A. C. G. S.

TO ARCHITECTS.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR NEW BUILDINGS FOR THE WAR DEPARTMENT AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

Architects are invited to prepare plans and specifications, and estimates of cost, for new fire-proof buildings for the War Department, on the site now occupied by the War Department and adjacent vacant ground, in Washington, D. C.

The buildings required should have a superficial area as large as the site selected will admit of. Photographs of site, and all other information relating to the subject, will be furnished to Architects desiring to compete for the work, upon application, personally or by letter, to the undersigned.

A premium of $3,000 for the first, of $2,000 for the second, and $1,000 for the third most acceptable plans and specifications received, will be awarded, upon the approval of the Hon. Secretary of War, by the Board of Officers charged with the duty of selecting a site and preparing plans and specifications for the buildings of the War Department under act of Congress approved July 28, 1866.

The plans and specifications must be sent to the office of Brevet Lieut.-Col. T. J. Treadwell, Recorder of the Board, Ordnance Office, Winder's Building, Washington, D. C., on or before the first day of February, 1867.

The Board will reserve the right to reject any or all plans submitted, should none be deemed suitable for the purpose, as well as to retain any or all such plans.

By order of the Board.
T. J. TREADWELL,
Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel U. S. A., Recorder.

PAYMASTER'S OFFICE, U. S. N., NO. 29 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Nov. 30, 1866.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 12 M. the 28th of December, 1866, for the following description of granite, to be delivered immediately, free of expense to the Government, at the New-York Navy-yard, and subject to the usual inspection thereat:

BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS.

20,000 cubic feet rough-cut Eastern granite, one-third to be 16 feet long and 4 feet wide; one-third to be from 10 to 13 feet long and 3½ to 4 feet wide; one-third to be from 6 to 9 feet long and from 3½ to 3 feet wide—all to dress exactly 18 inches in thickness. The stone to be sound, free from holes, and to be rough dressed all round.

20,000 cubic feet Eastern granite for wall above low water; to be from 4 to 10 feet long, 3 to 4 feet wide, and 18 inches in thickness. Beds, builds and joints to be rough-cut, and have full joints, all to be cut so as to form a good bend, 4,515 square feet face, to have chiseled arris, one inch wide, and to be neatly pointed, and free from holes; batter of face 1½ inch to the foot.

Responsible security will be required for the prompt and faithful delivery of the above. Blank forms for bidders to be had at this office.
JOHN D. GIBSON,
Paymaster, U. S. N.

STEAMERS ARAGO AND FULTON FOR SALE.

Proposals for the purchase of the above vessels will be received at the office of the Company, No. 7 Broadway until the 11th of December, instant, at 12 o'clock M.

Any information desired will be given by the officer of the Company at this office.

The ARAGO will make her next regular voyage, leaving New-York on the 22d inst.

NO. 7 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Dec. 1, 1866.

NEWSPAPERS.

A PAPER FOR THE AGE.
THE
Watchman & Reflector
ENLARGED TO NEARLY TWICE ITS PRESENT SIZE!

One of the most complete and comprehensive Religious and Family Journals in the world.

Its Corps of Editors and Contributors are unequaled in number and unsurpassed in ability by any religious paper in the United States.

TERMS—One copy, $3, in advance. For $5 any person sending his own name, and the name of a new subscriber, can have two copies, one year.

For Specimen Copies address
FORD, OLMSTEAD & CO.,
PUBLISHERS WATCHMAN & REFLECTOR,
Boston, Mass.

CHEAP AND VALUABLE COMBINATION READY FOR 1867.—No. 1, *American Agriculturist*, $1 50 a year; No. 2, *Scientific American*, $3; No. 3, *Phrenological Journal*, $2 50; No. 4, *Independent*, $2 50; No. 5, Philadelphia *Presbyterian*, $3; No. 6, Boston *Watchman & Reflector*, $3; No. 7, T. S. Arthur's *Children's Hour*, $1 25; No. 8, *Hall's Journal of Health*, $1 50 a year. Two of these, if one has not been subscribed for before, are offered at or near the price of one, for December only. Address HALL'S JOURNAL OF HEALTH, No. 2 West 43d-st., New-York. Nos. 8 and 1 for $2; 8 and 2, $3; 8 and 3, $3; 8 and 4, $3; 8 and 5, $3; 8 and 6, $3; 8 and 7, $2.

DENTISTRY.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION ORIGINATED the anæsthetic use of nitrous oxide gas, and administer it in the only mode which uniformly annihilates pain. We have given it to over 16,000 patients without one accident—ten times as many as any other establishment. Come to headquarters. Office, No. 19 Cooper Institute.

ASTROLOGY.

165 BOWERY.—MADAME WIDGER, CLAIRVOYANT, tells you all you want to know—losses, numbers, diseases, &c.

AUCTION SALES.

GOVERNMENT SALE AT AUGUSTA.

The following property will be sold at a PUBLIC AUCTION, to be held at the UNITED STATES ARSENAL AT AUGUSTA, GEORGIA, on THURSDAY, Dec. 20, 1866.

Property at FORT FISHER, NORTH CAROLINA, as follows:
About 70,000 pounds unserviceable guns, shot and shell.
34 unserviceable gun-carriages, with the irons on them.
340 barrels damaged powder.
Laying at the railroad depot in ATLANTA, Ga.:
104,000 pounds cast-iron guns.
At the FINDLAY IRON WORKS at MACON, Ga.:
A fine steam-press hammer, acting direct from cylinder; weight of drop 2,000 pounds.
At the AUGUSTA ARSENAL AND POWDER WORKS the following:
112,000 pounds cast-iron guns.
12,000 pounds cast-iron castings, some of them valuable.
330,000 pounds cast-iron scrap, (shot and shell, &c.)
6,000 pounds iron copper scrap.
190 field gun-carriages, with the irons on them.
140 ammunition chests, (black walnut and copper.)
60 sets artillery harness for two horses.

And a quantity of other property, consisting of, principally, saddles, horses, equipments, infantry accoutrements, (leather,) musket appendages, harness, bullet-moulds, powder-flasks and blacksmith bellows.

The sale will commence at 10 A. M. and continue until all the property is sold.

TERMS: Twenty per cent. on the day of the sale and the remainder when the property is delivered, or within ten days.

Persons desiring to purchase the property, either at Fort Fisher, N. C., Atlanta or Macon, Ga., should examine it before the day of the sale.
D. W. FLAGLER, Brevet Lieut.-Col. U. S. A.,
Capt. of Ordnance, Comdg. Augusta Arsenal.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.
THIS DAY, SATURDAY, at 11 o'clock A. M.,
On the premises, No. 653 Broadway.
The unexpired term of years of the lease of the store No. 653 Broadway, six years from May 1, 1867; also the fixtures.
LEAVITT, STREBEIGH & CO., Auctioneers.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

TRUSTEE SALE OF VALUABLE CITY LOTS IN THE IMMEDIATE VICINITY OF THE CENTRAL PARK, ON 6TH-AV., 55TH, 56TH, 57TH AND 58TH STS., AT AUCTION.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, Dec. 13, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:
6TH-AV.—8 lots, forming entire front between 55th and 56th sts., east side.
55TH-ST.—2 lots in rear of above, north side.
55TH-ST.—3 lots, north side, 450 feet west 5th-ave.
56TH-ST.—3 lots, south side, 450 feet west 5th-av.
56TH-ST.—2 lots, south side, adjoining rear 6th-av. lots.
57TH-ST.—6 lots, south side, (100 feet st.,) 175 feet west 6th-av.
57TH-ST.—6 lots, north side, 100 feet west 8th-av.
11TH-AV. AND 58TH-ST.—4 beautiful lots, northeast corner, 25x100 each.
58TH-ST.—2 lots, south side, 100 feet west 8th-av.
Title perfect. Sale absolute, under direction of the trustee. Maps, &c., at No. 77 Cedar-st.

A. M. MERWIN, Auctioneer.

BY BANGS, MERWIN & CO., AT THEIR salesrooms, Nos. 694 and 696 BROADWAY, corner of 4th-st.,
MONDAY AND TUESDAY AFTERNOONS,
Dec. 10 and 11, at 4 o'clock.

CHOICE PRIVATE LIBRARY of a gentleman of Newark, N. J., recently deceased, comprising an extensive collection of the best ENGLISH editions, in fine condition, of very valuable and scarce books in Theology, Divinity, Biblical Literature and Biography. Also, a variety of choice Miscellaneous Literature, in fine bindings, &c. Together forming one of the best libraries that has been offered at public sale for years. Catalogues are ready.

BENJ. F. THEALL, Auctioneer,
Late salesman with E. H. Ludlow & Co.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, AT 10½ O'CLOCK, AT NO. 62 LIBERTY-ST., NEAR NASSAU.
ELEGANT FANCY GOODS, BRONZES, CLOCKS, PARIAN AND BISQUET WARE, &c.
CATALOGUES AND GOODS NOW READY AT NO. 62 LIBERTY-ST.

J. COLE, Auctioneer.

POSITIVE SALE OF 44 VACANT LOTS, by order of the Supreme Court, on DeKalb and Stuyvesant avs., Hart and Pulaski sts., to be sold SATURDAY, Dec. 8, at 12 o'clock, at the Commercial Exchange, No. 369 Fulton-st., Brooklyn. These lots are on and near the railroads in Broadway and DeKalb-av., making them accessible from all the ferries.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT DEfault has been made in the payment of the consideration moneys mentioned in a certain mortgage, dated February twentieth, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, made by the North American Lloyd Steamship Company to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, and that, pursuant to the terms of said mortgage, the said Pacific Mail Steamship Company will by P. C. BULKLEY, Auctioneer, offer for sale at the salesroom of the Merchant's Exchange, at No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on WEDNESDAY, the twenty-sixth day of December, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, at twelve o'clock noon of that day, and sell at public auction the two several steamships, or vessels, respectively called *Atlantic* and *Baltic*—the said steamship *Atlantic* being of the burden of 2,660 98-100 tons, and the said steamship *Baltic* being of the burden of 2,644 44-100 tons, together with all and singular their respective masts, bowsprits, sails, boats, anchors, cables and all other necessaries thereunto appertaining and belonging.
PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.,
F. W. G. BELLOWS, Vice-President.
CLARKSON N. POTTER, of counsel, Nos. 59 and 61 Wall-st.—NEW-YORK, Nov. 26, 1866.

T. R. MINTURN, Auctioneer.

THIS DAY, (SATURDAY, DEC. 8,) AT 11 o'clock, within the store:
MALAGA RAISINS—100 boxes.
Landing, ex bark *Rex*.

STATIONERY.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INKS.—"Keys' National Writing Fluid" and "American Union Ink." No sediment; flow freely and do not corrode. Sold by the trade generally. Manufactured REEVES & CO., successor to J. G. Keys. Removed No. 303 Washington-st., near Reade.

DIARIES FOR 1867—ALL SIZES AND styles; daily journals, expense books, blank books, paper, fancy and staple stationery at low prices. Orders solicited.
FRANCIS & LOUTREL, Stationers,
Printers and Bookbinders, No. 45 Maiden-lane.

MEDICAL.

TO MARRIED AND SINGLE LADIES.

PORTUGUESE FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS.—In all cases of stoppage or irregularity, from whatever cause, they are certain to succeed in forty-eight hours, safe and healthy. They cannot fail in any case. Price $5 a box. Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail in letter envelope.

Dr. Mauriceau guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities in females with or without medicine, at one interview.

Dr. Mauriceau is the author of "The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York or sent by mail, free of postage. Address Box No. 1,224 New-York City.

HASTEN TO DR. KENNEDY, NO. 195 Elm-st. He makes the greatest cures known. Thousands are saved by Dr. KENNEDY'S skillful and improved treatment.—Private diseases cured in the shortest possible time by Dr. KENNEDY, No. 195 Elm-st., New-York. Dr. KENNEDY, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor. Persons at a distance address Dr. G. KENNEDY, 195 Elm-st. Call or write.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE—Containing nearly 300 pages and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser of the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

TO MARRIED LADIES.—MADAME RESTELL, Professor of Midwifery over 30 years, guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all obstructions from whatever cause, with or without medicine, at one interview, or by mail. Her INFALLIBLE FRENCH MONTHLY PILLS, No. 1, price $1, or No. 2, price $5, which are four degrees stronger, and can never fail, are safe and healthy. Office No. 64 West 34th-st., near 6th-av., or sent by mail. Address Box 2,379 New-York Post-office. Also sold at Druggist's, No. 152 Greenwich st.

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.—AN ESSAY of Warning and Instruction for Young Men. Also, Diseases and Abuses which prematurely Prostrate the Vital Powers, with sure means of relief. Sent free of charge in sealed letter envelopes. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Penn.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by using Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. Restores manhood to the most shattered constitutions, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. Office, 195 Elm-st.

SURGICAL HOSPITAL FOR THE TREATment of stricture, varicocele, hemorrhoids, fistula, and the more obscure diseases of the pelvic viscera, under the exclusive control of EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., Editor of the *Scalpel*. Office hours from 8 to 9, 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 evenings, at Doctor's residence, No. 42 5th-av.

DR. LARMONT, NO. 173 BROADWAY.—Treatment from 10 to 5. "Medical Adviser and Marriage Guides," on his special treatment of local, constitutional, nervous diseases, stricture, fistula, piles, &c., $1 50. E. WARNER, Publisher, No. 1 Vesey-st.

LADIES WHO NEED SPECIAL MEDICAL treatment should consult Dr. HARRISON, His Female Monthly Regulator, a never failing remedy, sent everywhere; price $5. Office, No. 62 6th-av. N. B.—Board, with private rooms, for the afflicted.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS, for both married and single ladies, are the very best thing known, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause. Expressly for obstinate cases. Dr. POWERS, No. 195 Elm-st.

LADIES' BENEFACTOR, GREAT FEMALE REGULATOR.—Dr. Powers Periodical Drops; best thing known; a cure at one trial. Office, No. 195 Elm-st.

A CURE AT ONE INTERVIEW FOR married ladies, by Dr. POWERS. Office, No. 195 Elm-st.: his Periodical Drops guaranteed effectual.

A.—YOUTHFUL VIGOR AND MANHOOD regained—use Dr. POWER'S ELIXIR, especially all contemplating marriage. Office No. 195 Elm-st.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS RELY ON DR. POWERS' Unfailing French Periodical Drops and Pills; one interview sufficient. Office, No. 195 Elm-st.

DR. HARRISON, NO. 62 6TH-AV., CURES the worst private diseases immediately, without mercury. Consultation at all hours.

MANY THOUSANDS ARE RUINED BEYOND REDEMPTION in this life by not calling on Dr. HUNTER sooner or later. He can cure the worst cases of secret disease in a shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. Skeptics and doubters will please call and read hundreds of reliable certificates of cures made within the last thirty years of almost hopeless cases, that had had the benefit of dozens of our most eminent physicians and surgeons. Dr. Hunter is in constant attendance from 8 in the morning till 9 at night, at his old office, No 3 Division-st., New-York City, since 1834. Charges moderate, and a cure guaranteed. Separate rooms, so that the patient sees no one but the Doctor himself. His wonderful medical discovery, DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures private diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, and possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless his remedy is used. This is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. $2 per vial. Book, 50 pages, gratis, on nervous debility, causes o impotency, marasmus, &c.

DRY GOODS.

TABLE CLOTHS
AND
NAPKINS.
A very large and complete assortment at extremely low prices.
MILLIKEN & CO.,
No. 748 Broadway.

TO HOUSEKEEPERS.
CARPETS
AND
OIL-CLOTHS.
SMITH & LOUNSBERY,
NO. 456 BROADWAY,
NEAR GRAND-ST., NEW-YORK, HAVE ON HAND A LARGE AND SELECT STOCK OF NEW FALL STYLES,
WHICH THEY ARE OFFERING AT IMPORTERS' AND MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
TAPESTRY CARPETS AS LOW AS $1 75 PER YARD.
CARPETS MADE UP AND LAID AT SHORT NOTICE.

BROCATELLES,
TAPESTRIES,
REPS,
LACE CURTAINS,
CORNICES, SHADES,
AT REDUCED PRICES.
TAYLOR, McGIBBON & Co.,
NO. 809 BROADWAY,
Between 11th and 12th sts.

GREAT BARGAINS
IN RICH DRY GOODS.
STRANG & ADRIANCE,
No. 355 BROADWAY, between Franklin and Leonard sts., will offer at retail on MONDAY, Dec. 10,
THE GREATEST BARGAINS YET OFFERED,
having purchased largely at the great peremptory auction sales of last week, the
RICHEST SILKS AND MEDIUM-PRICED DRESS GOODS,
at about 50 cents on the dollar. Also,
SHAWLS,
the RICHEST GOODS IMPORTED, with the largest assortment of RICH MATERIALS for
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S CLOAKS
in VELVET and ASTRAKHAN CLOTHS of all colors.
Also, BLACK and COLORED BEAVER CLOTH at less than half price.

CLOAKS, FURS.
A most elegant assortment of
CLOAKS, SACQUES, BASQUES, JACKETS AND CIRCULARS,
in Velvet and Cloth, which
CANNOT BE SURPASSED.
Also an unusually fine lot of
MAGNIFICENT FURS,
at MANUFACTURERS' PRICES, just opened by
JOHN CAMPBELL,
No. 898 Broadway, between 19th and 20th sts.

SMILLIE & CO.
Have opened the most ELEGANT ASSORTMENT of
CLOAKS, SACQUES, BASQUES, JACKETS and CIRCULARS, in VELVET and CLOTH, which cannot be surpassed in America.
No. 763 BROADWAY,
Between 8th and 9th sts.
WILLIAM BUCHANAN MACKENZIE, Superintendent.

NOVELTIES IN SILKS
AND FANCY ARTICLES, AU BON MARCHE,
Nos. 135 and 137 Rue du Bac, corner of Rue de Sevres.
Ladies visiting Paris should, before effecting their purchases elsewhere, visit this establishment. They will find an immense assortment of every novelty of the finest quality and real cheapness.

FRENCH CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS,
Ls. CHAPRON, No. 11 Rue de la Paix, Paris,
From 15 cents up to $200 each.
Letters embroidered in perfection. Fixed price.

AT DE PERCEVAL'S,
No. 739 Broadway, opposite Astor-place, infants' wardrobes, children's cloaks and suits, figaro costumes, sacks, dresses, caps, blankets, bibs, waists, aprons, corsets, spencers, &c., &c.

Ladies' under-garments, ladies' skirts, ladies' and misses' sets. Large stock of embroidered yokes. Initials and coats-of-arms embroidered on handkerchiefs, table linen, and bed-clothes. Stamping and stamped goods of every kind.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

GLOVES—GLOVES—GLOVES.—$2 KIDS reduced to $1 75, black, white, light and dark colors; excellent Gloves at $1 and $1 25; undressed kid 90c. and $1; red, white and blue cloth, all sizes; a large assortment of Fall and Winter Gloves, Hoods, Sontags, Nubias, &c., at low prices.

N. B.—Hosiery and Undergarments at cost price, at ELGER'S, Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st., east side.

TOYS AND HOLIDAY PRESENTS.—ALbums, writing-desks, portfolios, work-boxes, glove-boxes, pocket-books, and dolls of every description, at H. M. FAIRCHILD'S BAZAAR, No. 377 6th-av. and 23d-st.

MILLINERY.

CHILDREN'S FURS AND HATS AT half price; ladies' velvet bonnets at $10, worth $20; bonnets and hats at $15, worth $30; feathers half price. L. BINN'S Millinery, No. 577 Broadway.

FURS.

FINE MINK, SABLE, SQUIRREL, AND other varieties of furs, at reduced prices, at PHILLIPS', No. 236 Bleecker-st. Repairing and altering faithfully executed.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT
of
PARIS AND VIENNA
FANCY BOXES.
for confectionery, gloves, handkerchiefs, jewelry, &c., just received and for sale.
HENRY MEYER, No. 51 Vesey-st.

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S DRESSING and Writing Cases. Portfolios, Pocket-books Card-cases, Banker's Cases. Manufacturers, WM. T. FRY & CO., Nos. 134 and 136 William-st., New-York.

W. T. FRY & CO., MANUFACTURERS of the well-known Fry's patent pocket flask metal flasks, soap boxes, drinking cups, reward medals, &c. Manufactory Nos. 134 and 136 William-st., N. Y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NO SOAP! NO WATER! NO SLOP!
BROWN'S GLASS-CLEANING POLISH,
(Patented Oct. 10, 1865,)
For cleaning and polishing windows, mirrors, gold, silver, plated ware, brass, copper, tin, &c. A new invention of the greatest practical worth, convenience and economy; indispensable to all private housekeepers, hotelkeepers, storekeepers, &c. Manufactory, No. 74 Bleecker-st., New-York. For sale at all grocery-stores.

A NEW AND SCIENTIFIC DISCOVERY.
No more toothache after using
PIETON'S
Great Toothache Remedy.
It never fails to cure it instantly. Give it a trial.
Price 30 cents per bottle,
to be had at No. 6 Clinton-place, and all drug-stores in the United States.

SILVER PLATED WARE.
A fine assortment plated, on GERMAN SILVER and WHITE METAL.
TEA SETS, CASTERS, CAKE BASKETS, CORDIAL STANDS, SOUP TUREENS, &c., &c.
H. C. REED, JR., & CO., Manufacturers,
No. 13 Maiden-lane, up stairs.
Old ware repaired and replated.

GUERLAIN
PERFUMER,
Paris, No. 15 Rue de la Paix, Paris.

"THE MOUNT SINAI HOSPITAL,"
NOS. 138 AND 140 WEST 28TH-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Nov. 12, 1866.

AN ELECTION WILL BE HELD AT THE hospital on Dec. 9 next, for three Directors in Class No. 1, to serve for four years, from Jan. 16 next, in place of Messrs. Lewis May, Wm. Seligman and Samuel A. Lewis; also, for one Director, in Class No. 4, to serve for three years, from Jan. 16 next, in place of Mr. Henry Gitterman, (elected to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. N. K. Rosenfield,) and also for one Director in Class No. 2, to serve for one year, from Jan. 16 next, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. S. J. Spiegelberg, all of whose terms of office will expire on that day.

The poll will be opened at 11 o'clock A. M. and close at 12 o'clock M.

By order of the Board,
SAMUEL A. LEWIS, Honorary Secretary.

ROUND-CORNERED PLAYING CARDS 75 cents per pack, at all stationers and fancy goods dealers. These cards will not split, and cost no more than the ordinary sharp-pointed cards commonly used. Wholesale at the manufacturers', SAMUEL HART & CO., No. 43 John-st., New-York.

PARIS EXHIBITION, 1867.—JOHN ARTHUR & CO., No. 10 Rue Castiglione, agents to the British and American Embassies, established 38 years, undertake to represent exhibitors, bank and exchange, house and estate agents, commission, transit agents and wine merchants. Every information gratis.

BARGE FOR SALE CHEAP.—THE BARGE INDEPENDENCE, well fitted for freight and passengers, will be sold with or without furniture. Inquire on board, foot of Warren-st., every day except Tuesdays and Fridays.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY informs booksellers, publishers, and his friends in general, that he has purchased of L. S. Ballou, the long-established book-bindery, No. 16 Spruce-st., N. Y.
JAMES GRAY, No. 16 Spruce-st.

A YOUNG LADY, STRANGER IN THIS City, desires some person to advance her $25, and take as security a small gold watch, valued at $35. Address W. W., Box No. 170 *Times* Office.

PARIS—L'OFFICE INTERNATIONAL, RUE Neuve, St. Augustin, No. 65. Every information gratuitously. Apartments provided. Luggage warehoused.

LOST AND FOUND.

PICKED UP, ABOUT FIFTEEN MILES outside of Sandy Hook, a number of cases marked G. K. & Co. and H. & S., "Champignons."

Any person having a claim on said cases is requested to present the same to FLETCHER, HARRISON & CO., No. 266 West-st., without delay.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

CITY MISSIONS.—PREACHING AND OTHER religious services, under the direction of the New-York City Mission, will be held in the following Wards every SABBATH, as follows, viz.:
First Ward—No. 37 Greenwich-st., 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.
Fifth Ward—No. 74 West Broadway, 6 P. M.
Sixth Ward—No. 122 Leonard-st., 3 P. M.
Tenth Ward—No. 139 Canal-st., 7½ P. M.
Eleventh Ward—No. 21 Avenue D, 3½ and 7½ P. M.
Eleventh Ward—No. 44 Avenue C, (German) 7½ P. M.
Thirteenth Ward—No. 70 Columbia-st., 3½ P. M.
Fourteenth Ward—No. 191 Elm-st., 2 P. M.
Fifteenth Ward—No. 60 Bleecker-st., 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M.
Sixteenth Ward—No. 273 West 26th-st., 7½ P. M.
Seventeenth Ward—No. 147 5th-st., 10½ A. M.
Nineteenth Ward—Lexington-av., corner of East 46th-st., 3½ P. M.
Twentieth Ward—No. 449 11th-av., 3½ P. M.
GEO. J. MINGINS, Superintendent of Missions.

NEW-ENGLAND CHURCH, FORTY-FIRST-st., between Broadway and 6th-av.—Preaching SABBATH MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, by the Pastor, Rev. LYMAN ABBOTT, and in the EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, Rev. CYRUS OFFER will be ordained as an Evangelist. Rev. RAY PALMER, D. D., Rev. J. HUNTINGTON CLAPP, Rev. EDWARD TAYLOR, and others, are expected to participate in the exercises.

JOHN-ST. M. E. CHURCH.—PREACHING ON SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and at 7 P. M., by the Pastor, Rev. W. H. DE PUY. Class-meeting and Sabbath-school at 9 A. M. and at 2 P. M. Seats free. Strangers cordially invited to attend.

In connection with the morning sermon, memorial services will be held in memory of Miss JULIA F. BAYLIS, late a member of this Church.

NOTICE TO CHRISTIANS.—THE MESSIAH having come the second time, all Christians are warned against joining in the present Christian worship, which, by the act of the second coming, is abolished.

THE SECOND PERSONAL COMING OF THE MESSIAH PROVED TO HAVE TAKEN PLACE.
Sent by post on receipt of price, 40 cents.

NOTICE TO JEWS.—THE CHILDREN OF Abraham, according to the flesh, are hereby notified that their Messiah has come as a temporal prince, and that the United States of America is his kingdom.

THE AMERICAN UNION PROVED TO BE THE NEW HEAVENS AND EARTH.
Sent by post on receipt of price, 40 cents.
JOHN THOMPSON, Publisher, No. 43 Ann-st.

"HOMES, AND THE HOMELESS."—A Lecture by Rev. J. L. G. McKOWN, in the Alanson M. E. Church, Norfolk-st., near Grand, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Dec. 12, 1866. Tickets, 25 cents, to be had of J. Sammis, No. 321 Grand-st., and at the door on the evening of the lecture. Doors open at 7; lecture to commence at 7:45. Proceeds for the benefit of the Rivington-st. Mission Sunday-school.

ANNOUNCEMENT.—REV. CHARLES B. SMYTH, the distinguished and popular lecturer, will conduct divine worship, and lecture in the Everett Rooms, corner of Broadway and 34th-st., on SUNDAY AFTERNOON, Dec. 9, (3½ o'clock, D. V.) Subject—*A Defence of his present Course of Lectures, as an Introduction to his Second Lecture on the Black Crook.* Seats free. Collection.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, having removed from Broome-st., meet for worship in Lyric Hall, 47th-st., junction of Broadway and 7th-av. Preaching by the Pastor, Rev. JAMES B. DUNN, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Evening subject: *House of Interpreter.* Sabbath School at 2 P. M. Pastor's Bible Class at 3 P. M. A cordial invitation extended to all.

LATE REV. DR. HAWKS' CHARGE.—Until the completion of the Memorial Chapel of the Holy Saviour, now in process of erection in East 25th-st., services will be continued at 10½ o'clock every SUNDAY MORNING, in the Chapel of the University, on Washington-square. Sermon on Sunday by Rev. GEORGE F. SEYMOUR.

ST. STEPHEN'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—Rev. JOSEPH H. PRICE, D. D., Rector, formerly worshipping at the corner of Broome and Chrystie sts., will hold Divine Service at the French Church, on 22d-st., between 5th and 6th avs., on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. The Rector will preach at both services. Sunday-school at 9 A. M.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—Rev. THOMAS D. ANDERSON, D. D., will preach, by request of the Association, to young men, on SUNDAY coming, at 7½ o'clock, in Rev. R. J. W. Buckland's Church, 23d-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Young men and the public generally invited.

THE BOY PREACHER WILL DELIVER a discourse on *The Present Project to Reëstablish the Jewish Nation in Palestine*, at 3 o'clock P. M. on SUNDAY, at the Advent Church, No. 108 West 24th-st., between 6th and 7th avs. N. B.—Free lectures on the above subject will be delivered at any place within one hundred miles by the "Boy James." Address J. G. FULLER, No. 2,643 Fulton-av., Brooklyn.

SERMON BY DR. HASTINGS.—THE ANnual sermon before the New-York and Brooklyn Foreign Missionary Society, auxiliary to the A. B. C. F. M., will be delivered by Rev. THOMAS S. HASTINGS, D. D., on SUNDAY EVENING, in the West Presbyterian Church, 42d-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Service to commence at 7½ o'clock.

GREENE-ST. M. E. CHURCH, BETWEEN Broome and Spring sts.—Rev. JOHN S. INSKIP, Pastor, will preach SUNDAY at 10½ o'clock A. M.: subject, by request, "*Our Rock is not as Their Rock; or, Human Philosophy and Revealed Religion in Contrast.*" Also, at 7 o'clock P. M., to be followed by a prayer meeting. Sacrament at 3 o'clock. Seats free.

BAPTIST SUNDAY-SCHOOL UNION.—The Teachers' Association of this Union will meet in the Mariners' Baptist Church, in Oliver-st., near Chatham, on MONDAY, Dec. 10, at 7½ P. M. Rev. WM. REID will open the discussion on the question, *How can we More Generally Enlist the Membership of our Churches in the Sunday-School Work?*

THE HARLEM UNIVERSALIST SOCIETY will, on SUNDAY, formally open National Hall, corner of 4th-av. and 125th-st., as a place of worship. A sermon, suitable to the occasion, will be preached by Rev. E. H. CHAPIN. Rev. E. G. BROOKS and Rev. G. L. DEMAREST will also take part in the services, which will commence at 3 o'clock.

THE FIVE POINTS MISSION—SITE OF the Old Brewery, No. 61 Park-st. The original mission at the Points, Rev. J. N. SHAFFER, Superintendent. Principal Sunday-school at 2 o'clock P. M. Short addresses by visitors. The public are much interested in the proficiency and singing of these children.

ELDER KNAPP, THE CELEBRATED revivalist, will preach in the Bloomingdale Baptist Church, (Dr. WESCOTT'S,) south side of 42d-st., between 7th and 8th avs., on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Also, every afternoon and evening next week (except Saturday) at 3 and at 7½ o'clock.

ST. BARNABAS CHAPEL, (PROTESTANT Episcopal,) Mulberry-st., near Bleecker, two blocks east of Broadway. Seats free to all. Rev. S. H. HILLIARD, Chaplain. Services on SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Persons interested in mission work are earnestly invited to come and help us.

REV. TRESHAM D. GREGG, D. D., of Dublin, will, D. V., preach SUNDAY MORNING, AFTERNOON and EVENING, on *The Stupendous Potencies Hidden in True Religion and not Discoverable Until Now*, at Argus Hall, No. 600 Broadway. Divine services to commence punctually at 10½ A. M., 3½ and 7½ P. M.

THE YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION of the First Methodist Episcopal Church, 125th-st., Harlem, announce that they have engaged Rev. GEO. C. ESRAY to deliver a lecture in their church, on MONDAY EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock. Subject: *The Radicalism of Ideas.*

YE ARE ALL THE CHILDREN OF GOD BY FAITH IN CHRIST JESUS.—If the Lord will the good news of God will be announced in Room No. 17 of No. 937 Broadway, corner of 22d-st., TO-MORROW, "the first day of the week," at 10½ A. M., and in the evening at 7½.

FIFTH-AV. BAPTIST CHURCH, CORNER of 46th-st.—Services on SUNDAY at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 7½ P. M. The Pastor, Rev. THOMAS ARMITAGE, D. D., will in the evening commence a course of sermons on the Book of Proverbs. Subject: *Their Adaptation to Characterize Young Men in Business.*

NEW-YORK PORT SOCIETY'S MARINERS' CHURCH AND MISSIONS.—Preaching on SUNDAY, 9th inst., corner of Catharine and Madison sts., by the Pastor, at 10½ A. M. and at 7½ P. M., at the corner of Dover and Water sts. at 3 P. M., and at No. 27 Greenwich-st. at 3½ P. M. All seats free.

CHURCH OF THE ATONEMENT, AT Home Chapel, No. 29 East 29th-st., between Madison and 4th avs.—Services at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., every SUNDAY. Sunday-school 9 A. M. Communicants' meeting last Saturday evening in every month, at 8 o'clock.

"THE STRANGERS' SUNDAY HOME."—Rev. Dr. DEEMS, of North Carolina, preaches every SUNDAY, in the Chapel of the University, Washington-square. Service begins at 11 o'clock precisely. Seats free.

REV. MR. WHITTEEL, LATE CHAPLAIN in the United States Army, will preach SUNDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M., at the New-York Port Society's Mission for Seamen, on the corner of Water and Dover sts. Seats free and no collection.

MISS EMMA HARDINGE WILL DIScourse before the First Society of Spiritualists, in Dodworth Hall, No. 806 Broadway, at 10½ and 7½ o'clock. Subjects—*Education in the Nineteenth Century*, and *The New Religion.* Conference at 3 P. M. The public invited.

REV. D. HARRIS, OF NEW-YORK, will preach in the Methodist Church, corner of Graham-av. and Devoe-st., at 10½ A. M. and at 3 P. M. Also, in Wesley Chapel, Van Buren-st. and Marcy-av., at 7½ P. M. The public are invited.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY INNOCENTS.—Services for this congregation, until the erection of the new edifice on 45th-st., near 5th-av., at the Harvard Rooms, 6th-av. and 42d-st., on SUNDAYS, at 9 and 10½ A. M. and 3 P. M.

A FAREWELL MISSIONARY MEETING will be held in the Church of the Mediator, corner of Lexington-av. and 30th-st., SUNDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, on the eve of the departure of missionaries to China and Mexico.

CHURCH OF THE PURITANS.—PREACHING SUNDAY, morning and evening, in the Church of the Puritans, Union-square, by Rev. Dr. CHEEVER. Evening services at 7½ o'clock. *Characteristics of Divine Testimony.*

ANNUAL MEETING.—THE ANNUAL MEETing of the New-York City Mission and Tract Society, for the reception of reports and the election of Directors, will be held on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, Dec. 12, at 3½ o'clock, in the Rooms No. 30 Bible-house.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH, 28TH-ST., NEAR Broadway.—Services on LORD'S DAY, Dec. 9, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Preaching by the Pastor, URBAN C. BREWER. Subject for the morning—*The Faith of the Christian Church.*

THE FIRST ANNIVERSARY OF THE Young Men's Christian Association, 34th-st. R. P. D. Church, will be held in this church on SUNDAY EVENING, Dec. 9, commencing at 7½ o'clock. Addresses by Rev. H. D. GANSE and Rev. PETER STRYKER, D. D.

FORTY-SECOND ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Divine service (D. V.) on SUNDAY 9th inst. by Rev. Dr. SCOTT, Pastor, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Evening subject: *Micah; or, the Fatal Consequences of Having Gods that can be Stolen.*

REV. E. F. REMINGTON, (THE NEWLY-elected Rector,) will preach (D. V.) in the Church of the Atonement, P. E., 5th-av., corner 17th-st., South Brooklyn, SUNDAY, the 9th inst., at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

NO. 814 BROADWAY, SUNDAY MEETINGS.—Seats free. At 3 P. M., discussion, *Is Happiness to be the final Condition of all Mankind?* At 7½ P. M., discussion on the *Divinity of Christ.* Two champion debaters will dispute about the original Greek text.

40TH-ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, near Lexington-av. The Pastor, Rev. J. E. ANNAN, will preach at 10½ A. M. Anniversary exercises, with singing by the children, at 7 P. M.

THE GREAT CONFLAGRATION.—S. S. SNOW, Messenger of God, will preach in the University, Washington-square, on SUNDAY at 3 P. M. Seats free. Subject—*The Burning of Mystical Babylon.*

HEDDING M. E. CHURCH, EAST 17TH st., between 1st and 2d avs.—Preaching 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M. by the Pastor, Rev. W. P. CORBIT. Prayer-Meeting at 3 P. M. Seats free.

REV. DR. SHIELDS, OF PRINCETON, N. J., will preach in the Rutgers Presbyterian Church, corner of Madison-av. and 29th-st., on SUNDAY, Dec. 9, at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 3½ o'clock P. M.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH OF OUR LORD—Southwest corner of 8th-av. and 34th-st. Services on SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Seats free. A cordial welcome is extended to all.

ST. ANN'S FREE CHURCH, 18TH-ST., near 5th-av.—Rev. EASTBURN BENJAMIN will preach at 7½ and 10½ A. M., and 3 and 7½ P. M. The afternoon service will be for the deaf mutes.

THIRTY-SEVENTH-ST. M. E. CHURCH, between 2d and 3d avs.—Rev. W. H. BOOLE, Pastor, will preach on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Seats free. Prayer meeting at 6 P. M.

FIVE POINTS HOUSE OF INDUSTRY, No. 155 Worth-st. Services every SABBATH AFTERNOON in the Chapel at 3 o'clock. Singing by the children.
S. B. HALLIDAY, Superintendent.

FREE CHURCH OF THE REDEMPTION, East 14th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.—Divine service every SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Rev. Mr. FOX, of Canada, will preach SUNDAY.

REV. DR. MARSH WILL, BY REQUEST, preach at 10½, on SUNDAY MORNING, in the Presbyterian Church, sea and land, in Market-st. Subject—*Drunkards Shall Not Inherit the Kingdom of God.*

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—TO WAIT UPON AN INVALID LADY.—A young girl, but a short time resident in this country, desires a position as above; is of a kind and amiable disposition; or would accept of any position offering, for which she would endeavor to please. Call at No. 327 West 25th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD ENGlish cook in a private family; one who understands her business, soups, pastry and made dishes, and is a good baker; has long and good recommendations. Can be seen for two days, if not engaged, at No. 306 East 24th-st., between 1st and 2d-avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL A situation to take care of two or three growing children, or to take charge of a baby; has a new machine, (cased,) which she would be willing to bring and use if required; best of references can be obtained. Call or address No. 62 West Washington-place.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or chambermaid and to assist with the washing and ironing. Apply at her present employer's, No. 155 Clinton-st., between Broome and Grand.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT laundress; does French fluting and chamberwork; thoroughly understands her business; the best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 268 East 9th-st., second floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT woman as cook and to assist with the washing; understands all kinds of baking; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 6 Union-court, University-place, near 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT woman as first-class cook; she thoroughly understands cooking in all its branches; no objection to City or country; best of City reference given. Can be seen at No. 129 West 29th-st., in the rear, near 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG LADY of Christian character as upper governess; can sew handsomely; the best of reference given. Address HURLBUTT, Station D, Bible-house.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A NEAT, COMpetent woman, in the City or country, to cook, wash and iron or do housework. To be seen till suited at No. 69 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL A situation to do chamberwork and waiting; had six years' reference from one place. Call at No. 325 East 31st-st., first floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A PROTESTANT young woman, as nurse and seamstress or as chambermaid and seamstress; has good City reference; can be seen for two days at No. 189 East 20th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A STEADY, respectable woman, who understands cooking and baking in all its branches; good reference; no objections to the country. Call at No. 48 Vandam-st., near Varick.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT woman, a situation as cook, washer and ironer; is a good baker for a private family. Apply at No. 5 Perry-st., in the basement.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant girl as cook and to do plain washing; City reference. Call at No. 111 West 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook; best of City reference. Apply at No. 217 East 17th-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A NUMBER OF German girls, for all capacities, at Mrs. LOWE'S German Institute, No. 17 Stanton-st., near the Bowery.

A DRESSMAKER OF YEARS' EXPErience would wish to work privately for two or three families; willing to go to their houses; cut, fit or make all or partly home, as she has a sewing-machine to do the stitching; terms will be very moderate. Address A. W., Box No. 117 *Times* Office.

A LADY OF EDUCATION AND REFINEMENT, having means of her own, would take charge of a widower's household; no remuneration, only a pleasant home; the most unexceptionable references. Address Mrs. DE FORREST, Station D.

ALL FAMILIES, HOTELS AND OTHERS wanting good servants can be suited promptly with first-class help; also good German servants, at the large National Female Employment House, No. 166 6th-av., between 8th and 9th sts.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN AMERICAN coachman and groom; understands the care and management of horses thoroughly; refers to present employer, who is going to Europe. Call on or address CHARLES, No. 81 Nassau-st., Office No. 9.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG MAN, a situation; he is a good groom and a safe driver; will make himself generally useful; will work for $21 a month; good City references; country preferred. Address S. B., Box No. 212 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN (an American) as coachman, groom and gardener; can milk and take care of cattle; can refer to City or country. Address W. C., for two days, Box No. 214 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a Protestant man of long experience; will make himself generally useful; no objection to the country; can produce first-class City references. Address N. B., Box No. 193 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER who thoroughly understands his business in greenhouse, grapery, flowers, &c.; best of reference from his last employer. Address A. K., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

A COMPETENT BOOK-KEEPER DESIRES an engagement on or before the 1st of January; is familiar with foreign exchange, and will furnish first-class references from present employers and others. Asks $1,800. Address H. R., Box No. 164 *Times* Office.

A GENTEMAN WANTS TO GET A SITUation for a thoroughly-competent man as porter or groom; is an American and a very valuable servant. Address C. R., Box No. 112 *Times* Office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—TWO YOUNG MEN (ACQUINTED with the business preferred) and two young ladies, of good address, as clerks in a first-class book and fancy-goods store; also, a clerk in the retail toy trade. Apply by letter, stating experience, pay expected, and with reference, to MILTON, Post-office.

WANTED—AN AMERICAN OR ENGLISH WOman as nurse and seamstress in a small family; a desirable home for one having satisfactory references; a middle-aged woman preferred. Address L. S., Post-office Box No. 3,919 New-York.

WANTED—BY A WELL-ESTABLISHED BOOT and shoe house, two or three salesmen who can influence a near-by trade. Liberal arrangements will be made with first-class parties. Address Box No. 3,963 Post-office.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS COACHMAN; (SINgle man;) none need apply without the best of City recommendations. Apply at 9½ A. M., at No. 20 East 15th-st.

WANTED—A GIRL TO COOK, WASH AND iron. Apply at No. 143 East 38th-st.

ALL WANTING GOVERNESSES, teachers, copyists, saleswomen, book-keepers, telegraph operators, wood engravers, crayon artists, china decorators, type-setters, cloak, mantilla and vest makers, sewing-machine operators, embroiderers, milliners or housekeepers, and all ladies wishing such positions, are invited to join the LADIES' MUTUAL ASSOCIATION, at No. 532 Broadway, N. Y., Room No. 7. The object of the Association is to establish a communication throughout the United States between worthy educated women and employers who need their services in all the higher grades of employment.
RICE & ANDREWS, Secretaries.

DRY GOODS.—TWO OR THREE FIRST-CLASS salesmen, who can influence a large trade in dry goods, can make a good arrangement with CUNNINGHAM, FROST & THOCKMORTON, 71 and 73 Worth-st.

FOREMAN WANTED—IN A LARD-OIL factory. Address, with name, references and salary expected, D. J., Box No. 148 *Times* Office.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, Nov. 28, 1866.

ON THE PETITION OF ROBERT WADDELL, of Liverpool, Kingdom of Great Britain, praying for the extension of a patent granted to him the 6th day of June 1854, antedated to April 27, 1853, and dated in England the 2d of March, 1853, for an improvement in Balancing Slide Valves of Steam Engines, for seven years from the expiration of said patent, which takes place on the 27th day of April, 1867, it is ordered that the said petition be heard at the Patent Office on MONDAY, the 18th of February next, at 12 o'clock M.; and all persons are notified to appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition ought not to be granted. Persons opposing the extension are required to file in the Patent Office their objections, specially set forth in writing, at least *twenty* days before the day of hearing; all testimony filed by either party, to be used at the said hearing, must be taken and transmitted in accordance with the rules of the office, which will be furnished on application. Depositions and other papers relied upon as testimony, must be filed in the office *twenty* days before the day of hearing; the arguments, if any, within *ten* days after filing the testimony. Ordered, also, that this notice be published in the *Republican* and the *Intelligencer*, Washington, D. C., and in the TIMES, New-York, N. Y., once a week for three successive weeks; the first of said publications to be at least sixty days previous to the day of hearing.
T. C. THEAKER,
Commissioner of Patents.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT WM. H. KELLEY and CHARLES F. ROPER, lately doing business under the firm name of W. H. KELLEY & Co., at No. 653 Broadway, City of New-York, have executed and delivered unto me an assignment of all their property in trust for the benefit of creditors, which assignment has been duly recorded in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York.

All persons indebted to said firm are requested to make payment at once to me at my office, Eighth National Bank, No. 650 Broadway, City of New-York. The creditors of said firm are requested to present their claims at the same place, on or before the 15th day of January, 1867. NEW-YORK, Dec. 1, 1866.
CHAS. HUDSON,
Assignee of W. H. Kelley & Co.
Dec5W2aw3w*

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, BUREAU OF THE RECEIVER OF TAXES, NEW COURT-HOUSE, PARK, Dec. 3, 1866.

TO TAX-PAYERS.—NOTICE IS HEREBY given that an additional One per cent. will be added on the 15th inst. to all taxes unpaid on that day. On the 1st of January following, interest at the rate of Twelve per cent. will be added, to be calculated from the 15th day of October, 1866, to the date of payment.
JOHN MURPHY, Receiver.

REMOVAL.—RUTLAND MARBLE CO. HAVE removed their office from No. 39 Broad-st. to No. 44 Exchange-place, Room No. 4.

SHIPPING.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

(Limited.)

Steamers weekly to Liverpool, calling at Queenstown. The splendid first-class iron steamships of this line will be dispatched as follows from Pier No. 47 North River:

THE QUEEN	SATURDAY	Dec. 8
DENMARK	SATURDAY	Dec. 15
VIRGINIA	SATURDAY	Dec. 22
PENNSYLVANIA	SATURDAY	Dec. 29

And every Saturday thereafter.

An experienced Surgeon on each ship, free of charge.

Drafts issued for any amount, payable at any bank in Great Britain, or on the continent.

Rates of passage, payable in currency,

	Cabin.	Steerage.
To Liverpool or Queenstown	$100	$30

Through passage to Paris, London, Antwerp, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at low rates.

Steerage passage tickets to bring persons from Liverpool or Queenstown for $35, currency, can be obtained at No. 27 Broadway.

For freight or cabin passage apply at the office of the Company, No. 57 Broadway; for steerage tickets, at the passage office of the Company, No. 27 Broadway, or No. 275 Pearl-st.

F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

AND

BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

SCOTIA leaves New-York Wednesday, Dec. 12.
ASIA leaves Boston Wednesday, Dec. 19.
CUBA leaves New-York Wednesday, Dec. 26.
JAVA leaves Boston Wednesday, Jan. 2.
AUSTRALASIAN leaves New-York Wednesday, Jan. 9.
AFRICA leaves Boston Wednesday, Jan. 16.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$132 50
Second Cabin Passage	80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$112 50
Second Cabin Passage	65 00

payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid new vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River, as follows:

EUROPE	LEMARIE	SATURDAY	Dec. 15
ST. LAURENT	BOCANDE	SATURDAY	Dec. 29
PEREIRE	DUCHESNE	SATURDAY	Jan. 12
VILLE DE PARIS	SURMONT	SATURDAY	Jan. 26

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.

First cabin, $135; second cabin, $80, including table wine in either class.

These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.

Medical attendance free of charge.

Passengers intending to land at Brest can be furnished on board with railroad coupon tickets, and their baggage checked to Paris, at an additional charge of $5 for first and $3 for second class.

GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

LONDON AND NEW-YORK STEAMSHIP LINE.

Passage to London direct, $90, $[illegible] and $[illegible] currency.
Passage from London, $75, $60 and $30 gold.

CELLA, Capt. GLEADELL, from New-York, Dec. 8.
WM. PENN, Capt. BILLINGE, from New-York, Dec. 18.
ATALANTA, Capt. PINKHAM, from New-York, Dec. 31.
BELLONA, Capt. DIXON, from New-York, Jan. 16.

The British iron steamship CELLA, 2,500 tons, will leave Pier No. 3, North River, for London direct, on SATURDAY, Dec. 8, at 12 M.

Freight will be taken and through bills of lading given to Havre, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, and Dunkirk.

For passage apply to CHAS. A. WHITNEY, No. 26 Broadway.

For freight apply at No. 54 South-st.

HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL.—CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.—The Inman Line, sailing semi-weekly, carrying the United States Mails.

CITY OF BALTIMORE	SATURDAY	Dec. 8
CITY OF CORK	WEDNESDAY	Dec. 12
CITY OF PARIS	SATURDAY	Dec. 15
CITY OF NEW-YORK	SATURDAY	Dec. 22

and each succeeding SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY, at noon, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE

By the mail steamers sailing every Saturday.

First Cabin	$90	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	95	Steerage to London	34
First Cabin to Paris	105	Steerage to Paris	40

PAYABLE IN GOLD.

Passage by the Wednesday steamers, first cabin, $90; steerage, $35. Payable in United States currency.

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.

Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $35 gold or the equivalent. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE OF PASSAGE TO EUROPE

BY THE ONLY AMERICAN LINE TO ENGLAND AND FRANCE.

The New-York and Havre Steamship Company's first-class mail steamships ARAGO and FULTON, having been thoroughly refitted, will leave Pier No. 37 North River for Havre, calling at Falmouth on the following days, at noon, precisely:

ARAGO, HENRY A. GADSDEN ... Saturday, Dec. 22, 1866.

And every twenty-eight days thereafter.

PRICES OF PASSAGE PAYABLE IN GOLD

FIRST-CLASS:

Main Saloon	$100	Lower Saloon	$80

Second class ... $50

An experienced surgeon on board.

The company will not be responsible for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

J. J. COMSTOCK, Agent,
No. 7 Broadway, New-York.
JAMES A. WOTTON, Havre, General Agent in Europe.
L'HERBETTE, KANE & CO., Agents in Paris.

CUNARD EMIGRANT LINE.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.

FROM NEW-YORK EVERY WEDNESDAY.

ALEPPO	Dec. 5
HECLA	Dec. 19

RATES OF PASSAGE:

Cabin	$80 Gold.
Steerage	$30 Currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown at low rates.

For Steerage Passage, apply at No. 69 Broadway.

For Freight and Cabin Passage, at No. 4 Bowling-green.
E. CUNARD.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

REGULAR UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMERS, sailing on the 22d of every month:

GUIDING STAR, Capt. W. C. BERRY, Dec. 22.
NORTH AMERICA, Capt. L. F. TIMMERMAN, Jan. 22.
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. E. L. TINKLEPAUGH, Feb. 22.

These elegant steamers sail with regularity, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagement of freight or passage, apply to GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents, No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

EMPIRE LINE FOR SAVANNAH.

Every SATURDAY from Pier No. 13 North River, Punctually at 3 o'clock P. M.,
The favorite sidewheel steamships
SAN SALVADOR, ATKINS, Commander, sails Dec. 8.
SAN JACINTO, LOVELAND, Commander, sails Dec. 15.

Through tickets and bills of lading to all points.

Elegant passenger accommodations.

GARRISON & ALLEN, No. 5 Bowling-green, N. Y.

U. S. MAIL LINE TO HAVANA.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING DAY.

The regular departures of this line will hereafter be THURSDAY, at noon.

MORRO CASTLE, ADAMS, Thursday, Dec. 13.
EAGLE, GREENE, Thursday, Dec. 20.

From Pier No. 4 North River, at 12 o'clock M.

GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents,
No. 5 Bowling-green, N. Y.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

The steamer COLUMBIA will be held over for a trip, and passengers and freight will be forwarded by the elegant screw steamship

MISSISSIPPI, 2,000 tons burden,
Capt. GEORGE SUMNER,
to leave Pier No. 46 North River, at 3 P. M., on
SATURDAY, Dec. 8.

Passenger accommodations very elegant, and not excelled. For freight or passage, apply to

GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents,
No. 5 Browling Green, N. Y.

FOR HAVANA, VIA NASSAU, N. P.

The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's wharf, at Jersey City, on

MONDAY ... Dec. 31 | MONDAY ... Jan. 28

At Noon.

Passage money to Nassau	$45
Passage money to Havana	50

Payable in gold or its equivalent.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

STAR LINE FOR NEW-ORLEANS.

The NEW-YORK MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S fine ocean steamers will leave Pier No. 46 North River, at 3 o'clock P. M., as follows:

MISSISSIPPI, on SATURDAY, Dec. 8, calling at Havana.
MATANZAS, on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 12.
MORNING STAR, on SATURDAY, Dec. 15.
MONTEREY, on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 19.

All bills of lading signed at the office upon the pier.

For freight or passage apply to
C. K. GARRISON, President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.

THE PEOPLE'S MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

The regular and popular steamship EMILY B. SOUDER, Capt. LOCKWOOD, will leave on FRIDAY, Dec. 7, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 36 North River, landing freight on MONDAY morning at Charleston.

Through tickets and bills of lading issued to all points South, in connection with the South Carolina Railroad.

LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, 88 Liberty-st.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST. Regular United States Mail Line. WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS.—The A 1 elegant steamship SARAGOSSA, M. B. CROWELL, Commander, is now receiving cargo, and will sail THIS DAY, (Saturday,) Dec. 8, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 14 East River, connecting at Charleston with the steamer DICTATOR for the Florida ports. Passage tickets and through bills of lading given to all points in connection with the South Carolina Railroad. Bills of lading signed on the vessel. Having yet room for a large amount of cargo, freight will be received up to hour of sailing.

ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.

The GRANADA will follow WEDNESDAY, Dec. 12.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS—BLACK STAR LINE.

The steamship
HUNTSVILLE, Capt. RYDER,
will leave on SATURDAY, Dec. 8, from Pier No. 13 N. R., at 3 o'clock precisely.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to R. LOWDEN, Agent, Corner Cedar and West sts.

DAVID McCOARD, Agent in New-Orleans.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The new and first-class steamship GEORGE CROMWELL, Capt. E. E. VAILL, will leave Pier No. 9, North River, on SATURDAY, Dec. 8, at 3 o'clock P. M.

For freight or passengers, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

The steamship GEN. GRANT will follow Dec. 15.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.—CONSIGNEES of cargo per bark TWILIGHT, from Liverpool will please call at the office of the undersigned without delay, and sign the average bond.

LAWSON & WALKER, Adjusters,
No. 62 Wall-st.

SHIPPING.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA,

CARRYING UNITED STATES MAIL, VIA PANAMA RAILROAD.

Steamers leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock, noon, as follows:

DEC. 1.—OCEAN QUEEN, Capt. JEFF. MAURY, connecting GOLDEN AGE, Capt. LAPIDGE.

DEC. 11.—HENRY CHAUNCEY, Capt. A. G. GRAY, connecting with GOLDEN CITY, Capt. WATKINS.

DEC. 21.—RISING STAR, Capt. T. A. HARRIS, connecting with MONTANA, Capt. ——.

All departures touch at Acapulco; those of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for South Pacific ports; 1st and 11th for Central American Ports, and those of 1st touch at Manzanillo.

Departure of 11th each month connects with the new steam line from Panama to Australia and New-Zealand.

Steamer of Dec. 11, 1866, will connect with the first steamer of the Company's China Line, leaving San Francisco Jan. 1, 1867, for Hong Kong.

100 pounds baggage allowed each adult. Medicines and attendance free.

For passage tickets and all further information apply at the office on the wharf, foot of Canal-st., North River, New-York. S. K. HOLMAN, Agent.

FOR CALIFORNIA VIA PANAMA.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer HENRY CHAUNCEY, will sail on TUESDAY, Dec. 11, at 12 o'clock noon.

Freight received as usual.

For rates, &c., inquire at freight office on Company's pier, No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.,
So'e Freight Agents Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

STEAM COMMUNICATION BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND AUSTRALASIA,

VIA PANAMA.

The Panama, New-Zealand and Australian Royal Mail Company dispatch a steamer on the 24th of each month from Panama to Wellington, N. Z., and the Australian Colonies, connecting with the steamer of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company leaving New-York for Aspinwall (Colon) on the 11th of each month. First and second class passengers will be conveyed under through ticket at the following rates: From New-York to ports in New-Zealand, or to Sydney or Melbourne, $340 to $354 for first class, and $218 to $243 for second class, payable in United States gold coin.

Special steamers run to the newly-discovered gold region of Hokitika, New-Zealand.

A limited quantity of merchandise will be conveyed under through bill of lading.

For further information, application to be made to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, No. 59 Wall-st., or to CHARLES W. WEST, Agent, No. 23 William-st., New-York.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE TO JAPAN AND CHINA,

VIA PANAMA AND SAN FRANCISCO, CARRYING THE U. S. MAIL.

FIRST VOYAGE.

Steamer HENRY CHAUNCEY will leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., New-York, at 12 o'clock noon, on TUESDAY, Dec. 11, 1866, connecting via Panama Railroad with steamer GOLDEN CITY, for San Francisco, where passengers, mails and fast freight will be transferred to the Company's splendid steamer COLORADO, to leave that port at noon on TUESDAY, Jan. 1, 1867, for Yokohama and Hong Kong.

Through tickets issued from New-York, adding to regular prices between New-York and San Francisco the following rates, payable in gold or its equivalent:

	First Cabin.	Second Cabin.	Steerage.
San Francisco to Yokohama	$250	$170	$85
San Francisco to Hong Kong	300	200	100

Due notice will be given of subsequent voyages.

FREIGHT received and THROUGH BILLS OF LADING signed per OCEAN QUEEN, Dec. 1, (slow,) and per HENRY CHAUNCEY, Dec. 11, (fast,) connecting closely, as above.

For freight, through tickets and all further information, apply at the office on the wharf, Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., to S. K. HOLMAN, Agent.

FOR RICHMOND, NORFOLK AND CITY POINT.

The OLD LINE, from Pier No. 21, North River.
NIAGARA, Capt. COUCH,
EVERY SATURDAY, at 3 P. M.
SARATOGA, Capt. KING,
EVERY WEDNESDAY, at 3 P. M.
G. HEINEKEN & PALMORE,
No. 115 Broadway, (up stairs,)
Agents New-York and Virginia Steamship Co.

FOR RICHMOND, NORFOLK AND CITY POINT.

The side-wheel steamships HATTERAS, Capt. ALEXANDER, every SATURDAY; ALBEMARLE, Capt. BOURNE, every WEDNESDAY, at 12 M., from Pier No. 36 North River; giving through bills of lading, &c., to all points on the Sea Board Railroad and its connections.

LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, 88 Liberty-st.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.—MURRAY'S LINE.

EVERY TUESDAY.

The favorite steamship LEO, H. C. DEARBORN, Commander, will sail on TUESDAY, Dec. 11, at 3 P. M. precisely, from Pier No. 16 East River, foot of Wall-st.

Through bills of lading and passage tickets given to all points in connection with Georgia Central Railroad.

For freight or passage apply to
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO.,
Nos. 61 and 62 South-st.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.—EVERY THURSDAY—THE ATLANTIC COAST MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.'S side-wheel steamship GENERAL BARNES, Capt. MORTON, sails THURSDAY, Dec. 13.

HERMAN LIVINGSTON, Capt. BAKER, sails on THURSDAY, Dec. 20.

From Pier No. 36 North River at 3 P. M.

Through passage tickets and bills of lading to all points in connection with the Central Railroad of Georgia. For freight or passage apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, 88 Liberty-st.

RAILROADS.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.—On and after MONDAY, Nov. 19, 1866, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:

8 A. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars, and connecting at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and Montreal.

10 A. M. Express and Mail train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for North.

11 A. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c.; at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and Montreal.

3:45 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Montreal, with sleeping car attached.

4:15 P. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c.; at Albany with Western trains and at Troy with trains for Rutland, Burlington and Montreal. Sleeping cars attached at Albany.

6:30 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, and through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars. Also sleeping car every day excepting Saturdays attached from New-York through to Ogdensburgh without change, via Rome, W. and O. Railroad. Connection for Troy will be made at East Albany. This train will run on Sundays.

11 P. M. Train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping car attached, connecting at Albany with early trains for Buffalo and Suspension Bridge, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga and points North.

A Sunday train will be run via Hudson River Railroad from New-York to Poughkeepsie and intermediate stations, leaving New-York at 8:30 A. M. Returning, leave Poughkeepsie at 2:45 P. M., arriving in New-York at 6:15 P. M.

Also, a Sunday train via Harlem Railroad, leaving 42d-st. at 9 A. M., and arriving at Millerton at 3:50 P. M. Returning, leave Millerton at 5 P. M., arriving in New-York at 12:30 A. M.

WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT foot of Chambers-st., Pavonia Ferry:

8 A. M.—Day Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and all points West and South.
8:45 A. M.—Way Train daily to Otisville.
10 A. M.—Express Mail, Buffalo, Salamanca and West.
4 P. M.—Way, for Port Jervis, Newburgh, Warwick.
5 P. M.—Night Express, Buffalo, Salamanca and Dunkirk.
6:30 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and all points West and South.
7:30 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for the West.

Express trains run in direct connection with all Southern and Western lines.

WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
H. RIDDLE, Gen'l Sup't.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—WINTER ARRANGEMENT. FROM NOV. 1, 1866.

Leave James-slip, New-York:
9 A. M., mail train for Greenport and way stations.
11 A. M., for Syosset and way stations.
3 P. M., Riverhead Express train.
4 P. M., for Syosset and way stations.
5 P. M., for Farmingdale and way stations, and on Saturday nights for North Islip.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 6:25 and 9:12 A. M. and 1:15 4:22 and 6:02 P. M. Saturdays only at 11:15 P. M. The 9:12 and 4:22, run through to Monsey.

THOMAS W. DEMAREST, Superintendent.

STEAMBOATS.

THE OLD LINE.

SAG HARBOR, GREENPORT, ORIENT.

Steamer ARTISAN, Capt. S. C. GIBBS, from Pier No. 43 East River, (foot of Rutgers-st.,) every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 4 P. M.

WILLIAMS BROTHERS, No. 5 Beekman-st.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

North Shore Staten Island Ferry Company's boats leave Pier No. 19 North River, between Courtland and Dey sts. at 8:00, 9:30 A. M., 12:00 M., 2:00, 4:00, 5:30 P. M. Sundays at 9:00, 11:30 A. M., 2:30, 5:30 P. M.

FOR PROVIDENCE DIRECT.—THE steamer VICKSBURG, Capt. GEO. B. HULL, will leave Pier No. 35, North River, for Providence, EVERY SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 4 o'clock.

Freight at reasonable rates by application on board or to ERSKINE PHILLIPS, No. 216 Franklin-st.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, &c.—Fare 75 cents. Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with railroad.

EXCURSIONS.

ATLANTIC YACHT RACE.

EXCURSION TO LIGHTSHIP.

The fast-sailing sea-going steamer, CHAS. CHAMBERLAIN, will leave Peck-slip, East River, 9 A. M., Fulton Ferry Brooklyn, 9¼, and foot Desbrosses-st., North River, at 10 o'clock, and proceed to starting place of the yachts, off Sandy Hook, and return about 4 o'clock, Tuesday, Dec. 11. Number limited to 100. Tickets $2 each, to be had on board, or at No. 168 South-st. N. B.—No refreshments to be had on board.

HOTELS.

MILLS HOUSE, CHARLESTON, S. C.

The proprietor has the pleasure to inform the traveling public that he has completed extensive alterations and improvements in the above establishment, and is now ready for the reception of guests. Regular communication is now open with Florida and all points South.

JOSEPH PURCELL.

ST. JOHN HOTEL—ON THE EUROPEAN plan, centrally located and newly fitted up, is now open. Rooms en suite and singly, handsomely furnished, for families and single gentlemen. Broadway, near 8th-st., New-York.

VALENTINES.

THE NEW-YORK UNION VALENTINE COMPANY have an immense stock of valentines on exhibition (to the trade) at their salesrooms, Nos. 134 and 136 William-st., New-York.

FOR SALE.

ILLINOIS AND IOWA LANDS

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR MERCHANDISE.

A valuable tract of agricultural and lead mineral land, 805 acres, mile and a half from Galena, Ill.; also, several thousand acres of choice selected lands near Council Bluffs, Iowa. Splendid chance for great bargains in these properties. Apply, within ten days, to S. S. BAYLESS, at Lovejoy's Hotel, New-York.

BREWERY FOR SALE,

LOCATED IN ALEXANDRIA, VA.

An old established brewery doing a good business, and lately fitted up in perfect order to brew by steam, and is capable of brewing 100 barrels per day, with casks, &c., all in perfect order, will be sold on the 10th day of December next at auction, if not sold before at private sale. Address Box No. 188 Post-office, Alexandria, Va.

HOMES FOR SALE,

By A. JOURNEAY, No. 6 Pine-st.

West 43d-st., three-story, high-stoop, brown-stone	$15,000
West 48th-st., four-story, high-stoop, brown-stone	15,000
East 78th-st., three-story, high-stoop, brick	6,500
128th-st., three-story, high-stoop, brown-stone	9,000

FOR SALE—A LEASE OF 21 YEARS ON TWO lots of ground, 100x105 feet, situated, one on 6th-av. and one on 7th-av., near the railroad depot, in the flourishing village of East Mount Vernon, Westchester County.

ALSO,

A lease of 15 years from the 1st of April, 1867, on a house and lot in Melrose, Westchester County, one block east of the horse-car road running from the north end of Harlem Bridge.

ALSO,

A farm of 160 acres of good rolling prairie land, situated near the county town of Warren County, Illinois.

ALSO,

One hundred and fifty-seven acres in Benton County, Missouri.

These will be sold under lease for a term of years, as allowed by law in said States.

For further particulars inquire of SAMUEL HALL, for one week, at the grocery-store, No. 464 Hudson-st., corner of Barrow-st., from 8½ to 9½ o'clock A. M., and from 1 to 2 P. M. or from 5 to 6½ P. M.

WOOLEN FACTORY FOR SALE—SITUATED on the line of one of the principal railroads in Michigan, and in the midst of a wool-growing section. The buildings of brick, and machinery new and in fine order. The factory is doing a good business; is driven and warmed by steam, having surplus of power and land, so that the business can be largely and cheaply increased. The manufacturing is under the superintendence of a first-class, experienced foreman.

Parties having $75,000 or $100,000 to invest can meet with a rare opportunity to purchase, or to join the present proprietors, whose only object is to increase their capital, as they have not sufficient means to stock and carry on the factory.

The machinery (three sets) was built in Massachusetts, with all the latest improvements. The concern has a large local trade in cloths, and can put their goods in all the markets at low rates, being able to manufacture cheaply, and to buy wool at their own door at a cost of five cents a pound less than the cost to Eastern mills.

For further particulars, inquire of or address
THOS. McGRAW, Wool Dealer, Detroit.

VALUABLE TIMBER AND COTTON LANDS FOR SALE IN EAST FLORIDA.—These lands are heavily timbered, mostly with yellow pine, and are located conveniently to the Pensacola and Georgia Railroad, and the Suwannee and other rivers, in Suwannee and Columbia Counties, East Florida, comprising over 41,000 acres, and will be sold in sections of 640 acres and upward. To the actual settler, no lands in the South offer greater inducements for either lumbering or farming purposes; and as a permanent investment, they present to the capitalist or speculator a prospect of the highest remuneration, from new connecting railroads, and the general improvements progressing in that section of the country. For further particulars apply to WM. BRYCE & CO., No. 29 Chambers and No. 5 Reade sts., where a map of the lands can be seen.

BROADWAY PROPERTY FOR SALE.—For sale, by order of the executors of Asa Fitch, deceased, the property known as Nos. 52, 54, 56, 58 and 60 Broadway, and Nos. 33, 35, 39, 37, 41 and 43 New-street, and known as the Public Stores, having a frontage on Broadway of about 125 feet, about 130 feet on New-street, and on Exchange-place of about 124, and on the southerly line of about 154 feet, being the largest compact parcel of improved real estate offered for sale south of the City Hall. The lots are covered by substantial and costly warehouses, erected for the late owner, and are to be sold either subject to a lease to the United States Government, expiring on the 1st May next, or for full and free possession at that date. One-half of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage, at 7 per cent., for a terms of years, or all can be paid on delivery of the deed.

For further particulars inquire of
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO CAPITALISTS.—FOR SALE, THE VALuable property owned by the Long Island Insurance Company, Nos. 39 and 41 Fulton-st., northeast corner of Front-st., Brooklyn, having a front on Fulton-st. of 38 feet and 34 feet on Front-st., with two substantial four-story, basement and sub-cellar brick buildings; the property is well located, near the Fulton Ferry, and is suitable for manufacturing or other purposes. For price and terms, apply at the office of the Company, on the premises.

HANDSOME COUNTRY SEAT AT NEWBURGH FOR SALE—Only 1½ miles north of landing; a beautiful cottage and 4½ acres or more land if desired, commanding fine views; house contains water throughout, bath-rooms and water-closets; in superior order and suitable for a Winter or Summer residence; large stable and carriage-house, cow-stables, hennery; large ice-house; land laid out in lawn and garden; a small lake on the premises to gather ice from. Apply to
E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

A DESIRABLE FARM OF 125 ACRES FOR SALE—Situated at Union-place, (formerly Black Stump,) Long Island, two miles from Jamaica and three from Flushing; 92 acres of the land are in a good state of cultivation, the balance of wood and salt meadow; there are a good dwelling-house and suitable outbuildings. Inquire on the premises of D. W. SKIDMORE, or of GEORGE SKIDMORE, No. 78 Cedar-st.

TO CAPITALISTS.—FOR SALE, A VALUAble piece of ground of 200 acres of land, situated in East Chester, 14 miles from the City Hall and 2 miles from Williamsbridge; mansion 44 feet square, with wings attached, and with all necessary improvements; commanding views of the land and adjacent country. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. J.—A HOUSE, VERY completely and well furnished, having every possible invention to make a home comfortable, would be let till the 1st of May to four careful persons of one family, the owner partly boarding; in every relation is superior to a City house. Address Box No. 466 New-York Post-office.

FOR SALE—WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, the fine private residence on Union-st., Brooklyn, convenient to Wall-st. Ferry. Containing 6¼ lots, carriage-house, green-house, &c. All improvements of a first-class residence. Apply to GEO. R. NASH, No. 302 Broadway.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY BROWNstone house and full lot No. 19 East 25th-st., between Madison and 4th avs.; one of the most convenient and desirable situations in the City; house built for the owner; first-class and in good order; immediate possession given. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, 2 Pine-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE—A SUPERIOR FARM, ABOUT 200 acres, between Plainfield and Rahway, N. J.; healthy locality and pleasant situation; good house, very superior barn, &c.; apple and pear orchard; will be sold low if application is made soon. Apply to R. WILLIAMS, No. 192 Chambers-st.

FOR SALE—ON STATEN ISLAND, AT STApleton, Factoryville, and in the interior, cheap cottages, ranging from $2,000 to $3,500. As residences, no location at moderate rents superior. Permits of A. JOURNEAY, No. 6 Pine-st.

HOUSE AND STABLE ON 14TH-ST. FOR SALE.—For sale the first-class house and stable, No. 109 West 14th-st., 37½ feet wide, lot 125 feet deep; in good order, with immediate possession; price, $65,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

A SPLENDID NEW BROWN-STONE high-stoop house for sale cheap, five minutes' walk from Central Park: house and location first-class; immediate possession. Inquire on premises, No. 93 60th-st., north side, near Lexington-av., of JOHN GLASS.

FOR SALE—NYACK, ON THE HUDSON—A neat cottage with one acre of land, situated on the river. Apply to H. S. RAPELYE, No. 62 Wall-st., Room No. 10.

FIVE BROWN-STONE HOUSES FOR sale cheap for cash, on Lexington-av. and 40th-st. Immediate possession. J. M. COBURN.

TO LET.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT—UNTIL the 1st of May or longer, in the City of Poughkeepsie, on Mansion Square; said house contains four large rooms on the first floor, including kitchen, five on the second floor and three in the attic. For further particulars inquire of W. B. LENT, at Randolph's book-store, No. 770 Broadway, or by letter of GEO. B. LENT, on the premises.

TO RENT—THE BASEMENT NO. 117 BROADway, extends through, and being first story on Trinity-place; immediate possession given. Apply to ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine st.

TO LEASE—THE ENTIRE BUILDING ON THE corner of Coenties-slip and Pearl-st., known as No. 1 Coenties-slip and No. 66 Pearl-st. For terms and particulars apply to ABRAM L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

A RARE CHANCE.—A SMALL FAMILY CAN have a well-furnished, first-class cottage in the country, for three months, on very easy terms, by addressing, with reference, Box No. 6,136 Post-office.

NO. 48 WEST 24TH-ST.—ELEGANTLY furnished parlors and other desirable rooms may be had, in a private family, without board, on reasonable terms; references exchanged.

TO LET—WITH STEAM POWER, SPLENDID light airy rooms, located at No. 107 Pineapple-st., Brooklyn. Apply to C. F. BLAKE, corner of Fulton and Pineapple sts., Brooklyn.

TO LET—A NICE FLOOR OF FIVE ROOMS IN house No. 162 West 35th-st. Rent $22 per month. Apply to J. CORBIT, No. 231 9th-av.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT TO gentlemen, without board, in the first-class house No. 34 West 25th-st., near the Hoffman House.

A SECOND FLOOR FRONT ROOM NICEly furnished to let at 111 West 16th-st., near 6th-av.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

HOUSE WANTED—FURNISHED, BY A small private family; price about $350 per month; until May. Address Box No. 309 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—A FURNISHED HOUSE, WITH IMmediate possession, in a good location, for a responsible tenant. Address Box No. 1 Post-office for 3 days.

WANTED—A LARGE STOREHOUSE, SUITAble for storage, on west side of the City. Address Box No. 3,610 Post-office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—A LONG ESTABLISHED, SUCcessful and strictly cash wholesale boot and shoe business, within 200 miles of New-York: $2 500 to $5,000 capital will suffice; certainly a very rare opportunity; satisfactory reason for selling; stock small. Address, with real name and address, C. R. H., Box No. 160 *Times* Office.

$5,000.—WANTED—AN ACTIVE BUSIness man with the above amount, to take an interest in an established business from which a fortune can be made; can have the position of secretary or treasurer. Address W. L. E., Box No. 4,631 New-York Post-office.

A GENTLEMAN OF EXTENSIVE BUSIness experience and capital from $10,000 to $50,000 is desirous of forming a connection with some established business in this City. Address, with real name and style of business, ERIE, Box No. 142 *Times* Office, for two days.

GLASS LETTERS FOR WINDOWS and signs; surpass ordinary gilding for beauty and economy; glass door-plates, silver-plated numbers, show-cards, frames, &c.; expressed anywhere; samples returnable from agents; painters order. Send for circulars. No. 107 Fulton-st., Glass Letter Company.

MUSICAL.

STEINWAY & SONS

Grand, Square and Upright

PIANO-FORTES

Have taken Thirty-five First Premiums at the Principal Fairs held in this country within the last ten years, and also were awarded a First Prize Medal at the Great International Exhibition in London, 1862, in competition with 269 Pianos from all parts of the World.

That the great superiority of these instruments is now universally conceded is proven by the *fact* that Messrs. Steinways' "scales, improvements and peculiarities of construction" have been copied by the great majority of the manufacturers of both hemispheres, *(as closely as could be done without infringement of patent rights,)* and that their instruments are used by the most eminent pianists of Europe and America, who prefer them for their own public and private use whenever accessible.

Every Piano is constructed with their "Patent Agraffe Arrangement" *applied directly to the full Iron Frame.*

STEINWAY & SONS direct special attention to their newly-invented "*Upright*" Pianos, with their "*Patent Resonator*" and *double* Iron Frame, patented June 5, 1866. This invention consists in providing the instrument (in addition to the iron frame in *front* of the soundboard) with an iron brace frame in the *rear* of it, both frames being cast in *one piece*, thereby imparting a solidity of construction and capacity of standing in tune never before attained in that class of instrument.

The soundboard is supported between the two frames, by an apparatus regulating its tension, so that the greatest possible degree of sound-producing capacity is obtained, and regulated to the nicest desirable point.

The great volume and exquisite quality of tone, as well as elasticity and promptness of action, of these new Upright Pianos, have elicited the unqualified admiration of the musical profession and all who have heard them.

STEINWAY & SONS confidently offer these beautiful instruments to the public and invite every lover of music to call and examine them.

Letter from the Celebrated European Pianist,
ALEXANDER DREYSCHOCK,
Court Pianist to the Emperor of Russia.

ST. PETERSBURGH, Sept. 29, 1865.

Messrs. STEINWAY & SONS: I cannot refrain from expressing to you my undisguised admiration of your *in every respect matchless* Grand Pianos, (which I used at my last concert in Brunswick,) and I desire nothing in the world so much as to be able to perform upon one of these masterpieces here. Send me, therefore, (care of Johann David Hoerle & Co. in St. Petersburgh,) one of your Concert Grand Pianos—of course at most moderate artist's price—and inform me, without delay, in which manner I can best remit the purchase money to you.

Respectfully yours,
ALEXANDER DREYSCHOCK.

LETTER FROM WILLIE PAPE.
Court Pianist to the Royal Family of England.

LONDON, England, Feb. 4, 1866.

Messrs. STEINWAY & SONS: I am much pleased to see the rapid advances you are making, and the numerous certificates you have so deservedly obtained. Should my humble opinion be of any weight, you may add that I give my *four hundredth* Piano-forte recital, at Cheltenham, on the 10th of this month, since my arrival here; that during my four annual visits to Paris, I have used the Grand Pianos of all the first European manufacturers, but have found *no instrument equal to the one I purchased of you*. In fact, I consider one of your finest Square Pianos equal to any one of the Grand Pianos manufactured here. Truly yours,

WILLIE B. PAPE,
Pianist to H. R. H. the Princess of Wales.

STEINWAY & SONS' PIANOS are the only American instruments exported to Europe in large numbers and actually used by the great pianists in European concert-rooms.

WAREROOMS,
FIRST FLOOR OF STEINWAY HALL,
Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st.,
Between 4th-av. and Irving-place,
NEW-YORK.

NEW PATENT PIANOS.

RAVEN & BACON, manufacturers of PIANO-FORTES with PATENT COMBINATION SOUNDING-BOARDS, patented Aug. 14, 1866.—This invention, introduced exclusively into our Pianos, is of the greatest advantage to the tone of the instrument, as it affects the Sounding-Board—the very soul of the Piano—and produces thereby a pure liquid tone, greatly superior in quality and power to that of the ordinary Piano. The Sounding-Board, released from its connection with the piano-case and resting upon under sounding-boards, is relieved from the rigidity caused by such connection, and its vibratory quality greatly increased. All lovers of this eminently household instrument, as well as parties proposing to purchase new Pianos, are invited to call and examine our assortment.

WAREROOMS—135 Grand-st., near Broadway, N. Y.

KINDT & MANZ

MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS,

having removed to their new and spacious warerooms, No. 865 Broadway, between 17th and 18th sts., New-York, would respectfully ask the attention of those wishing to purchase pianos to their improved and superior instruments. These are all manufactured under their personal supervision, and from their great experience and close attention, they are enabled to guarantee them unsurpassed by any in brilliancy, delicacy and compass of tone, combined with a superiority of workmanship, which insures the greatest possible durability.

All of them are constructed with the Agraffe arrangement, and each instrument will be warranted for five years.

DECKER & CO.

NEW SCALE IVORY AGRAFFE BAR PIANO FORTES.

Pronounced by our most eminent musicians the BEST PIANO MADE. Call and examine.

NO. 419 BROOME-ST.,
One block east of Broadway.

The above piano we warrant for the term of seven years.

DECKER BROTHERS'

PATENT PLATE PIANO-FORTE.

The public and the patrons of the WELL-KNOWN DECKER PIANOS are cautioned against buying any Decker Piano which purports to be a Decker Brothers' Piano, and does not have in raised letters on the iron plate at the left side the words,

DECKER BROTHERS' PATENT, JUNE, 1863.

The Decker Brothers' Piano is sold at No. 91 Bleecker-st. only, and at no other place in New-York City.

FIRST-CLASS NEW PIANOS

FOR SALE AND TO RENT

on moderate terms, at HAINES BRO'S Factory and Warerooms,

Both corners of 21st-st. and 2d-av.

ED. MOLLENHAUER'S MUSICAL CONSERVATORY,

SCHUBERT'S BUILDING, NO. 820 BROADWAY.

Instruction in vocal and instrumental music $10 per term.

WATERS' SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS, MELODEONS, AND CABINET ORGANS, the best manufactured, to let, and rent allowed if purchased. Monthly payments received for the same. Second-hand pianos at bargains, from $60 to $225. Old pianos taken in exchange. Liberal discount to teachers and clergymen. Cash paid for second-hand pianos. Pianos tuned and repaired. New 7-octave pianos for $275 and upward. Warerooms No. 481 Broadway, N. Y.
HORACE WATERS.

HAZELTON BROTHERS, PIANO-FORTE manufacturers, would call the attention of musicians and the public generally to the many and great improvements in the construction of their pianos. Their "EUPHONIC AGRAFFE TREBLE" has been tested by the highest musical talent in the country, and conceded by all to possess power, brilliancy and sweetness in the highest degree.
Warerooms, No. 99 Prince-st.

"WEARING OF THE GREEN," THE popular Irish air played at the great Reform meeting in London on Monday last; for violin, price 15c.; for piano, 35c.; ARRAH NA POGUE, grand march, for violin, price 15c.; for piano, 30c.; "COME BACK TO ERIN," new ballad by Claribel, 30c. Mailed postpaid.
FREDERICK BLUME, Publisher, 208 Bowery.

UNITED PIANO-FORTE MAKERS,
No. 84 Walker-st., New-York.

Our company being composed entirely of superior workmen, we are enabled to produce a more perfect Piano-forte than any other house.

Every instrument guaranteed for five years.

S. D. & H. W. SMITH—AMERICAN ORGANS. Best by far. Call and examine.
Wholesale Agency, No. 581 Broadway.

LECTURES.

"ACROSS THE CONTINENT,"

HON. SCHUYLER COLFAX,
Speaker of the U. S. House of Representatives,
AT THE COOPER INSTITUTE,
SATURDAY EVENING, DEC. 8.

Mr. Colfax, by request of many eminent citizens, will give his Lecture as above.

GEN. STEWART L. WOODFORD,
Lieut.-Governor Elect,
will preside.

Tickets, 50 cents; Reserved Seats, 75 cents. For sale at the Tribune Office; American News Co., No. 121 Nassau-st.; Fowler & Wells, No. 389 Broadway; Sheldon & Co., No. 493 Broadway; James Miller, No. 522 Broadway; Randolph's, No. 770 Broadway; and MacFarland's, corner Broadway and 23d-st.

Lecture at 8; Doors open at 7.

HON. CARLISLE P. JOHNSON, AUTHOR of the popular letter urging upon the President the policy now generally admitted to have resulted in the overthrow of the rebellion, will lecture in the Brooklyn Athenæum MONDAY EVENING, Dec. 10, at 8 o'clock. Doors open at 7. Subject—*The Philosophy of Politics*—including its origin, ethical, moral and religious character. Tickets 50 cents; for sale at the principal book, drug and news stores in Brooklyn, and at the door on the evening of the lecture.

A. A. FAVARGER'S COURSE OF THREE lessons in French pronunciation is postponed to TUESDAY AFTERNOON, at 3½ o'clock, No. 9 University-place. Tickets $5; procured at Mr. Christern's, No. 863 Broadway.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

TO LET—TO SINGLE OR A PARTY OF GENtlemen an, elegant suite of apartments on second floor, with or without private table; respectful and capable servants; furniture new; house first-class; in 27th-st., near 5th-av. Address Box No. 4,315 Post-office.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL LET TWO neatly furnished rooms, with board; every convenience, gas, bath, and hot and cold water throughout the house; terms moderate; reference required. Apply at No. 138 East 35th-st.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS for families and single gentlemen at the ST. JOHN HOTEL, newly opened. Single rooms from $6 per week. Broadway, near 8th-st., New-York.

A SMALL ROOM, WITH FIREPLACE and breakfast, is required, (with an English family preferred;) terms must not exceed $10 per week. Address P., Box No. 5,064 Post-office.

A LARGE, WELL-FURNISHED, PLEASant and convenient room, with first-class board, may be had by a couple wishing to live in a quiet family. Inquire at No. 28 University-place.

A PARTY OF GENTLEMEN IN SEARCH of a home can be accommodated with a nicely-furnished room and board at No 71 Macdougal-st.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT EN suite to gentlemen without board, at No. 13 East 16th-st., between Broadway and 5th-av.

COUNTRY BOARD.

COUNTRY BOARD FOR THE WINTER can be procured at an agreeable private residence in Ulster County; a single family of four or five preferred; liberal table, piano, library and other accommodations. Terms reasonable. Address, with reference, C. B. H., Esopus, Ulster County, N. Y.

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN CAN be accommodated with first-class board at Bergen Point, 25 minutes from New-York by Central Railroad of New-Jersey, foot of Liberty-st., New-York. Address BOGARDUS, Bergen Point, N. J.

MARBLE MANTELS.

MARBLE MANTELS—THE BEST PLACE in the City to purchase Marble Mantels of the latest designs, at very low prices, is at A. KLABER'S Marble Works, No. 109 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., New-York mantels put up in the country. Cut this out.

MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTELS—SUperior in appearance, more durable, half the price of marble. T. B. STEWART, No. 605 6th-av., between 35th and 36th sts.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

LEONARD GROVER ... DIRECTOR
THIS (SATURDAY) AFTERNOON, 2 O'CLOCK,
THE GRAND FAMILY MATINEE.

Fifty cents admission to all parts of the Theatre; children, 25 cents.

The last great
"LONG STRIKE" MATINEE.
THIS EVENING, LAST NIGHT
of the great Boucicault Drama, the

Long Strike

With its GRAND CAST, SUPERB SCENERY and MAGNIFICENT ENSEMBLE.

In addition the comedy farce of
JONES' BABY, JONES' BABY,
in which STUART ROBSON will appear.

MONDAY NIGHT, MR. GEORGE JORDAN, in Sir Walter Scott's grand romance,
MASTER OF RAVENSWOOD.

Seats may now be secured from 9 to 4 for Mr. Jordan's nights.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Lessee and Manager ... WM. WHEATLEY
Doors open at 7. Commence at 7¾.

THIS ESTABLISHMENT DOES NOT ADVERTISE IN THE NEW-YORK HERALD.

EVERY NIGHT AND SATURDAY AFTERNOON.
UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS OF
THE BLACK CROOK,
Introducing Jarrett & Palmer's
GREAT PARISIENNE BALLET TROUPE,
together with
SILVER CASCADE
AND THE GRAND TRANSFORMATION SCENE.
Seats can be secured six days in advance.

GRAND MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY,
COMMENCING AT 1 O'CLOCK,
on which occasion the prices will be
ONE DOLLAR
to all parts of the house.

No extra charge for reserved seats, which can be secured any day during the week.

THEATRE TICKET OFFICE.

Reserved seats for all first-class Theatres, Concerts, &c., can always be obtained at the
THEATRE TICKET OFFICE,
NOS. 112 AND 114 BROADWAY,
AND 955 BROADWAY.

GREAT MASONIC FAIR,

IN AID OF THE

HALL AND ASYLUM FUND,

WILL OPEN
ON WEDNESDAY EVENING, DEC. 5,
AT THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, CORNER GRAND AND CROSBY.

The display of goods will be unusually attractive, and presents advantages for those wishing to purchase for the Holidays.

"Save the boy; he's worth the saving, sireless, homeless, friendless now."

CHARITY QUARTETTE CONCERT,

in behalf of the
NEWSBOYS' LODGING-HOUSE,
NO. 128 FULTON-ST.,
ON MONDAY EVENING, DEC. 17,

At 8 o'clock, at the MIDDLE CHURCH, corner of 4th-st. and Lafayette-place, near Broadway.

Tickets, 50 cents, for sale at the book-stores, music-stores and the hotels.

GRAND FAIR

AND

FESTIVAL WITH PROMENADE CONCERT,
THIS EVENING and EVERY EVENING till Dec. 15,
in the spacious hall of
ST. STEPHEN'S CHURCH.

Entrances on 28th and 29th sts., between Lexington and 3d avs.

Music furnished by the celebrated orchestra of Theodore Thomas.

Dramatic performances every evening by several amateur companies.

Twenty tables attended by 150 ladies. Excellently furnished refreshment saloon. Brilliant *coup d'œil.* Unusually large and splendid array of articles precious, useful and ornamental, especially suitable for the holidays.

Variety of amusements especially for children between the hours of 3 and 6 P. M.

Doors open from 3 till 10½ P. M.

CHILDREN NOT ADMITTED AFTER 6 P. M.

Admission, 25 cents; season tickets, $1.

Proceeds to aid in paying for the nearly completed enlargement, heating by steam and decorating of the Church.

The Messrs. Steinway & Sons have kindly lent one of their celebrated grand pianos.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.—THIS (SATURDAY) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, the last LONG STRIKE matinee. 50 cents admission to all parts of Theatre; Children 25 cents.

GRAND CHARITABLE FAIR

AND

PRESENTATION FESTIVAL,

In aid of the maintenance and Education of the Destitute Children of our Soldiers and Sailors.

AN APPEAL TO THE AMERICAN PEOPLE.

We, the Officers and Managers of "the Home and School," for the Education and Maintenance of the Destitute Children of our Soldiers and Sailors, earnestly solicit the sympathy and coöperation in our Fair and Grand Presentation Festival, of all who desire with us to see "the Home and School enabled to receive and care for all needy ones, who seek its shelter and protection.

Mrs. Gen. Ulysses S. Grant, President.
Mrs. Chas. P. Daly, Acting President.
Mrs. Maj.-Gen. J. C. Fremont, 1st Vice-Pres'd't.
Mrs. Robert Foster, 2d Vice-President.
Mrs. John S Voorhies, Treasurer.
Mrs. David Hoyt, Secretary.
Mrs. Wm. S. H[illegible]r, Corresponding Secretary.
Mrs. Hervey G. Law, Manager.
Mrs. J. J. Van Dalsem, Manager.

Managers—Mrs. W. Germond, Mrs. E. Clifford Wadsworth, Mrs. Nelson Place, Mrs. W. Berrian, Mrs. H. J. Sherman, Mrs. C. Mailler, Mrs. Wm. Mailler, Mrs. Henry Batjer, Mrs. James Gillies.

The Fair will open on the 10th of December and continue two weeks, at the PUBLIC HALL, corner of Broadway and 23d-st., New-York. To be concluded by the

GRAND PRESENTATION FESTIVAL,
TO BE HELD AT
COOPER INSTITUTE, NEW-YORK,

SATURDAY EVENING, Dec. 22, under the musical direction of THEODORE THOMAS, Esq. On which occasion a Committee will be chosen by the audience to award

$100,000 IN PRESENTS

in such lawful manner as they may determine. For the Festival there will be issued

200,000 TICKETS AT ONE DOLLAR EACH
AND
200,000 PRESENTS, BEING ONE TO EACH TICKET HOLDER.

LIST OF PRESENTS TO BE AWARDED.

1	Present in United States Greenbacks	$10,000
1	Splendid Country Residence in Westchester Co., near New-York City	12,000
1	Corner House and Lot, Jamaica, Avenue E	4,000
1	House and Lot, adjoining above	3,000
1	House and Lot in Brooklyn, N. Y.	3,000
1	Carriage, Horses and Harness, (Complete)	2,500
1	Grand Piano (Steinway)	1,500
3	Lots in Harlem, City of New-York, $1,500 each	4,500
1	Set of Diamonds (Ring, Ear-Rings, and Pin)	1,000
1	Paid up policy of Life Insurance for	5,000
1	"Ellis' Patent Hot Water Apparatus," for Heating Dwellings	1,000
1	Oil Painting of Gen. U. S. Grant	250
15	Gents fine Gold Lever Watches, at $200	3,000
15	Ladies' fine Gold Lever Watches, at $125	1,875
1	Elegant 1st Premium "Empire" Sewing Machine	150
20	Silver plated Tea Setts, at $75	1,500
100	Celebrated "Empire" Sewing Machines now on exhibition at their Warerooms, No. 616 Broadway	7,500
1000	Copies (2 Vols. each) being a complete Illustrated History of the War, by Mrs. Ann Stephens	7,000
250	Gold Pens, Pencils, and Sleeve Buttons, at $6	1,500
500	Table and Tea Spoons and Napkin Rings, at $5	2,500
1000	Call Bells and plated Fruit Knives, at $3	3,000

The balance to consist of the following articles, viz.: Musical Instruments, Parlor and Office Furniture, Writing Cases, Ladies' Work Boxes, Music Boxes, Kid Gloves, Photograph Albums, Breast Pins and Finger Rings, Gents Fob Chains, Ladies' Gold Watch Chains, Opera Glasses, Black Walnut Picture Frames, Gentlemen's Fashionable Silk Hats, Ladies' Newest Style Dress Hats, American Emblem Cards for Parlor Amusement, Engravings and Card Photographs of distinguished Personages, Ladies' and Gents Riding Whips, Buffalo Robes, Ladies' Mink Furs, Gents Fur Collars and Gloves, &c., amounting to ... 24,225

Making in the Aggregate 200,000 Presents, valued at ... $100,000

HOW TO OBTAIN TICKETS.

Orders may be sent to us inclosing the money, from $1 to $25 in a registered letter at our risk, with stamp for return postage. Larger amounts should be sent in drafts or by express, at the following

CLUB RATES.

5 tickets to one address	$4 50
10 tickets to one address	9 00
20 tickets to one address	17 50
30 tickets to one address	26 25
40 tickets to one address	$35 00
50 tickets to one address	43 00
100 tickets to one address	85 00

Address all orders and communications to
THOMAS & CO., Managing Directors, Or to N. H. DAVIS, Agent for the Home and School. } No. 616 Broadway, New-York.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

We take pleasure in acknowledging, on behalf of the Home and School, the liberal donation of $500 made by Empire Sewing Machine Company, of No. 616 Broadway, New-York.

Donations to the Fair will be gratefully received and acknowledged at this office.

THOMAS & CO., Managing Directors,
No. 616 Broadway.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF BROOKLYN.

SECOND CONCERT—TENTH SEASON.
SATURDAY EVENING, DEC. 8, 1866,
AT THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

Miss CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG, Soprano.
Mr. RICHARD HOFFMAN, Pianist.
Mr. GEORGE WM. WARREN, Pianist.
And the full Orchestra of the Society.
Mr. THEODORE THOMAS, Conductor.

Reserved Seats in the Dress Circle or Second Tier can be obtained at the Box Office, from 4 to 6 P. M. of Friday, and from 8 to 10 A. M., and from 6 to 8 P. M. of Saturday.

Tickets can be obtained from the Treasurer, Dr. A. Cooke Hull, corner of Clinton and Joralemon sts., Brooklyn, or of J. Ives, Jr., Secretary, No. 49 Maiden-lane, New-York.

HENRY TUCKER,

The celebrated composer of popular songs, will give his FIRST GRAND CONCERT on MONDAY EVENING, Dec. 10, at Steinway Hall. The following artists will assist:

Mrs. Eugen Cruger, Mr. George Simpson, Mrs. Georgie Sheppard, Mr. Frank A. Chase, Miss Kate M. Willett, (first appearance,) Mr. John N. Pattison. Geo. W. Morgan, the celebrated organist, will perform on the new organ. Messrs Geo. W. Colby and Henry Tucker, Conductors. Tickets, 50 cents. For sale at the music-stores. Reserved seats, 50 cents extra, to be had at the hall. Doors open at 7¼; to commence at 8 o'clock.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.—THIS (SATURDAY) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, the last LONG STRIKE matinee. 50 cents admission to all parts of Theatre; Children 25 cents.

SEVENTH REGIMENT N. G. BAND.—Third Concert on SATURDAY EVENING, Dec. 8, at Seventh Regiment Armory. Members of the Regiment and their friends can obtain tickets from the Orderlies or from C. S. GRAFULLA, No. 1 Stanton-st.

SECURED SEATS FOR ALL THE THEATRES, OPERAS, and places of amusement can be had for any night at the Ristori Ticket-office, at CHICKERING & SONS, No. 652 Broadway.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM AND VAN AMBURGH'S MUSEUM AND MENAGERIE COMBINATION,

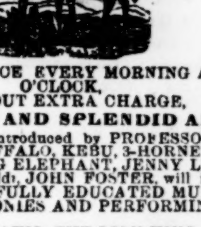
Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.

MUSEUM, MENAGERIE AND DRAMA.

On exhibition at all hours, the

ENTIRE VAN AMBURGH COLLECTION OF LIVING WILD ANIMALS.

To which has just been added
A LIVING GIRAFFE, OVER 15 FEET HIGH,
the only one on this continent; it must be seen in all its colossal magnificence to be appreciated.



PERFORMANCE EVERY MORNING AT 11 O'CLOCK,
WITHOUT EXTRA CHARGE,
IN THE NEW AND SPLENDID ARENA,

in which will be introduced by PROFESSOR HALL THE CAMEL, BUFFALO, KEBU, 3-HORNED BULL, PERFORMING ELEPHANT, JENNY LIND. The modern Grimaldi, JOHN FOSTER, will introduce the WONDERFULLY EDUCATED MULES, THE TRICK PONIES AND PERFORMING MONKEYS.

MONS. DAVIS, THE LION-KING,
WILL ENTER THE DEN OF WILD ANIMALS.
THE ANIMALS WILL BE FED IN PRESENCE OF VISITORS at 12 O'CLOCK, NOON.
AFTERNOON AT 2 AND EVENING AT 7½,
The beautiful domestic drama of
OLD ADAM,
BY THE TALENTED DRAMATIC COMPANY.
MISS EMMA FOSTER, AGED 5 YEARS, IN IRISH LILT.
DANCES BY MISS EMMA SHELL AND GEN. GRANT, JR.

GORDON CUMMING COLLECTION.

JOHN TOLLETT, THE IRISH FAT BOY, AGED SIXTEEN YEARS, WEIGHS 526 POUNDS. MAMMOTH FAT MAN, WEIGHING 615 POUNDS. A GIANT AND GIANTESS, EACH OVER EIGHT FEET HIGH, 2 DWARFS, CIRCASSIAN GIRL. Cosmoramas, Learned Seal, Happy Family, Grand Aquaria, Wax Figures, and 200,000 other Curiosities. Admission, 30 cents. Children under ten, 15 cents.

NEW-YORK THEATRE.

Managers ... Mark Smith and Lewis Baker

The management regret exceedingly that IMPERATIVE ENGAGEMENTS, made some weeks since, render obligatory the withdrawal, after TWO NIGHTS MORE, of Augustin Daly's picturesque drama,

GRIFFITH GAUNT;
OR,
JEALOUSY,

although it is still in the full career of a successful run. On SATURDAY and MONDAY NIGHTS it will be given with all its remarkable features.

THE DUEL A LA MORT,
THE LANCASHIRE FAIR,
POLE-CLIMBING—LIVE PIG CHASE—RUSTIC DANCE, &c.
TUESDAY EVENING, Dec. 11,
AUTHOR'S NIGHT.

Last performance of GRIFFITH GAUNT, and Benefit of Mr. AUGUSTIN DALY.

GRIFFITH GAUNT MATINEE on SATURDAY at 1 P. M.

Notwithstanding the popularity of this Drama, it must be withdrawn to give place to the Parisian Fairy Spectacle of

CENDRILLON.

A family circle (admission 50 cents) has been fitted up, and is now open.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.—LAST NIGHT OF THE LONG STRIKE.

THEATRE FRANCAIS.

GREAT COMEDY NIGHT.
SATURDAY EVENING, Dec. 8.
The Comedy—VERSER MARQUIS.
Vaudeville—LES DEUX TIMIDES.
Comedy—LE MARI DE LA VEUVE.

On TUESDAY next, Opera—GALATHEE.

Tickets for sale at Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and Nos. 112 and 114 Broadway.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.

14th-st., opposite Academy of Music.
L. B. LENT ... Director.
MATINEES AT 2½,
WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY.
EVERY NIGHT AT 8,
will be presented a most varied
PROGRAMME OF NOVELTIES,
introducing the justly celebrated artists,
MLLE. CARLOTTA DE BERG,
ROBERT STICKNEY,
EL NINO EDDIE,
and the entire strength of the
LARGEST AND BEST CIRCUS TROUPE
ever brought together on this Continent.

THE FIFTH EXHIBITION OF FRENCH AND FLEMISH PICTURES

is now open at the

STUDIO BUILDING, 10TH-ST.

ADMISSION FREE.

MISS ROSE EYTINGE

Will make her first appearance as LUCY ASHTON in the new dramatization of Sir Walter Scott's
MASTER OF RAVENSWOOD,
at the OLYMPIC THEATRE, MONDAY NIGHT.

THE SEVENTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION of the
ARTIST FUND SOCIETY
is now open at the Galleries of the National Academy of Design, corner of 23d-st. and 4th-av., from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.

NIBLO'S GARDEN. GRAND MATINEE.

BLACK CROOK. SPLENDID BALLET.
THIS SATURDAY, at 1 o'clock.
Admission $1.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.—LAST NIGHT OF THE LONG STRIKE.

INSTRUCTION.

MR. GEO. C. ANTHON

will reopen his Classical, French and English School, with primary department and gymnasium, 5th-av., corner 26th-st., on MONDAY, Sept. 10.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, Classical, Commercial and French, with preparatory departments, No. 126 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal-st., on Washington-square, GEORGE W. CLARKE, A. M., Principal, prepares pupils of all ages for business or college. Circulars at the Institute.

MRS. SYLVANUS REED HAS REMOVED her French and English Boarding and Day School to the large residence corner 38th-st. and Park-av., Murray Hill.

LYON'S COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,

NOS. 161 FIFTH-AV. AND 937 BROADWAY.

Its rooms have lofty ceilings, are all upon the same floor, and heated by steam. For spaciousness, light, ventilation—indeed, for all school purposes, they are unsurpassed. All the older pupils are under the direct training of Mr. Lyon, the younger of Mrs. Lyon. Light gymnastics are taught. A Literary Union of teachers and older pupils meets one evening weekly.

CENTRAL PARK FRENCH INSTITUTE

For young gentlemen, with Primary Department, E. FEZANDIE, Director. Day and boarding scholars. Day scholars taken to school and home in an omnibus. Handsome house and grounds between Central Park and Hudson River. Complete English, French, German, Spanish, Classical, Scientific and Commercial instruction. Circulars at Christern's, No. 863 Broadway, or at the Institute, Broadway and 93d-st.

MR. VAN NORMAN'S

French and English boarding and day school for young ladies, No. 5 West 38th-st., two doors from 5th-av., New-York. Address as above.

HUDSON RIVER INSTITUTE, CLAVERACK, COLUMBIA COUNTY, N. Y.—$100 pays for board, washing, fuel and furnished room and tuition, in common and higher English, Latin and Greek, French, German, drawing, crayoning and oil-painting, per term of 14 weeks. Term opens Dec. 31.

Rev. ALONZO FLACK, Principal.

FOR SALE OR LEASE—THE ESTATE OF the late SAMUEL S. HOWLAND, in Westchester County, near Dobbs' Ferry. For particulars apply to A. SMEDBERG, No. 48 Exchange-place, or to W. H. ANTHON, No. 16 Exchange-place.

BOOK-KEEPING, WRITING, &c., FOR BUSINESS.—Mr. DOLBEAR, No. 609 Broadway, teaches book-keeping practically as used in the best New-York houses. He also removes stiffness, cramping or trembling, and makes elegant business penmen.

DREW SEMINARY FOR LADIES—Carmel, Putnam Co., New-York. Advantages in all departments and accommodations unsurpassed; Winter term begins Jan. 3. GEO. C. SMITH.

YOUNG LADIES' SCHOOL.—THE WINTER term of this school commences Nov. 26; two vacancies. For circulars address the Principal,
MRS. M. L. READ, Goshen, N. Y.

KINDERGARTEN SCHOOLS—FOR GIRLS, No. 68 West 36th-st.; for boys, No. 70 West 37th-st. For circulars, &c., address Miss L. M. COE, No. 68 West 36th-st. A few boarders taken.

MOUNTAIN VIEW SEMINARY—ONE and a half miles south of West Point. The next term commences Jan. 7. For circulars address
G. H. CARSWELL, Highland Falls, N. Y.

TEACHERS.

A YOUNG LADY WHO HAS BEEN teaching in one of the highest families in the States desires a re-engagement to teach the English branches and music, (vocal and instrumental;) or would, in addition, take entire charge of household matters in a small family of unexceptionable respectability; is efficient and faithful. The advertiser will treat every answer, giving real name and residence or place of business, as confidential, and will reply, but will notice no others. Address EXCELL, Box No. 151 *Times* Office.

A FRENCH PROFESSOR, A GRADUATE of the Université de France, desires to give, at the pupils' residences, lessons in French to persons having some knowledge of the language. Address M. REBSOMEN, No. 35 Gramercy-place.

TUTOR IN ENGLISH AND LATIN.—A gentleman would devote a few hours daily to boys or girls, at their homes. Address, appointing interview, A. L., No. 33 East 24th-st.

A LADY OF MUCH EXPERIENCE wishes to devote a couple of hours daily to thorough instruction in English branches and mathematics. Address G. V. M., No. 212 Smith-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—IN A COUNTRY BOARDING-school, a native French or German teacher. For information, call immediately at No. 128 West 38th-st.

AMUSEMENTS.

WINTER GARDEN—OPERA MATINEE.

Manager ... Mr. W. STUART.
MAX MARETZEK'S GRAND ITALIAN OPERA.
THIS (SATURDAY) AFTERNOON, Dec. 8, at 1 o'clock,
GRAND ITALIAN OPERA MATINEE.
GRAND ITALIAN OPERA MATINEE.
Will be produced, Donizetti's Grand Tragic Opera,
LUCREZIA BORGIA,
With an unapproachably great cast, including
SENORA CARMEN POCH,
Mme. NATALI TESTA.
MAZZOLENI ... ANTONUCCI
DUBREUL FOSSATI, MULLER,
ADMISSION TO THE MATINEE,
ONE DOLLAR ONLY,
ONE DOLLAR ONLY,
To all parts of the house. No reserved seats.
Doors open at 12 M. To commence at 1 o'clock.

On MONDAY EVENING, Dec. 10, at 8 o'clock,
By general request, and positively for the last time, the immensely successful Comic Opera,
CRISPINO E LA COMARE,
with its inimitably great cast, including
MISS CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG,
STOCKTON, TESTA, BELLINI, ANTONUCCI, GIORGIO, RONCONI.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, DEC. 12,
THE BARBER OF SEVILLE,
with a cast never before equalled.
In active preparation Herold's celebrated opera
ZAMPA.

WINTER GARDEN TO-NIGHT.

Mr. Stuart has the honor to announce that on
THIS (SATURDAY) EVENING, Dec. 8, at 7¾,
EDWIN BOOTH
will appear in
TWO 2 TWO
TWO 2 TWO
TWO 2 TWO
of his great characters—as
THE STRANGER,
in Kotzebue's play of that title, and as
DON CÆSAR DE BAZAN,
supported by
MME. METHUA SCHELLER, MISS IDA VERNON,
MR. BARTON HILL, MR. J. N. GOTTHOLD,
and A POWERFUL CAST.
Doors open at 7; commences at 7½ o'clock precisely.
TUESDAY, Dec. 11—EDWIN BOOTH as RICHELIEU.
WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, Dec. 12, at 1 o'clock,
GRAND BOOTH MATINEE.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager ... Mr. LESTER WALLACK
THIS (SATURDAY) EVENING, Dec. 8,
will be presented for the second time this season,
Mr. LESTER WALLACK'S
original Comic Play, in five acts, entitled
CENTRAL PARK;
OR,
THE HOUSE WITH TWO DOORS,
with entirely new Park scenery by Isherwood, costumes, appointments and a cast of characters including the following members of the company:
Messrs. LESTER WALLACK, JOHN GILBERT, A. W. YOUNG, B. T. RINGGOLD, W. H. NORTON, J. C. WILLIAMSON, POPE, T. GRAHAM, LEONARD, Miss MARY GANNON, Miss MADELINE HENRIQUES, Mrs. JOHN SEFTON, Miss M. BARRETT, &c.

MONDAY EVENING, Dec. 10,
a great bill will be presented, comprising (for the first time this season) Mrs. Inchbald's exquisite comedy, entitled
TO MARRY OR NOT TO MARRY,
revised and adapted to the present stage by Mr. Lester Wallack,
with appropriate scenery, costumes and appointments, after which the exceedingly droll comedy, entitled
RURAL FELICITY,
Mr. Lester Wallack and every member of the company appearing on the occasion.

In accordance with a special request at the Box-office for the production of Boucicault's celebrated comedy entitled the
IRISH HEIRESS,
it is respectfully announced for presentation on
TUESDAY EVENING, Dec. 11,
being the first and positively the only time it can be given during the present season.
MR. LESTER WALLACK'S
Nights of performance for the ensuing week will be as follows:
MONDAY, Dec. 10, in TO MARRY OR NOT TO MARRY.
WEDNESDAY, Dec. 12, in SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER.
THURSDAY, Dec. 13, in CENTRAL PARK.
And also FRIDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, Dec. 14 and 15, the programme for which will be duly announced.
During Mr. Wallack's engagement (which must necessarily be limited) he will appear in an entirely
NEW AND ORIGINAL CHARACTER
in a new
COMIC DRAMA,
replete with novel and picturesque effects—now in active rehearsal, and which will shortly be produced, written by T. W. ROBERTSON and ARTEMUS WARD, Esqs., entitled

"OURS!"

Box-office open from 8 till 4 daily.
Doors open at 7½; commences at 8 o'clock.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE.

Sole Proprietor ... Mr. J. W. LINGARD.
First Nights of the new Pantomime of
TOM-TOM, THE PIPER'S SON.
New and Gorgeous Scenery, Machinery, Tricks and Transformations, including the
SPLENDID SHADOW PANTOMIME.
TWO DRAMAS.

FOX'S OLD BOWERY THEATRE.

MISS FANNY HERRING.
THE FEMALE DETECTIVE.
THE SCHOOLMASTER.
THE FELON'S DREAM.

STEINWAY HALL.

FIFTEENTH SUNDAY CONCERT,
Dec. 9, at 8 o'clock.
First appearance at these concerts of
MME. FANNIE RAYMOND RITTER.
First appearance in America of the celebrated violinist,
MR. WENZEL KOPTA.
Mr. G. W. COLBY, Pianist.
Mr. THEO. THOMAS, Conductor.
And his
CELEBRATED ORCHESTRA.
TICKETS 50 CENTS.
RESERVED SEATS 50 CENTS EXTRA.

MR. WEHLI, THE GREAT PIANIST,

Will give one
MORNING CONCERT,
SATURDAY, Dec. 8, 1866,
AT IRVING HALL.
Doors open at 10½, to begin at 11 o'clock.
The following artists will assist Mr. Wehli:
Miss KATE McDONALD, Soprano.
Mr. JULIUS EICHBERG, Violinist.
Mr. G. W. COLBY, Pianist.
Tickets 50 cents.
Reserved seats 50 cents extra.

KELLY & LEON'S MINSTRELS,

No. 720 BROADWAY.

GRAND TRIUMPH OF THE NEW COMPANY.

THIS WEEK, MATRIMONY,	Babes in the Wood.
THIS WEEK, CITY CARS,	Surprise Party.
THIS WEEK, BLACK STATUE,	The Great Quartette.
THIS WEEK, The Only LEON,	Carnival Venice.
THIS WEEK, The Popular	Grand Trio Tu
THIS WEEK, EDWIN KELLY,	Sol quest anima.

BUDWORTH'S MINSTRELS.

Fifth-av. Opera House, adjoining Fifth-av. Hotel.
FOURTH WEEK. A TRIP TO THE MOON.
FRESH LOT OF PASSENGERS THIS WEEK.
NATIONAL EMBLEM IN THE SKY.
BEAUTIFUL TABLEAU—GODDESS OF LIBERTY.
MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY AT 2½ P. M.

RESERVED SEATS

For the Theatres and Opera to be had at the Metropolitan Hotel Railroad Ticket Office.
H. M. ADAMS, Agent.

STEINWAY HALL.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW-YORK.

Public rehearsal No. 5, SATURDAY, Dec. 8, at 2 o'clock P. M. Admission 50 cents.

Subscriptions received at Scharfenberg & Luis', No. 758 Broadway, and Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway.
L. SPIER, Secretary.

MRS. ANNA PAYNE,

CONTRALTO,
will give a grand concert on SATURDAY EVENING, Dec. 15, 1866.
She will be assisted by several distinguished artists.
Tickets $1, for sale at the hall.

MR. DE CORDOVA

Will deliver his popular and amusing Lecture, "Miss Briggs, (strong-minded,) Her Courtship," in aid of the funds of the Working-women's Protective Union, at Irving Hall, Dec. 8, 1866, at 8 o'clock P. M. Tickets 50 cents; reserved, 75 cents. To be had at the door.

WONDERFUL FREAK OF NATURE—The "WASHINGTON TWINS," born alive, having two heads, four arms, and but one body and one pair of legs; also the head and right arm of PROBST, the murderer of the Deering Family; together with the magnificent collection of objects in Physiology, Anatomy, Pathology and Natural History. All of which are illustrated daily by lectures and microscopic views at NEW-YORK MUSEUM OF ANATOMY, No. 618 Broadway. Open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M.

MME. MONTANIA'S

SHEET WAX FOR WAX FLOWERS,
25 cents per dozen.
No. 779 Broadway, near 10th-st.

M. HARTZ, THE ILLUSIONIST, WILL open at Dodworth Hall, MONDAY, Dec. 17. MULTUM IN PARVO very soon.

DANCING.

C. H. RIVERS'

BROOKLYN DANCING ACADEMY,
No. 33 Schermerhorn-st., corner of Court.

Classes for beginners are now forming. Send for a circular. Inclose 25 cents for a pamphlet containing the fashionable quadrilles and figures of the German.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMY,

No. 212 5th-av., New-York.

Classes on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS.

Evening class for gentlemen TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS. For terms, &c., send for circular.

DE GARMO'S DANCING ACADEMY, No. 82 5th-av., corner of 14th-st., now open for the reception of pupils on Tuesdays and Fridays, Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Ladies, 2 to 4 P. M.; Misses and Masters, 4 to 6 P. M. Gentlemen, Tuesday and Friday evenings, at 8 o'clock.

DE GARMO'S BOOK—THIRD EDITION—Containing full descriptions of all the quadrilles, figures of the German cotillon, &c., now ready; price 50 cents. Apply at or address No. 82 5th-av., corner 14th-st.

MACHINERY.

PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES,

Combining the maximum of efficiency, durability and economy with the minimum of weight and price. They are widely and favorably known, more than 6[illegible] being in use. All warranted satisfactory, or no sale. Descriptive circulars sent on application.

Address
J. C. HOADLEY & CO.,
Lawrence, Mass.

PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES AND CIRCULAR SAW-MILLS.

The best and most complete in use.
Circulars sent on application.
WOOD & MANN STEAM-ENGINE CO.,
Utica, N. Y.,
and No. 96 Maiden-lane, New-York.

STEAM-ENGINES, FLAX, HEMP, TOW and Rope Machinery, Machinist Tools, &c. TODD & RAFFERTY, Warehouse 4 Dey-st.; Works, Paterson, N.

FURNITURE.

ENAMELED FURNITURE.—THE LARGest assortment of enameled chestnut and solid walnut bedroom suites in this City. All goods warranted as represented. Also, mattresses and spring beds.
WARREN, WARD & CO., No. 277 Canal-st.

THE SOUTH.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Opening of the United States Circuit Court—Destitution of the Poor—Wool Agency—Cotton Factory—Freedmen.

From Our Own Correspondent.

COLUMBIA, Monday, Dec. 3, 1866.

The United States Circuit Court was opened in this city on last Monday, for the first time, we believe, since 1860. Nothing of importance was done. The Court was organized, the presentment of the grand jury, and the admission of several lawyers to practice in the Court, made the sum total of business transacted.

Toward relieving the destitution prevailing among the poor of the city and environs, the ladies of Columbia are preparing to have a fair, to open on Tuesday, the 4th inst., by which it is hoped that something handsome will be realized. The destitution in question is beyond belief, except to parties who have witnessed it. Several deaths have occurred recently of which the real cause was insufficiency of food. This species of want prevails more in the adjacent country—universally here known and spoken of as the *Sand Hills*—than in the city proper. Both whites and negroes suffer this, but far more of the latter, because they are constitutionally more improvident.

One of the largest wool factories in England has recently established an agency in this State. Mr. TRENCHARD, of Charleston, is the agent; and he is engaged in a tour over the interior for the purpose of purchasing the wool on hand, and forming contracts for future production—organizing, that is to say, a wool trade in the State. Much good is expected to accrue from the impetus thus imparted to a branch of industry which has hitherto been very much neglected.

The Legislature has thus far done very little—nothing of importance. The heavy matters of business do not mature so early in the session, usually. Among the points discussed is a series of resolutions, relating to the distinguished State prisoner at Fortress Monroe. The resolutions expressed unabated sympathy for Mr. DAVIS in his fallen fortunes, and earnest and warm expressions of hopes for his well-being. They also look to some provision of money for his defence in the way of legal advice; and also to some provision for the comfort and maintenance of his family. A spirited debate was had upon these resolutions. All appeared to agree upon the sentiments embodied in them; but the issue was upon the expediency of expressing those sentiments in that form—the Opposition urging that their passage at this juncture would operate unfavorably upon Mr. DAVIS, by inciting greater bitterness in the minds of his persecutors, and of those in whose hands his life seems to lie, that policy demanded the greatest caution in such expressions. Those in favor of the resolutions, on the contrary, urged that such manly and honest sentiments would find appreciation, if not sympathy, among even the extreme enemies of the prisoner. The resolutions were referred to a committee; and that, it is supposed, will be the end of them.

The most extensive cotton factory in this State is at Graniteville, a factory hamlet, in Edgefield District, not far from Augusta, Georgia. It is also, we believe, the largest in the South. It has recently been refitted with new and improved English machinery, and runs now double the number of spindles it did before the war, a result of twenty-four thousand (24,000) spindles. Besides Graniteville there are three other smaller establishments, all of limited importance—in Spartanburgh, Greenville, and Richmond Districts. The last named is near Columbia, and is not yet in operation since its rebuilding. It was burnd ewhen SHERMAN passed through the State, and has just been rebuilt. It will be in operation in the course of a few months. This is known as the Saluda Factory, and is now owned by CHILDS & Co. It will be the second in importance when it gets under way.

The negro schools for the Winter are again regularly in operation. These schools for the educating of the freedmen are under the control of the American Freedmen's Union Commission. The schools in Columbia, numbering nine, are under the patronage and management of the New-York Branch of the American Commission. They are all taught in one building, and all by young women from New-York. They teach five hours a day, from 9 until 2 o'clock, and have under their charge 474 pupils, 207 being boys, and 266 girls. Of these, 30 are over sixteen years of age, and all are over six. These pupils are taught spelling, reading, writing, mental and written arithmetic, and geography. R. TOMLINSON, of Charleston, is the State Superintendent of education of the freedmen in South Carolina. Dr. WRIGHT, who has charge in Columbia, is agent under that superintendency. Outside of Charleston we have fifteen teachers engaged in teaching the negroes. These fifteen are in Columbia, Orangeburgh, Aiken, Anderson, Spartonburgh and Kershaw Districts generally at their Court-houses. They have in all these schools something over a thousand students. The teachers are generally ladies employed by the American F. U. Commission, though some of them are natives of the localities where they teach. The tuition is usually gratuitous, (to the pupils,) the teachers being paid by the branch of the Commission that employs them. Women are employed in preference to men because they can be engaged at less cost, and serve, perhaps, better for imparting those elementary branches which alone are needed just now by the freedmen. In some of the schools they have a contribution of ten cents a month as a firewood fund; and this, though almost voluntary, usually foots the wood bill for the Winter season. The freedmen are somewhat capricious in their pursuit of education, and frequently commence and leave off in a few weeks, to resume again after a rest of some weeks. This style of attendance interferes very materially with the teaching. BOIS.

ALABAMA.

An Important Bill Defining the Qualifications of Electors—Interesting Discussion.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Saturday, Dec. 1, 1866.

Since my last communication, the most important proceeding of either branch of the Legislature occurred this morning in the House of Representatives. Mr. BROOKS, one of the members from the county of Lowndes, introduced the following bill, proposing an important amendment to the State Constitution, and making a radical change in the qualifications of electors:

A BILL

To alter the Constitution of this State in regard to the qualifications of electors.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Alabama, in General Assembly convened, That article 8, section 1, of the Constitution of the State, which provides that "Every white male person of the age of twenty-one years and upward, who shall be a citizen of the United States, and shall have resided in this State one year next preceding an election, and the last three months thereof in the county in which he offers to vote, shall be deemed a qualified elector. *Provided,* That no soldier, seaman or marine in the regular army or navy of the United States, and no person who shall have been convicted of bribery, forgery or perjury, or other high crime or misdemeanor which may be by law declared to disqualify him, shall be entitled to vote at any election in this State," be so amended as to read as follows: Every male person of the age of twenty-one years and upward, who shall be a citizen of the United States, and shall have resided in this State one year next preceding the election, and six months thereof in the county in which he offers to vote, and shall be able to read the Constitution of this State and of the United States, and to write a legible hand, and shall have a homestead worth $200, or other property of the value of $200, shall be deemed a qualified elector; *Provided,* that no soldier, seaman or marine in the regular army or navy of the United States, and no person who shall have been convicted of bribery, forgery, perjury, or other high crime or misdemeanor, which may be by law declared to disqualify him, shall be entitled to vote at any election in this State, and provided further, that no person now entitled to vote shall be disqualified by this article."

Before the bill was read, Mr. BROOKS expressed the hope that members would not indulge in any unkind or severe animadversions upon the bill. He had reflected upon the proposed measure seriously, and was prepared to take the consequences. He did not, however, desire that the bill should be rushed through the House, but wished it to be read on three several days, in order that members might give it that calm consideration which its importance requires. He believed it might result in much good, and could possibly do no harm. He had sustained the cause of secession, and had sacrificed valuable property in aid of the Confederacy, and had no regrets to express for the course he had deliberately pursued. Our relations now to the General Government were very peculiar, and it becomes us to look at the situation as it is, and to be governed by other motives and feelings than those dictated by passion and impulse.

Mr. MORSE, a member from Choctaw, moved to postpone the further consideration of the bill until the 16th of January, the day after the reassembling of the Legislature, which will take a recess from the 7th inst. The motion was lost by a vote of 40 to 48.

Mr. THRASHER, a member from Tallapoosa County, moved to lay the bill on the table, which was carried by a vote of 69 for, to 18 against.

Mr. BROOKS said he represented an intelligent people. He knew of at least two gallant Confederate soldiers whom he had consulted, and who concurred with him in his views; but if at any time he should receive intimation that they were not approved by the people of his county generally, he was ready to resign the position to which he had been elected.

Several members who voted against laying the bill on the table, took occasion to define their positions before recording their votes. While they were not prepared to vote for the bill when it came up for consideration on its merits, they were opposed to hasty action, and preferred that it should be printed in order that each member might give it due thought and reflection.

The sudden explosion of a small bomb-shell in the Hall of the House could hardly have excited more surprise than the introduction of this proposed Amendment to the Constitution. Senators from the other end of the Capitol got wind of the proceeding, entered the House, and watched it with the deepest interest until it was laid on the table. Whether any motion to take it up again for consideration will be made, depends on the nature of events that may transpire at Washington, no doubt, between now and the 15th of January.

The author of the proposed amendment, Mr. N. L. BROOKS, is a cousin of PRESTON BROOKS, of South Carolina, and, as I have before intimated, was an "original Secessionist." He is a planter of many years' residence in the County of Lowndes, in this State; owned a large number of slaves, and was very wealthy before the war. He is a man of high character, and universally respected wherever he is known.

It is a significant fact that the first man who has had the boldness to bring forward this measure to extend the right of suffrage was a Secessionist and a large slaveholder; and it is also a little remarkable that nearly all who voted against laying the bill on the table, in order to give it careful consideration, are from the Southern portion of the State, whereas that portion of the State which has always been supposed to incline most to the Union is North Alabama. Two of the most influential papers of the State are fully committed to qualified negro suffrage and general amnesty, as a compromise between the North and South, in preference to the Consitutional Amendment. These are the Mobile *Register*, by Mr. FORSYTH, and the Selma *Messenger*, whose principal editor is Col. T. B. ROY, Chief of Gen. HARDEE'S Staff during the war. IOTA.

Breech-Loading Small Arms.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF NEW-YORK,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
ALBANY, Nov. 29, 1866.

SPECIAL ORDER No. 361.—The Board of Officers organized by Special Order No. 322, current series, to examine and test the inventions and improvements in breech-loading military small arms, of which Brig.-Gen. WM. IRVINE, Adjutant-General, is President, is hereby ordered to convene at the State Arsenal, corner of Thirty-fifth-street and Seventh-avenue, New-York City, on the 18th day of December next, (1866.)

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,
(Signed) J. B. STONEHOUSE, Asst. Adj. Gen.
Official: C. W. BENTLEY, Actg. Asst. Adjt. Gen.

Accident to the Steamer Katahdin.

BOSTON, Friday, Dec. 7.

The steamer *Katahdin*, from Bangor, arrived here this morning, and reports having struck on a rock last evening near Camden and stove a hole in her bottom, causing a serious leak, but with the aid of her pumps the water was kept down, enabling her to perform the trip in safety. She will go on a railway for repairs.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

CHARITABLE SUBSCRIPTION.—The subscriptions for the relief of the sufferers by the late inundations in France amount to about $6,000, as acknowledged by Baron BOILLEAU, the Consul-General of France. The promptness with which the charitably disposed of all nationalities have responded to the appeal lately published in our columns is worthy of all praise; but, from the extreme urgency of the case, there is room for continued liberality. Multitudes are without food or shelter. Baron BOILLEAU has a subscription list still open at his office, No. 2 Bowling-green. Among the contributions lately received was one of $100 from the French miners in Nevada Territory.

TENEMENT-HOUSES NEGLECTED.—Dr. DALTON, Sanitary Superintendent, in a letter to the Board of Health, sets forth that he has some thirty-five reports from sanitary inspectors on tenement-houses which are in an unfit condition for habitations. He says that unless these houses are ordered to be put in a proper condition as regards ventilation and other conveniences needed, the next Spring cannot fail to make us witnesses of fearful mortality in case of the breaking out of an epidemic. He intimates that this is brought about by landlords or "middlemen" taking no interest in the state of the property committed to their care for a certain amount of money.

NEW LINE TO WASHINGTON.—The incorporators of the New-York, Alexandria, Washington and Georgetown Steamship Company met yesterday morning at the Metropolitan Hotel and elected the following-named officers: JOHN W. THOMSON, Esq., President; H. C. FAHNESTOCK, (of JAY COOKE & Co.) Vice-President; DAVID WALKER, (of LEWIS JOHNSON & Co.) of Washington, Treasurer; GEO. W. BROWN (of BENTLEY SMITH & Co.) Secretary. This Company propose to run a semi-weekly line of first-class outside steamers to the above ports. This line will meet the wants long felt by the business and traveling community of the above cities.

ARRIVALS IN THE CITY.—Senator Sprague and Gov. Burnside, of Rhode Island, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel. Mrs. Jefferson Davis and R. B. Rhett, Jr., South Carolina, are at the New-York Hotel. Hon. Ezra Cornell, Ithaca, and Gen. T. D. Johns, California, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel. Gen. B. F. Bruce, Syracuse, Gen. Price, New-York, and Gov. Price, of New-Jersey, are at the Metropolitan Hotel. Mrs. Gen. McDowell, San Francisco, is at the Brevoort House.

COMIC ENTERTAINMENT.—Mr. E. F. UNDERHILL delivered his humorous lecture, entitled "An Evening with Funny Folks," before the Lecture Association of Harlem, on Thursday evening. He had a large and appreciative audience, and for over an hour kept it in a state of huge enjoyment. In the field of humor, Mr. UNDERHILL ranks among the best lecturers.

A COMPLIMENT TO CAPT. GADSDEN, OF THE ARAGO.—On the last trip of the steamer *Arago* from this port to Havre the passengers were so much pleased with the seamen-like qualities of the Captain and his officers, and the order, cleanliness and quiet maintained on board, that a written testimonial to that effect was presented to Capt. GADSDEN.

SEVENTH REGIMENT PROMENADE CONCERT.—The third promenade concert of GRAFULLA'S Seventh Regiment National Guard Band, will take place this evening at the Regimental Armory, over Tompkins Market. An extensive programme has been arranged for the occasion.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

CHARGE OF CONSPIRACY TO DEFRAUD.—The examination of DANIEL ALLEN, GEORGE WILLIAMS, WM. CROWDER *alias* Wm. Duer, and EDWARD DRISCOLL, charged with conspiracy for the purpose of defrauding Mr. C. G. WITTE, of No. 94 John-street, New-York, was resumed before Justice WALSH yesterday day afternoon. The complaint made against the defendants is, that some months since they came to an agreement with WM. MELVIN, an errand clerk in the employ of Mr. WITTE, to rob and defraud him; and that they accomplished that object by defrauding him out of a quantity of tinfoil, of the value of $80, and $231, the proceeds of a check which had been cashed at the Tradesmen's Bank, and the money, as alleged, appropriated to their own use. The tinfoil, it appears, was [illegible] by MELVIN and sold to DRISCOLL, who keeps a junk-shop in Prospect-street. Two witnesses only were examined yesterday. The first, WM. MELVIN, acknowledged having stolen the foil and selling some of it to DRISCOLL, but the latter being dissatisfied with the small quantities brought, refused to take any more. MELVIN thereafter gave the foil to MICHAEL HURLEY for disposal. Officer WILSON testified to the arrest of the parties near the corner of Gold and Platt streets, New-York. On motion of counsel for THOMAS SYKES and RICHARD CHANDLER, arrested on suspicion of being implicated with the accused, they were discharged from custody, there being no evidence that they had any dealings whatever with the parties. The further examination of the case was then adjourned until 2 o'clock, Monday afternoon.

THE RECENT OUTRAGE UPON SEWING WOMEN.—Yesterday afternoon JOHN MONAHAN, MICHAEL QUINN and JAMES KIRWAN were called up for examination before Justice DAILEY, on charges of rape and robbery preferred by Mrs. ELLEN WALKER, her sister, MARGARET LACEY, and Miss EMMA CAMPBELL, who all reside at No. 202 North Seventh-street, E. D. A very large crowd of persons, male and female, attempted to enter the Court-room during the examination, but were refused admission. Messrs. OLMSTEAD and NEWTON appeared for the prosecution, and C. M. BRIGGS for the defence. Mrs. WALKER was called to the witness-stand, and made a clear statement of the diabolical outrage. She recognized MONAHAN as the man who outraged her person, and threatened to cut her throat when she screamed. She failed to identify the other prisoners. Before Mrs. WALKER'S testimony was concluded an adjournment took place until Tuesday next.

FEMALE SHOPLIFTERS DETECTED.—Two English women named ELIZABETH CLARK and CHARLOTTE WILLIAMS, who appear to be adepts in shoplifting operations, were brought before Justice BUCKLEY on three distinct charges, of purloining goods from stores in Fulton-street. It appears that on Thursday afternoon they called at CHASE'S jewelry-store and stole two lockets worth $10. They next visited WISE'S jewelry-store, and carried off one seal and watch-key, one small trumpet, and a Masonic pin, in all valued at $17. They next favored LOCKETTS' fancy-store with their presence, and succeeded in stealing two pieces of bugle lace of the value of $25 62. On leaving the store they were taken into custody by Detective CORWIN. When searched for the stolen property it was found that the woman WILLIAMS had secreted the jewelry in her mouth. She was sentenced to the Penitentiary for six months. Mrs. CLARK was sentenced to the same institution for 60 days.

MORE DISTILLERY SEIZURES.—The number of poteen establishments has increased to such an extent within some months past, that there is scarcely a block in certain portions of the city where perhaps half a dozen or more cannot be found in full operation, the profits being so great that many men who were doing well before have abandoned their legitimate business to enter into the whisky trade in the hopes of making speedy fortunes. The authorities are busily engaged, however, in suppressing these establishments. Some days since Mr. J. L. LINTON, a special agent of the Treasury Department, arrived here, and having secured the coöperation of a number of Collector WOOD'S assistants in the Second District, seized a number of stills. Upward of fifty large and small distilleries have been seized in various parts of the city, and watchman placed in possession until the cases of the proprietors can be investigated. It is understood that other establishments are marked and will soon be seized.

GRAND LARCENY.—HENRY DOWNING, colored, aged 17, was yesterday arraigned before Justice DAILEY on a charge of stealing female wearing apparel valued at $200 from the residence of Mrs. MARGARET WARREN, No. 4 Fourth-street, E. D. The prisoner pleaded not guilty, and was remanded. He claims to be a grandson of the celebrated New-York oysterman of that name.

NEW-JERSEY.

SEIZURE OF ALLEGED CONTRABAND WHISKY—PERSONATING A UNITED STATES OFFICER.—Col. THORN, United States Collector for the Fifth (New-Jersey) District, yesterday closed up a wholesale liquor-store at the corner of Henderson and Gregory streets, Jersey City, kept by JAMES J. MADDEN, and also took possession of fourteen barrels of whisky on the sidewalk in front of the place, on suspicion that it was contraband, and that the owners were attempting to defraud the Government of the revenue. The whole transaction is a complicated affair, but the following is believed to be a nearly correct version: On Thursday afternoon, two men, evidently Jews, made application to Justice QUAIFE for a writ of replevin to obtain a lot of liquor at JAS. MADDEN'S liquor-store, which they claimed belonged to them. They alleged that in the fore part of the day MADDEN came to their place of business, No. 85 Front-street, and purchased fifteen barrels of rectified bourbon, giving in payment therefor a check on a firm in the upper part of the City. The liquor was sent to MADDEN'S address in Jersey City, and a clerk was dispatched to collect the amount of the check, when he was informed that they did not know MADDEN. The two merchants, upon learning that the check was worthless, proceeded to Jersey City, and, as above-stated, applied for a writ of replevin. Justice QUAIFE informed them that he had no power to issue a writ, and advised them to apply to Judge BEDEL for it. As Judge BEDEL was out of town, the two merchants were unable to do anything further, and accordingly took their departure and have not since been heard of. Meantime, MADDEN, as he claims, sold 12 barrels of the bourbon to a man from New-York named MCRAY, who a couple of days since opened a wholesale liquor depot at the corner of Grove and South Seventh streets, and had the liquor delivered there without delay. These 15 barrels were branded, but Collector THORN is quite confident that the brands are fraudulent. Another lot of 11 barrels of whisky, without any Government brand at all, also arrived at MADDEN'S late in the afternoon, and, together with the three remaining barrels, were rolled into the store. About dusk, a man named FRANK GARDNER BROWN, supposed to be an agent of the New-York liquor merchants, went to MADDEN'S store, and representing himself to be a Government officer, seized the entire lot of liquor. He then hired a Newark truckman to convey a load (12 barrels) to New-York, agreeing to pay him $40 for doing the work. The whisky was loaded, and BROWN, with the teamster, started for the purpose of crossing over the Pavonia ferry; but some of the outrunners discovered U. S. Assistant Assessor ANTHONY HIGGINS on the lookout at the ferry and reported the fact to BROWN. The driver of the truck, becoming alarmed, drove back to MADDEN'S, but the latter refused to receive the liquor or have anything further to do with it, when the driver unloaded it on the sidewalk and left. By this time United States Assessor HIGGINS had received an intimation of what was going on, and proceeded to MADDEN'S place, demanded of BROWN to show his authority, which he of course was unable to do, and he then claimed to be the owner of the whisky and made a considerable bluster, and offered to give MADDEN (whom he accused of selling him,) $500 for the privilege of punching him. Officer HIGGINS then seized the whisky and turned it over to the custody of Assistant Assessor HOLDEN. Officer HIGGINS then proceeded to MCKAY'S place in Grove street, for the purpose of seizing the other twelve barrels of bourbon, but the owners were too quick for him and had caused it to be removed, and up to last evening no trace could be obtained of it. Yesterday forenoon Collector THORN made an examination of MADDEN'S store, the result of which was the ordering of it closed until after a thorough investigation has been made. BROWN was subsequently arrested by order of Collector THORN. Officer BALDWIN brought him before Commissioner JACKSON. The prisoner stated that he purchased the liquor on the street in Front-street, but declined to answer further questions. He was then committed to the County Jail to await examination in default of $1,000 bail.

It is believed that within a few days past a large amount of contraband whisky has been brought into New-Jersey from New-York and Brooklyn.

Markets by Telegraph.

CINCINNATI, Friday, Dec. 7.

Money close. Exchange, par buying and par to 50c. selling. PROVISIONS—Mess Pork—sales of freshly packed at $18 and early packed at $19; Bulk Meats, 7¼c.@9½c. for Shoulders and Sides; packed Green Meats, sales at 5½c. for Shoulders, 7¾c. for Sides, and 9½c. for Hams. Hogs dull; sales at 5½c. for gross and 6⅝c. net; receipts 7,000. FLOUR—Sales at $9@$9 50 for Spring Wheat, and $9 50@$10 84 for Winter; $10@$10 50 for Spring Extras, and $10 50@$12 for Winter Extras. WHEAT—Sales of No. 2 Spring at $2@$2 05, No. 1 at $2 25, Extra Spring at $2 30@$2 35, No. 2 Winter at $2 60, No. 1 Winter at $2 70@$2 75, and Extra at $2 80. NEW CORN—Sales at 55c. for ear and 75c. for shelled. OLD CORN—70c. for ear and 75c. for shelled. OATS—Sales of No. 2 at 47c.@48c., and No. 1 at 51c.@52c. RYE—Sales of No. 1 at $1 10. BARLEY—Nothing doing. WHISKY—Sales in bond at 30c., and free at $2 25.

ALBANY, Friday, Dec. 7.

There has been more fluctuation than is generally the case in the CATTLE market, this week. At the opening it was supposed the supply would be light, and with a fair inquiry for New-York and the Eastern markets, prices advanced from ¼c.@½c. ⅌ lb., live weight; but yesterday stock came in pretty freely, until it was ascertained that the supply for the week would reach 3,800, when the demand slackened, and in order to effect sales holders had to submit to a decline of ½c. ⅌ lb. Prices ranged from 5c. ⅌ lb. for light inferior to 9c. for the best extra heavy Kentucky steers, averaging about 1,500 lbs. The average quality of the stock is rather low, and the market closes dull. SHEEP are neglected at 4c.@5½c.; receipts, 4,100. HOGS—Receipts 10,000; the trade is dull, at 7c.@7½c.

OSWEGO, Friday, Dec. 7.

FLOUR steady; sales 700 bbls., at $13 20 for No. 1 Spring, $13 25 for Red Winter, $14 25 for White, $15 25 for Double Extra. WHEAT quiet; No. 2 Chicago Spring in car lots selling at $2 15; No. 1 do. held $2 30. CORN and other grains nominal. LAKE IMPORTS—95,000 bushels Wheat. CANAL EXPORTS—380 bbls. Flour, 9,000 bushels Wheat, 6,500 bushels Barley, 3,700 bushels Rye. The amount of Flour and grains in the canals from Buffalo and Oswego for tide-water yesterday noon, as near as can be estimated, was as follows: Flour, 5,000 bbls.; Wheat, 198,000 bushels; Corn, 29,200 bushels; Oats, 193,000 bushels; Barley, 255,000 bushels; Rye, 100,000 bushels; Peas, 126,000 bushels.

CHICAGO, Friday, Dec. 7.

FLOUR dull and nominally unchanged; Spring Extra, low grades to fair, $8 50@$9 25; do., good to choice, $9 25@$10; sales 60 bbls. White Winter at $14 25; Red Winter $11. WHEAT dull and lower, No. 1 closing weaker at $2 02@$2 03, and No. 2 at $1 79@$1 81. CORN quiet; sales No. 1 at 81½c., and No. 2 at 73c.@74c. OATS—sales at 39c.@39½c., latter for strictly fresh. BARLEY—sample lots at $1@$1 15. MESS PORK firm and 25c.@50c. better; sales 600 bbls. at $18, and 300 bbls. at $17 75. LARD dull and inactive, holders asking 12c., without purchasers. DRESSED HOGS more active and 15c.@20c. higher; sales at $6 25@$6 70.

BUFFALO, Friday, Dec. 7.

FLOUR—In moderately fair demand for No. 1 Spring, and steady; sales 700 bbls. at $11; high grades quiet. WHEAT in moderate demand; sales 12,000 bushels No. 2 Milwaukee Club at $2 10, together with a few bagged lots forming no criterion of the true condition of the market. CORN closed dull and heavy after receipt of New-York report; sales 10,000 bushels high mixed Illinois at $1. OATS, BARLEY and RYE quiet, and nothing doing. PROVISIONS and DRESSED HOGS quiet and no sales. WHISKY firm, at $2 39. LAKE IMPORTS for the last twenty-four hours—3,207 bbls. Flour, 10,000 bushels Wheat.

LOUISVILLE, Friday, Dec. 7.

TOBACCO—Sales of 54 hhds.; the prices of Leaf Tobacco are slightly depressed; selections firm. COTTON—Sales of 21 bales good low Middling at 29½c. FLOUR—Sales of Superfine at $9@$10, and No. 1 at $12 60@$14. MESS PORK, $19. BACON—Sales of Shoulders at 13c.; Clear Sides, 14½c. HOGS—Sales for packing, 5½c.@5¾c.; 10,050 Hogs in pens. Red WHEAT—Sales at $2 60. NEW CORN, in bulk, 58c.; Old, 90c. OATS—Sales in bulk at 54c. LARD in tierces, 12½c. RAW WHISKY nominal. SUGAR—Sales at 12½c.@13¼c.

MILWAUKEE, Friday, Dec. 7.

FLOUR dull and unchanged. WHEAT inactive; sales at $1 79@$1 80 for No. 2, and $1 68½ for No. 3. OATS steady at 44c. for No. 2. RYE advanced to 88c.@88½c. for No. 2. PROVISIONS firmer; sales of Mess Pork at $16 25@$17; Dressed Hogs lower; sales at $6@$6 50. RECEIPTS—900 bbls. Flour, 7,300 bushels Wheat, 2,500 bushels Oats. SHIPMENTS—2,700 bbls. Flour, 15,000 bushels Wheat.

ST. LOUIS, Friday, Dec. 7.

FLOUR dull and unchanged. WHEAT firm; Fall $2 60; Spring $2 05. CORN firmer; Old Yellow 91c.; Old Mixed 80c. RYE $1. HAY $18. OATS improved, 66c.@68c. WHISKY $2 26. PORK declined; sales at 20c. HOGS $5 80@$6.

TOLEDO, Friday, Dec. 7.

FLOUR dull. Winter WHEAT a shade lower; sales White Michigan at $2 80, Amber at $2 70 and No. 1 Spring at $2 21. CORN dull and declining. OATS 45c. RYE $1 10. DRESSED HOGS 6¼c.@7c.

Cotton Market.

AUGUSTA, Friday, Dec. 7.

COTTON weak and declining; sales 235 bales Middlings at 30c.

SAVANNAH, Friday, Dec. 7.

COTTON is in better demand; sales 300 bales Middlings at 31c.

The Steamship Scotland.

SOUTHERN HOTEL, NEW-YORK, Dec. 4, 1866.

At a meeting held this day by the saloon passengers of the National Steam Navigation Company's steamship *Scotland*, WM. HALL, late Commander, the undersigned were a Committee to draft resolutions in their behalf expressive of their sentiments upon the late disastrous collision.

First—We all return our devout thanks to the Giver of all Good for preserving us from sudden death.

Second—To Capt. WM. HALL, for during the most trying and dangerous circumstances, we found in him those elements which make a hero—cool, calm and collected—and although his ship the moment after she was run into, commenced filling, every human effort was promptly made to save the lives of those most lamentably lost, and all necessary attention paid to the comfort of those saved from the wreck of the American ship *Kate Dyer*, and alone to the skill and judgment of Capt. HALL we owe our preservation from a long and perilous journey, on a freezing night, in open boats.

Third—We hereby tender to all the officers and crew of the *Scotland* our united voice of thanks and praise for their prompt and able efforts in executing the commands of their superior, without noise, confusion or trouble, showing to the world that true seamen have not degenerated.

Fourth—We beg to assure Capt. HALL that should we again have occasion to cross the Atlantic we should, with the greatest confidence, place ourselves under his care, as his genial nature and kind attention elicited our warmest thanks. Neither can we omit to express our appreciation of the kindness we experienced at the hands of the Company's Agent—F. W. I. HURST, Esq.

Fifth—And although as we believe, complimentary notices are more honored "in the breach than in the observance," still we cannot, in justice to ourselves or others, permit an occasion so lamentable and so severe to pass without giving a public expression to our sentiments.

We have, therefore, resolved to present a copy of these resolutions to Capt. HALL, and have the same published in the leading journals of New-York and Liverpool.

Signed on behalf of the cabin passengers,

HENRY MEYERS,
GEO. CHAMBERS, } Committee.
HENRY JACKSON,

[Advertisement.]

KNOX'S NEW STYLE.—The latest specimen of KNOX'S remarkably inventive faculty is exhibited in the style of gentleman's Hat for the Fall and Winter, which cannot fail to attract especial attention by its neatness, its peculiar adaptation to every style of face, and the beauty of the material. Call at 212 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

HEALTH, COMFORT AND CONVENIENCE.—Mme. DEMOREST'S UNEQUALED STOCKING SUSPENDERS.—Durable, instantly adjusted, requiring no buttons or sewing, and universally approved. Children's, 30c.; Ladies', 50c.; mailed free. No. 473 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and HERRING'S new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

Members of Congress and others who use KENT'S East India Coffee, are noted for clear heads and correct views. The Coffee is sold by all grocers at 25 cents. Depot No. 154 Reade-st.

[Advertisement.]

10,000 persons cured of Chronic Rheumatism by Dr. TOBIAS' celebrated Venetian Liniment. Sold by all the druggists.

[Advertisement.]

Do you want a Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machine for yourself or friend? See Ellis, at Masonic Fair.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FOR EUROPE.			
City of Baltimore	Dec. 8	New-York	Liverpool.
The Queen	Dec. 8	New-York	Liverpool.
Cella	Dec. 8	New-York	London.
Iowa	Dec. 8	New-York	Glasgow.
Germania	Dec. 8	New-York	Hamburg.
FOR AMERICA.			
City of Manchester	Nov. 24	Liverpool	New-York.
Wm. Penn	Nov. 24	London	New-York.
Hecla	Nov. 27	Liverpool	New-York.
Bavaria	Nov. 27	Southampton	New-York.
City of Paris	Nov. 28	Liverpool	New-York.
Virginia	Nov. 28	Liverpool	New-York.
Moravian	Nov. 29	Liverpool	Portland.
Cuba	Dec. 1	Liverpool	New-York.
Deutschland	Dec. 5	Southampton	New-York.
Eagle	Dec. 8	Havana	New-York.
Columbia	Dec. 15	Havana	New-York.
FOR NEW-ORLEANS, HAVANA, &C.			
Geo. Cromwell	Dec. 8	New-Orleans.	
Mississippi	Dec. 8	N. Orleans via Havana.	
Huntsville	Dec. 8	New-Orleans.	
Manhattan	Dec. 10	Havana and Vera Cruz.	
Henry Chauncey	Dec. 11	California.	

Passengers Arrived.

DEC. 7—*In steamship Europe, from Havre and Brest*—Mrs. Burt, Miss Adjer, G. H. Tames, Mr. Fleming, Mr. Ford, Miss Ford and servant, T. Goldschmidt, L. Goldschmidt, Mrs. Eimer, two Misses Eimer, Hon. W. Sprague, Mrs. Sprague, child and 2 servants, Mr. Rolando, Mr. Bellanger, Mr. Jones, Mr. Seguin, Mrs. Seguin, Mr. Strussory, Mr. Frechie, Mr. Soutter, Mrs. Soutter, two Misses Soutter, A. Bader, Mr. Scherer, Mr. Dusour, Mr. Kiler, Mr. Mataro, Mrs. Callcott, A. H. Read, Miss Claveland, T. B. Castleman, T. B. Stinson, Mr. Marquet, T. Max, Albert de Agutro, Mr. Darembert, E. Frebourg, F. Pelissier, G. Dogas, N. Dore, F. Erquinia, R. Crespo, M. Prado, C. Hiervo, G. Benoist, Mrs. Benoist, B. Lacroix, Mr. Mazur, Mrs. Mazur, L. Hirsch, B. Giroux, G. Mare, A. Walz, Miss O. Busoni, Mr. Willmer, T. Davis, R. Waller, Mr. Rebaudy, Mr. Frianley r, Mr. Prostdam, O. Prostdam, C. Poullet, Mr. Rumbolli, T. Fichet, J. Fichet, Mr. Meyer Max, T. Tartoux, Geo. Wust, Mr. Wust, T. Anglus, J. Guillet, P. Roday, T. Griner, A. Bonhomme and Pauline Bonhomme, Miss Pozzoli, T. Chandon, E. Chandon, G. Gunther, E. Vider, A. Gainier, E. Gearmon, E. Braun, C. Braun, E. Bernheim, T. Grisel, T. Synodie, H. Courtenay.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 7 12 | Sun sets....... 4 32 | Moon sets.... 6 12

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook.. 8 50 | Gov. Island. 9 19 | Hell Gate...10 41

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....FRIDAY, Dec. 7.

Cleared.

Steamships Ellen S. Terry, Bearse, Newbern, C. Goodspeed; Emily B. Souder, Lockwood, Charleston, Livingston, Fox & Co.; Eutaw, Coffin, Wilmington, N. C., C. H. Pierson; The Queen, (Br.,) Grogan, Liverpool, National Steam Nav. Co.; Germania, (Hamb.,) Ehlers, Hamburg, Kunhardt & Co.; America, (Brem.,) Meyer, Bremen, Oelrichs & Co.

Ships Kit Carson, Pennell, Antwerp, W. F. Schmidt, Son & Co.; Wisconsin, (Br.,) Arcus, Liverpool, Williams & Guion; New-World, Ottiwell, Liverpool, Grinnell, Minturn & Co.; A. Bonninger, (Pruss.,) Stenken, Baltimore, C. Luling & Co.

Brigs L. L. Wadsworth, Bailey, Aspinwall, Merchant & Carman; Odelisk, (Br.,) Grass, Monckton, N. B., W. & A. Nelson; Thomas Owens, Pettingall, Nuevitas, Thompson & Hunter.

Schooners S. L. Thompson, Smith, New-Haven, G. K. Rackett; W. Brewster, Goodall, Savannah, Van Brunt & Slaght; E. G. Sawyer, Keen, Elizabethport, Simpson & Clapp; S. P. Godwin, Waterbury, Stamford; Henry Castoff, Knowles, Bristol, G. N. Stranahan; Abby Brackett, Alexander, Jacksonville, W. Ray; Lottie, Wilcox, Boston, S. W. Lewis & Co.; Dorado, Eldridge, Antigua, G. Wessels; J. A. Woodhouse, (Br.,) Eddy, Pernambuco and Bahia, Witham & Ogilvie; George Henry, Murray, Baltimore, M. Bedell; Michigan, Terry, Jacksonville, Thayer & Sargent; John Ferris, St. John, Wilmington, Thomas & Holmes; Willie Dill, Farrer, Washington, N. C., Thomas & Holmes; Princess Alexandra, (Br.,) Bovey, Falmouth, Jam., G. F. Bulley.

Yacht Fleetwing, Thomas, Cowes, G. A. Osgood.

Sloop Harvest, Corwin, Bristol, G. N. Stranahan.

Arrived.

Steamship Europe, (Fr.,) Lemaire, Havre Nov. 22, and Brest 24th, with mdse. and 94 passengers to Geo. Mackenzie. Has had head winds and sea during most of the passage. No date, lat. 47, lon. 39 47, saw an English "three masts" Pericles, going E.

Steamship Gen. Grant, Holmes, New-Orleans, with mdse and passengers to H. B. Cromwell & Co.

Steamer Glaucus, Godfrey, Boston, with mdse. and passengers to Isaac Odell.

Ship St. Mark, Wood, Liverpool Nov. 1, with mdse. and 48 passengers to Union Navigation Co. Had strong westerly gales in the channel and up to lon. 17, and southerly winds to the Banks; from thence to calms and light winds. Nov. 29, lat. 41 14, lon. 63 52, signalized a bark-rigged steamer, supposed a gunboat, showing English white ensign, strg. southerly.

Brig Tito, (Ital.,) Jaccuring, Palermo 56 ds., with fruit, &c. The T. is bound to Boston, but having been off Cape Cod twice and blown off, put into this port for orders, leaky and with loss of sails, &c.

Brig Katie, (Dan.,) Robinson, St. Croix 17 ds., with sugar and molasses to P Hanford.

Brig Bertha Reinstorff, (Brasil.,) Samento, Para 32 ds., with rubber and nuts to C. Luddmann & Co.

Brig Rush, Petty, Savannah 7 ds., with lumber to master.

Schr. F. B. Simpson, Hazelton, Plymouth, N. C., with shingles and staves to T. G. Bento.

Schr. Almon Bacon, Hart, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. R. P. King, Smith, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. M. Vassar, Jr., Christie, Elizabethport, for Wareham.

Schr. R. H. Huntley, Wilson, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. Ben. Strong, Brown, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. A. Scranton, Gladwin, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Chief, Champlin, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. Angler, Besse, Elizabethport, for Wareham.

Sloop Fred. Brown, Jackson, Providence, with mdse.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Dec. 7—Arr. steamers George Appold, from Baltimore, and Neptune, from New-York; ship Highland Light, from Liverpool; brig Orozimbo, from Elizabethport.

FORTRESS MONROE, Dec. 5—Arr. at Norfolk yesterday, schrs. A. W. Thompson, Rives, Washing on, D. C.; A. R. Wetmore, Lippincott, New-York; Lockwood, Sharott, do.; R. C. A. Ward, Edwards, do.; Samuel H. Francis, Applegarth, Georgetown, D. C.; bark Chanticleer, Fisher, New-York; schrs. Lawrence, Baltimore; Julius Webb, New-York; Absona, Washington, D. C.

Steamer Cabrero arrived here to-day from Norfolk, where she has been repairing the damages sustained in a late storm which she encountered off Hatteras. She is bound to St. Jago de Cuba, and sails to-morrow.

Foreign Ports.

Am. vessels in port of Havre, Nov. 22, ship Bavaria, Smith, for New-York, to sail Dec. 1; Jacob A. Stamier, Lamson, for do. Dec. 15; Marcia C. Day and Wetterhorn, Stinson, wtg.

At Arecibo, P. R., Nov. 21, schrs. C. A. Farnsworth, Sawyer, and Mary Kelly, Mitchell, for New-York, ldg.

MARRIED.

ARMSTRONG—NEILSON.—On Thursday evening, Dec. 6, by Rev. John Cotton Smith, D. D., D. MAITLAND ARMSTRONG to HELENA, daughter of the late John Neilson, Jr., of this City.

ANDERSON—LANE.—On Tuesday, Dec. 4, at the residence of the bride's mother, by Rev. H. Smith, EUGENE H. ANDERSON, of New-York City, to Miss BELLE LANE, of Philadelphia.

ATWOOD—TILLINGHAST.—At Albany, on Tuesday, Dec. 4, by Rev. Dr. [illegible] D., of New-York, to ANNA P., daughter of Wm. Tillinghast, Esq., of Albany.

BUTLER—FULLER.—On Wednesday, Dec. 5, at the Church of the Holy Communion, by Right Rev. Horatio Potter, D. D., Rev. EDWIN E. BUTLER to ANNA H., daughter of Dudley B. Fuller.

COSTER—COLES.—On Thursday, Dec. 6, by Rev. Dr. Morgan, HENRY A. COSTER to MARY LEE, daughter of the late Isaac U. Coles, Esq.

CARPENTER—GEDNEY.—At Rye, N. Y., on Thursday, Dec. 6, by Rev. Charles W. Baird, GEORGE W. CARPENTER to MARIETTA R., daughter of David Gedney, Esq., all of Rye.

GOODDAY—JOHNSON.—In this City, on Thursday, Dec. 6, at the residence of Frederick Clinch, Esq., Mr. WILLIAM H. GOODDAY, Jr., to Miss MARY D. JOHNSON, both of Brooklyn.

DIED.

BANNISTER.—In Yorkville, on Friday, Dec. 7, Mrs. ANN BANNISTER, in the 85th year of her age.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend her funeral from the residence of her son, James Bannister, 84th-st., near 1st-av., on Monday, Dec. 10, at 12 o'clock.

BROWNLEE.—On Friday morning, Dec. 7, suddenly, KATE B. BROWNLEE, youngest daughter of the late Rev. Dr. Brownlee.

Notice of the funeral to-morrow.

BETTS.—On Friday, Dec. 7, REBECCA, widow of Walter Betts aged 77 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral at St. Andrew's Church, Richmond, S. I., on Sunday at 2 o'clock P. M. Carriages will be at Vanderbilt Landing on the arrival of the 12 o'clock boat from New-York.

BALDWIN.—At Passaic, on Thursday, Dec. 6, after a short illness, MARY ELIZABETH, wife of O. Dunham Baldwin.

Relatives and friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral at the Reformed Dutch Church in Passaic this day, (Saturday,) Dec. 8, at 10½ A. M., without further notice. Train boat leaves Chambers-st. at 9 A. M.

CONKLIN.—On Wednesday evening, Dec. 5, SARAH, widow of Lemuel Conklin, aged 76 years.

The friends of the family, also of her sons, William L. and Lemuel, and sons-in-law, H. L. Ritch and Edwin J. Whaling, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the Methodist Episcopal Church in Allen-st., this (Saturday) afternoon at 1 o'clock, without further notice.

DARIE.—At Anna, Ill., on Thursday, Nov. 29, CORNELIA EDMONDS, wife of Daniel S. Darie, and daughter of the late William B. Flagler, aged 35 years.

DINGEE.—On Friday, Dec. 7, ROBERT M., son of P. M. and Elizabeth Dingee, aged 2 years and 4 months.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his father, Clinton-av., near Gates, Brooklyn, on Sunday afternoon at 3½ o'clock. The remains will be taken to Bedford on Monday, Dec. 9.

FISHER.—At Norfolk, Va., suddenly, CLARA W. FISHER, of Bergen Point, N. J.

Funeral at the residence of her brother-in-law, W. A. Brewer, Jr., Duncan-av., South Bergen, on Monday, the 10th inst., at 1 P. M.

HUMPHREYS.—On Friday, Dec. 7, at his residence, No. 18 West 10th-st., MAY HUMPHREYS, late of Philadelphia, in the 75th year of his age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral on Monday morning next at 10½ o'clock, from the Church of the Ascension, corner of 5th-av. and West 10th-st.

HUNTINGTON.—On Thursday evening, Dec. 6, at his residence, in the 42d year of his age, JOHN F. HUNTINGTON, son of the late Felix W. Huntington, Esq., and brother of Rev. R. S. Huntington.

The friends of the family and those of his father-in-law, Lawrence Ackerman, Esq., are respectfully invited to attend his funeral from St. Ann's Church, Brooklyn, on Sunday next at 2 P. M.

HOWELL.—On Thursday, Dec. 6, Mrs. JANE S. HOWELL, widow of Thomas Howell, in the 70th year of her age.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend her funeral from St. Luke's Church, Hudson-st., opposite Grove, on Saturday at 12 o'clock. Her remains will be taken from her late residence, No. 121 Barrow-st., to the Church, and from thence to Greenwood Cemetery for interment.

HISCOX.—On Wednesday, Dec. 5, at 11 A. M., from congestion of the lungs, caused by inhaling coal gas from a defective heater, EMMA, aged 5¾ years, daughter of William H. and Emma Hiscox.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral without further notice, from the residence of her parents, No. 622 Pacific-st., Brooklyn, on Saturday, the 8th inst., at 2 P. M.

JESSUP.—On Friday, Dec. 7, after a short illness, WILLIAM JESSUP, in the 79th year of his age.

His funeral will be attended from the residence of his son-in-law, George H. Keen, No. 440 Broad-st., Newark, N. J., on Monday, the 10th inst., at 11 o'clock. The friends of the family are invited to attend without further notice.

KELLY.—At his late residence, No. 161 East 48th-st., after a long and painful illness, which he bore with Christian fortitude and resignation, MANUS KELLY, aged 47 years, 5 months and 2 days.

The friends and relatives of the family, as well as those of his brothers-in-law, Barney Williams and George Bevins, are invited to attend the funeral on Sunday at 12½ o'clock, at St. Stephen's Church, 28th-st., where a solemn Requiem Mass will be sung.

MORRISON.—On Thursday, Dec. 6, DAVID MORRISON, Jr., in the 24th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his father, No. 65 7th-av., on Saturday afternoon at 1½ o'clock.

MCVICKAR.—On Thursday, Dec. 6, EDWARD MCVICKAR, in the 72d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are requested to attend his funeral at 3 P. M. on Saturday, at the Church of the Holy Communion, corner of 6th-av. and 20th-st., without further invitation. The remains will be taken to Turin, N. Y., for interment.

ORMSBEE.—On Friday afternoon, Dec. 7, SOPHIA PERIN, wife of John H. Ormsbee, and daughter of the late Samuel Metcalf, of Providence, R. I.

Funeral services at St. Bartholomew's Church, corner of Lafayette-place and Great Jones-st., on Monday afternoon, Dec. 10, at 1½ o'clock. The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend.

ROBINSON.—On Thursday morning, Dec. 6, of consumption, JAMES P. ROBINSON, in the 45th year of his age.

His friends and those of his family are invited to attend his funeral from his late residence, No. 330 Adelphi-st., Brooklyn, on Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock, without further notice.

SCUDDER.—On Friday morning, Dec. 7, ELIZA B., daughter of the late Ephraim Scudder.

Friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral from her late residence, No. 38 Perry-st., on Monday, the 10th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M.

VAIL.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Dec. 5, MARY, wife of William M. Vail, and daughter of the late Isaac Odell.

The funeral will take place on Saturday at 1 o'clock, from Grace Church, Brooklyn Heights. The friends of the family are requested to attend without further invitation.

THE FASHIONS.

SHORT DRESSES.

THE NEW INVISIBLE
DUPLEX ELLIPTIC
EMPRESS TRAIL SKIRTS,

MADE EXPRESSLY FOR THE
PRESENT FASHION OF LADIES' DRESSES.
IN SIZES 2 1-2 AND 2 3-4 YARDS IN CIRCUMFERENCE.
AT WHOLESALE by the Exclusive Manufacturers and Sole Owners of PATENT,
WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY,
Nos. 97 CHAMBERS and 79 and 81 READE STS.,
NEW-YORK.
AT RETAIL BY
LORD & TAYLOR, Cor. Grand-st. and Broadway,
ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO., Cor. Canal and Mercer sts,
STRANG & ADRIANCE, No. 355 Broadway,
AND OTHERS.

McKINLEY'S POWDER
CURES
COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, SORE THROAT,
CATARRH, BRONCHITIS, DIPHTHERIA,
CROUP.
For sale by druggists.
Send for circulars.
Depot, No. 694 Broadway.
DEMAS BARNES & CO.,
Wholesale Agents.

MEEKS'
RICH AND PLAIN
FURNITURE

☞IN ADDITION TO OUR VERY LARGE STOCK OF RICH AND PLAIN FURNITURE A BEAUTIFUL VARIETY OF IMPORTED FANCY ARTICLES, ELEGANT IN STYLE AND PERFECT IN MANUFACTURE, ARE NOW OFFERED FOR THE HOLIDAYS, AT

POPULAR PRICES!

NO. 686 BROADWAY,
Below 4th-st.

✕ SAVONINE. ✕

NOTICE whenever an article of actual value, and acknowledged as such by the public, becomes "a household necessity," it is a notorious fact that numberless counterfeits immediately appear, and claims are made of "priority of invention." An action on this head has already commenced in the Supreme Court of New-York. Now, therefore, take notice that any one counterfeiting, or in any manner making use of the trade-mark hereunder, and duly registered, will be prosecuted, and without further notice, by the
GLAMORGAN SOAP CO.,
No. 45 Broadway, New-York.

SAVONINE

✕ ✕

GO TO MACFARLAND'S BOOKSTORE, corner 23d-st. and Broadway. There you will find all the new books of the day, and all the old standard works, and also choice English, French and Scotch stationery.

GO TO THOMAS R. AGNEW, GREENwich and Murray sts., where you will find teas, coffees, fish, flour, and everything else cheaper than any [illegible]

VERY ELEGANT STYLES
FOR
THE HOLIDAYS.
THE
MASON & HAMLIN
CABINET ORGANS.

MASON & HAMLIN respectfully invite the attention of admirers of elegant Furniture, to some very beautiful styles of their CABINET ORGANS, recently finished, and now for sale at their warerooms, No. 596 Broadway, New-York. In elegance of design and workmanship, it is believed they will compare favorably with any furniture made in the country.

The following may be particularly mentioned:

STYLE NO. 41.—EIGHT-STOP CABINET ORGAN. French marqueterie, mosaic, or inlaid panels of different woods, walnut root, ebony, tulip, &c., with rich carvings in wood, gold mountings, &c. A superb instrument......Price $1,000.
STYLE NO. 34.—EIGHT-STOP CABINET ORGAN. In jet or imitation ebony, with gold engraving and mouldings, varied panels, in fancy veneers. Very rich......Price $750.
STYLE NO. 40.—EIGHT-STOP CABINET ORGAN In solid black-walnut, wax finish, ebony mouldings, with raised panels and ornaments of fancy woods...Price $600.
STYLE NO. 38.—EIGHT-STOP CABINET ORGAN. In jet, or imitation ebony, with gilt engraving..Price $550.
STYLE NO. 33.—EIGHT-STOP CABINET ORGAN. In richly carved black-walnut, veneered panels and ebony mouldings. Chaste and elegant......Price $550.
STYLE NO. 11.—EIGHT-STOP CABINET ORGAN. In elegant rosewood case......Price $500.
STYLE NO. 24.—EIGHT-STOP CABINET ORGAN. In solid black-walnut, carved and paneled....Price $500.
STYLE NO. 31.—PEDAL BASS CABINET ORGAN. Black-walnut, very richly carved, with ebony mouldings and veneered panels—a superb instrument..Price $1,000.
STYLE NO. 35.—SIX-STOP CABINET ORGAN. Jet, or imitation ebony, engraved and gilt......Price $400.
STYLE NO. 13.—SIX-STOP CABINET ORGAN. In elegant rosewood case......Price $360.
STYLE NO. 36.—DOUBLE REED CABINET ORGAN. In solid black-walnut, with panels of walnut root, ebony mouldings and rich carvings......Price $250.
STYLE NO. 26.—DOUBLE REED CABINET ORGAN. Jet, or imitation ebony, with carved and gilt ornamentation......Price $225.
STYLE NO. 37.—DOUBLE REED CABINET ORGAN. Jet, or imitation ebony, with inlaid panels of fancy wood, and gilt engraving......Price $250.
STYLE NO. 23.—DOUBLE REED CABINET ORGAN. In carved and paneled black-walnut...Price $200.
STYLE NO. 39.—DOUBLE REED CABINET ORGAN. In solid black-walnut, with pipe organ top, and gilt pipes......Price $300.
STYLE NO. 32.—EIGHT-STOP CABINET ORGAN. In solid black-walnut, with pipe organ top and gilt pipes......Price $550.
STYLE NO. 29.—PEDAL BASS CABINET ORGAN. In solid walnut, with pipe organ top and gilt pipes......Price 750.
STYLE NO. 30.—PEDAL BASS CABINET ORGAN. In richly carved black-walnut, with pipe organ top and extra gilt pipes......Price $1,000.

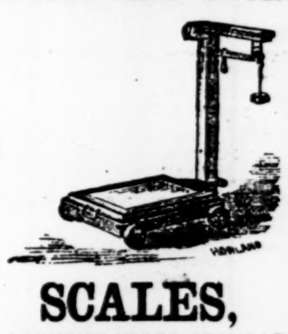
The styles with pipe organ tops, recently introduced, are very popular.

The reputation of our instruments as to excellence in musical capacity is so well established as to need little comment. Constantly exhibiting them at the principal industrial fairs of the country, we have FIFTY-SIX TIMES been awarded the HIGHEST PREMIUM for the best instruments, failing to get the highest premium in but three or four cases, and then not for inferiority.

The Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs are also made with plainer cases in various styles, at from $110 to $600 each.

Circulars, with full particulars and recommendations from most of the eminent musicians of the country, sent free to any address.

FAIRBANKS'
PLATFORM AND COUNTER



SCALES,
THE ACKNOWLEDGED STANDARD.
Illustrated and Descriptive Pamphlets furnished upon application, by mail or otherwise, to
FAIRBANKS & CO.,
NO. 252 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.
N. B.—A uniform standard of weights and a correct system of weighing are subjects claiming the attention of every individual in the community.

LOCAL HUMOROUS HITS,
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

SKETCHES OF METROPOLITAN LIFE,
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

CRIMINAL COURT NEWS,
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

LIVE AND FRESH READING IN
THE SUNDAY NEWS.

THE LIVE NEWSPAPER,
THE SUNDAY NEWS.

Every Sunday Read the SUNDAY NEWS.

BUY THE SUNDAY NEWS
EVERY SUNDAY MORNING.

READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

LATEST CITY INTELLIGENCE,
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

FOR ENTERTAINING STORIES,
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

LOCAL HUMOROUS HITS.
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

POLICE AND FIRE MATTERS.
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

LIVE AND FRESH READING IN
THE SUNDAY NEWS.

SPEECHES AND LECTURES.
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE GLOBE.
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

LABOR MOVEMENTS.
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

FOR SPORTING MATTERS,
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

THEATRICAL INTELLIGENCE.
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

LOOK OUT FOR THE SUNDAY NEWS.

FOR ART AND LITERARY GOSSIP,
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

FOR ENTERTAINING STORIES,
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY NEWSPAPER,
THE SUNDAY NEWS.

COURT PROCEEDINGS,
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

FOR SALE BY ALL NEWSDEALERS,
THE SUNDAY NEWS.

A LITERARY AND NEWS JOURNAL,
THE SUNDAY NEWS.

FOR ORIGINAL STORIES,
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

FOR A COMPLETE RECORD OF NEWS,
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

FOR THEATRICAL ITEMS,
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

POLITICAL MOVEMENTS,
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

SPEECHES AND LECTURES,
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

SUNDAY NEWS, PRICE FIVE CENTS.

THE BEST SUNDAY NEWSPAPER,
THE SUNDAY NEWS.

DRESSES AND ORNAMENTS AT BALLS,
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

SUNDAY NEWS, PRICE FIVE CENTS.

FOR SPORTING MATTERS
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

SUNDAY NEWS, PRICE FIVE CENTS.

LABOR MOVEMENTS,
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

POLICE AND FIRE MATTERS,
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS

FENIAN INTELLIGENCE.
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

SUNDAY NEWS, PRICE FIVE CENTS.

BUY IT AND READ IT,
THE SUNDAY NEWS.

SUNDAY NEWS, PRICE FIVE CENTS.

EVERYTHING IN THE SUNDAY NEWS.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

SUNDAY NEWS, PRICE FIVE CENTS.

LATEST CITY INTELLIGENCE,
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

POLITICAL MOVEMENTS,
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

DRESSES AND ORNAMENTS AT BALLS,
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

LATEST TELEGRAPH NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE GLOBE,
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

SUNDAY NEWS, PRICE FIVE CENTS.

SUNDAY NEWS, PRICE FIVE CENTS.

SUNDAY NEWS, PRICE FIVE CENTS.

SUNDAY NEWS, PRICE FIVE CENTS.

Every Sunday Read the SUNDAY NEWS.

LOOK OUT FOR A SURPRISE.
READ THE SUNDAY NEWS.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.

CLOSING OUT SALE.—THE BALANCE OF statuary, Carrara marble, figures, pedestals, vases, tables, bronzes, clocks, rich fancy goods and works of art will be sold on SATURDAY, Dec. 8, at 10 o'clock A. M., at Goldsmith's Large Music Hall, No. 267 Fulton-st., opposite City Hall, Brooklyn. The sale will be continued in the EVENING, at 7 o'clock.

CROSBY OPERA HOUSE ART ASSOCIATION.
THE DATE DETERMINED.
JANUARY 21, 1867,
IS THE DAY
UPON WHICH THE
FORMAL AWARD
WILL POSITIVELY TAKE PLACE,
AND
THE FIRST PREMIUM,
THE CROSBY OPERA HOUSE,
WORTH $600,000,
WILL PASS INTO THE POSSESSION OF
A NEW OWNER.
CERTIFICATES - - - - $5
THE SUBSCRIPTION BOOKS WILL BE CLOSED
WHEN THE SALE OF CERTIFICATES
SHALL HAVE BEEN COMPLETED,
WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE!!!!

A CHRISTMAS PRESENT FOR YOUR PARENT!
ONE CERTIFICATE,
WITH "THE APPLE GATHERERS,"
AND THE CHANCE OF A PREMIUM WORTH
$600,000.

A CHRISTMAS PRESENT FOR YOUR SISTER!
ONE CERTIFICATE,
WITH "THE LITTLE WANDERER,"
AND THE CHANCE OF PREMIUMS WORTH
FROM $500 TO $600,000!!!

A CHRISTMAS PRESENT FOR YOUR BROTHER!
ONE CERTIFICATE,
WITH THE NEW ENGRAVING, "WESTWARD HO!"
AND THE CHANCE OF POSSESSING THE CROSBY OPERA HOUSE!!!

A CHRISTMAS PRESENT FOR YOUR WIFE!
TWO CERTIFICATES,
WITH "IRVING AND HIS LITERARY FRIENDS,"
AND TWO CHANCES OF PREMIUMS
WORTH FROM $500 TO $650,000!!!

A CHRISTMAS PRESENT FOR YOUR DAUGHTER!
THREE CERTIFICATES,
WITH HUNTINGTON'S "MERCY'S DREAM,"
AND THREE CHANCES OF BECOMING WORTH
MORE THAN HALF A MILLION!!!

A CHRISTMAS PRESENT FOR YOUR SON!
FOUR CERTIFICATES,
WITH THE CHROMOGRAPH, "THE AMERICAN AUTUMN,"
AND FOUR CHANCES OF PREMIUMS WORTH
FROM $500 TO $600,000!!!

A CHRISTMAS PRESENT FOR THE DEAR ONE!
ONE OR TWENTY CERTIFICATES,
WITH ONE OR TWENTY CHANCES OF MAKING HER ALMOST A MILLIONAIRE!!!!
As well as chances of becoming the possessor of
A BIERSTADT, WORTH $20,000!
A CONSTANT MEYER, WORTH $5,000!
A LEUTZE, WORTH $1,000!
A CROPSEY, WORTH $6,000!
A GIGNOUX, WORTH $3,000!
A HART, WORTH $5,000!
A SCHUSSELE, WORTH $5,000!
A BEARD, WORTH $4,000!
VOLK'S BUST OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN,
WORTH $2,000!
OR HUNDREDS OF OTHER PICTURES BY THE LEADING ARTISTS IN AMERICA!!

Remit, if possible, by Draft or Post-office Order.
☞Register all letters containing currency.
Direct to
U. H. CROSBY, Actuary.
PRINCIPAL EASTERN AGENCY,
THE ART INSTITUTE, NO. 625 BROADWAY.
BRANCH AGENCIES,
R. C. ROOT, ANTHONY & CO. No. 21 Nassau-st.
W. K. O'BRIEN & BRO., No. 77 3d-av.
BROOKLYN AGENCY,
J. MORRIS & CO., No. 194 Fulton-st.

"REMOVAL"
CURTAIN GOODS,
FURNITURE COVERINGS,
PIANO AND TABLE COVERS,
(UNTIL JANUARY 1,)
RETAILED AT WHOLESALE PRICES.
B. L. SOLOMON & SONS,
No. 369 BROADWAY.

Nothing ever appeared in the market as a candidate for public favor which so soon met the unqualified and surprising success which has attended the introduction of

LA RUE'S ALABASTER CREAM!

Its use proves all its claims, and it is rapidly becoming

THE FAVORITE TOILET COMPANION!

The reasons for this unparalleled success are that its operation is instantaneous and entirely satisfactory, and that while it gives to every face

THE RADIANT COMPLEXION OF THE YOUNG!

clearing away freckles, sallowness or other unpleasant effect of weather or disease, it

WILL NOT INJURE THE MOST DELICATE SKIN:

and is consequently a remedy for, and beautifier of, the skin combined in one preparation. As

THE MOST BEAUTIFUL AND HARMLESS COSMETIC IN THE WORLD!

it is confidently recommended to the ladies of America. Whether

FOR THE PARLOR, THE BALLROOM, THE OPERA, OR THE PROMENADE,

this article is absolutely unrivaled, and is used with the greatest satisfaction by thousands of the ladies of this community.

SPECIAL NOTA BENE!

Among the excellent qualities of this magnificent cosmetic are these, to which we invite special attention: It instantaneously imparts to the face a beautiful, clear, natural, youthful tint; its presence on the face cannot be detected; it does not lose its lustre by perspiration; it can be removed only by washing: it will not change the color of rouge; it effectually removes tan, pimples, freckles and other blemishes created by ill-health or exposure to weather, and will not give the face the chalky appearance when worn, nor leave the rough, coarse and dingy complexion, when removed, which is characteristic of other preparations. A single trial proves all these statements. Sold by druggists and fancy goods dealers. Price one dollar. FISK, FULLER & FLINT, Proprietors, No. 62 Fulton st., N. Y.

WOOD TURNERY.

Wood turning of every variety, either eccentric, concentric or regular, handles of every variety, skate woods, croquet, &c.
JOHN N. BUNNELL, Unionville, Conn.,
Thirty-three miles from New-Haven via Canal R. R.

TO OWNERS OF HORSES.

The best and safest medicine in the world is Tobias' Derby Condition Powders; they give a fine soft coat, increase the appetite, cleanse the urinary organs, allay fever, eradicate worms, &c.; recommended by the celebrated Hiram Woodruff. Only 25 cents. Depot 56 Cortlandt-st.

LOOKING-GLASSES, PICTURE frames, fine oil paintings, engravings, retailing at wholesale prices. HOOPER'S, No. 122 Nassau-st.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.

KENTUCKY—EXTRA CLASS No. 681, Dec. 7, 1866.
34, 16, 12, 55, 22, 5, 4, 7, 20, 74, 44, 54.
KENTUCKY—CLASS No. 682, Dec. 7, 1866.
27, 69, 61, 41, 13, 33, 68, 9, 60, 62, 73, 17.
SHELBY—EXTRA CLASS No. 581, Dec. 7, 1866.
9, 19, 57, 23, 13, 75, 4, 64, 69, 34, 47, 60.
SHELBY—CLASS No. 582, Dec. 7, 1866.
50, 2, 44, 20, 21, 11, 5, 40, 30, 37, 14, 57.
JOSEPH BATES, No. 78 Broadway, New-York.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.

In drawing of Nov. 30, 1866,
No. 8514 drew......$100,000
No. 4305 drew......50,000
No. 27870 drew......25,000
No. 5589 drew......10,000
No. 9861 drew......5,000
No. 14183 drew......5,000
Being the six capital prizes.
Prizes paid in gold; information furnished. Highest rates paid for doubloons and all kinds of gold and silver.
TAYLOR & CO., Bankers,
No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.

CIRCULARS AND INFORMATION FURnished in all legal lotteries. J. CLUTE, Broker, No. 176 Broadway and No. 153 Fulton-st.